

(TLP557)

TRANSISTOR INVERTOR  
 INVERTER FOR AIR CONDITIONOR  
 POWER TRANSISTOR BASE DRIVE

The TOSHIBA TLP557 consists of a GaAlAs light emitting diode and a integrated photodetector.

This unit is 8-lead DIP package.

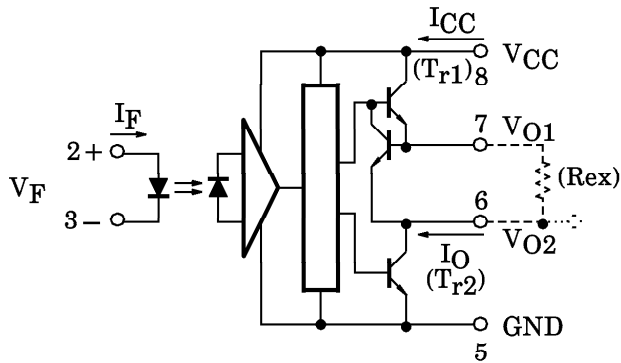
TLP557 is suitable for base driving circuit of power transistor module up to 20A.

External resistor needs to connect between pin 6 and pin 7.

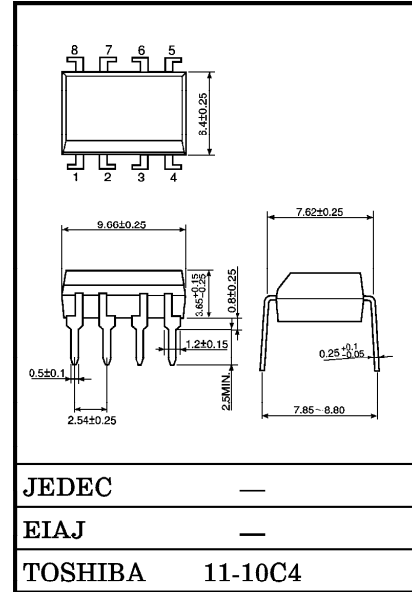
This is for constant current driving.

- Input Threshold Current :  $I_F = 5\text{mA (Max.)}$
- Guaranteed Performance Temperature Range :  $-30\sim 70^\circ\text{C}$
- Supply Voltage :  $16\text{V (Max.)}$
- Output Current :  $\pm 0.3\text{A (Max.)}$
- Switching Time ( $t_{pLH} / t_{pHL}$ ) :  $5\mu\text{s (Max.)}$
- Isolation Voltage :  $2500\text{V}_{\text{rms (Min.)}}$
- UL Recognized : UL1577, File No. E67349

SCHMATIC

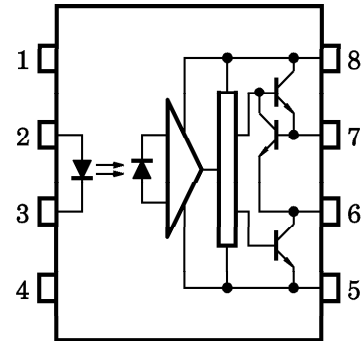


Unit in mm



Weight : 0.54g

PIN CONFIGURATION (TOP VIEW)



- 1 : N.C.
- 2 : ANODE
- 3 : CATHODE
- 4 : N.C.
- 5 : GND
- 6 : V<sub>O2</sub> (OUTPUT)
- 7 : V<sub>O1</sub> (Rex TERMINAL)
- 8 : V<sub>CC</sub>

TRUTH TABLE

		Tr1	Tr2
Input LED	ON	ON	OFF
	OFF	OFF	ON

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**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

CHARACTERISTIC		SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
LED	Forward Current	$I_F$	25	mA
	Peak Transient Forward Current (Note 1)	$I_{FPT}$	1	A
	Reverse Voltage	$V_R$	5	V
	Junction Temperature	$(T_j)$	125	°C
DETECTOR	Output Current ( $f \leq 5\text{kHz}$ , Duty $\leq 50\%$ )	$I_O$	+0.32 / -0.32	A
	Peak Output Current ( $P_W \leq 10\mu\text{s}$ , $f \leq 5\text{kHz}$ )	$I_{OP}$	+2 / -0.5	A
	Output Voltage	$V_O$	16	V
	Supply Voltage	$V_{CC}$	16	V
	O <sub>1</sub> Terminal to O <sub>2</sub> Terminal (Pin 7 - Pin 6) Voltage	$V_{1-2}$	1.5	V
	O <sub>2</sub> Terminal to O <sub>1</sub> Terminal (Pin 6 - Pin 7) Voltage	$V_{2-1}$	5	V
	Power Dissipation (Note 2)	$P_o$	0.5	W
	Junction Temperature	$(T_j)$	125	°C
Total Package Power Dissipation (Note 3)	$P_{OT}$	0.55	W	
Operating Temperature Range	$T_{opr}$	-30~70	°C	
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{stg}$	-55~125	°C	
Lead Solder Temperature (10s)	$T_{sol}$	260	°C	
Isolation Voltage (AC, 1min., R.H. $\leq 60\%$ , $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ) (Note 4)	$BV_S$	2500	V <sub>rms</sub>	

Note 1 : Pulse width  $PW \leq 1\mu\text{s}$ , 300pps

Note 2 :  $\Delta P_o / ^\circ\text{C} = -6.7\text{mW} / ^\circ\text{C}$  ( $T_a \geq 50^\circ\text{C}$ )

Note 3 :  $\Delta P_{OT} / ^\circ\text{C} = -7.4\text{mW} / ^\circ\text{C}$  ( $T_a \geq 50^\circ\text{C}$ )

Note 4 : Device considered a two terminal device : pins 1, 2, 3 and 4 shorted together, and pins 5, 6, 7 and 8 shorted together.

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = -30~70°C, Unless otherwise specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.*	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CIR-CUIT	
Input Forward Voltage	V <sub>F</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> =5mA, Ta=25°C	—	1.55	1.7	V		
Temperature Coefficient of Forward Voltage	ΔV <sub>F</sub> /ΔTa	I <sub>F</sub> =5mA	—	-2.0	—	mV/°C		
Input Reverse Current	I <sub>R</sub>	V <sub>R</sub> =5V, Ta=25°C	—	—	10	μA		
Input Capacitance	C <sub>T</sub>	V=0, f=1MHz, Ta=25°C	—	—	250	pF		
O <sub>1</sub> Output Leakage Current	I <sub>O1L</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> =16V, V <sub>O1</sub> =0, V <sub>F</sub> =0.8V	—	0.01	200	μA	1	
O <sub>2</sub> Output Leakage Current	I <sub>O2L</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> =16V, V <sub>O2</sub> =16V, I <sub>F</sub> =5mA	—	0.2	200	μA	2	
O <sub>1</sub> Output Current	I <sub>O</sub>	V <sub>8-6</sub> =2.3V R <sub>ex</sub> =2.7Ω I <sub>F</sub> =5mA, Ta=25°C	V <sub>CC</sub> =6V	0.22	0.27	0.32	A	3
			V <sub>CC</sub> =16V	0.22	0.27	0.32		
O <sub>2</sub> High Level Output Voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> =6V, R <sub>ex</sub> =2.7Ω I <sub>F</sub> =5mA	3.5	5.5	—	V	4	
O <sub>2</sub> Low Level Output Voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>F</sub> =0.8V, R <sub>ex</sub> =2.7Ω I <sub>O</sub> =0.25A, Ta=25°C	V <sub>CC</sub> =6V	—	0.2	0.4	V	5
			V <sub>CC</sub> =16V	—	0.2	0.4		
		V <sub>F</sub> =0.8V, R <sub>ex</sub> =2.7Ω I <sub>O</sub> =0.5A (*1) Ta=25°C	V <sub>CC</sub> =6V	—	0.4	—	V	
			V <sub>CC</sub> =16V	—	0.4	—		
High Level Supply Current	I <sub>CCH</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> =6V, I <sub>F</sub> =5mA R <sub>ex</sub> =2.7Ω, Ta=25°C	V <sub>CC</sub> =6V, I <sub>F</sub> =5mA, R <sub>ex</sub> =2.7Ω	—	3.8	10	mA	
			V <sub>CC</sub> =6V, I <sub>F</sub> =5mA, R <sub>ex</sub> =2.7Ω	—	—	13		
			V <sub>CC</sub> =16V, I <sub>F</sub> =5mA, R <sub>ex</sub> =2.7Ω	—	5.2	17		
Low Level Supply Current	I <sub>CCL</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> =6V, I <sub>F</sub> =0mA R <sub>ex</sub> =2.7Ω, Ta=25°C	V <sub>CC</sub> =6V, I <sub>F</sub> =0mA, R <sub>ex</sub> =2.7Ω	—	11	17	mA	
			V <sub>CC</sub> =6V, I <sub>F</sub> =0mA, R <sub>ex</sub> =2.7Ω	—	—	22		
			V <sub>CC</sub> =16V, I <sub>F</sub> =0mA, R <sub>ex</sub> =2.7Ω	—	13	25		
“Output L→H” Threshold Input Current	I <sub>FLH</sub>	R <sub>ex</sub> =2.7Ω I <sub>O</sub> =0.25A V <sub>O2</sub> >3V	V <sub>CC</sub> =6V	—	2.5	5	mA	
			V <sub>CC</sub> =16V	—	—	5		
“Output H→L” Threshold Input Current	V <sub>FHL</sub>	R <sub>ex</sub> =2.7Ω I <sub>O</sub> =0.25A V <sub>O2</sub> <0.4V	V <sub>CC</sub> =6V	0.8	—	—	V	
			V <sub>CC</sub> =16V	0.8	—	—		
Input Current Hysteresis	I <sub>HYS</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> =6V, R <sub>ex</sub> =2.7Ω, Ta=25°C	—	0.05	—	mA		
Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>		5	—	16	V		
Capacitance (Input-Output)	C <sub>S</sub>	V <sub>S</sub> =0, f=1MHz, Ta=25°C	—	1.0	2.0	pF		
Resistance (Input-Output)	R <sub>S</sub>	V <sub>S</sub> =500V, Ta=25°C, R.H.≤60%	5×10 <sup>10</sup>	10 <sup>14</sup>	—	Ω		

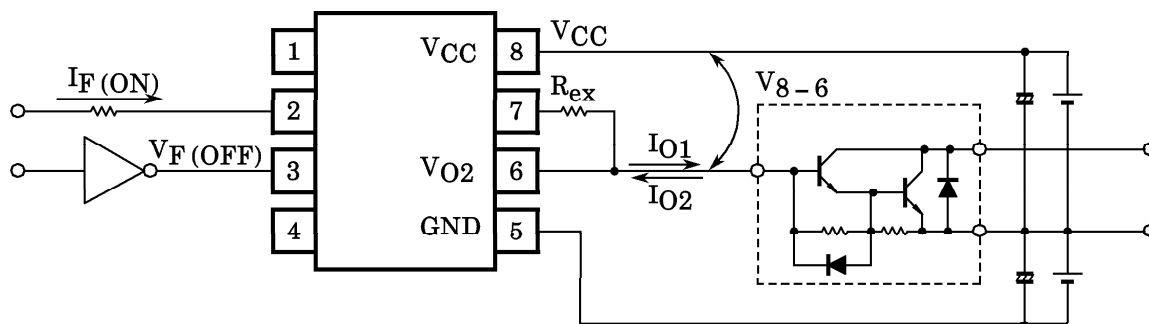
\* All typical values are at Ta=25°C (\*1): Duration of I<sub>O</sub> time ≤ 100μs

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RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITION

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Input Current ON	$I_F$ (ON)	7	8	20	mA
Input Voltage OFF	$V_F$ (OFF)	0	—	0.8	V
Supply Voltage	$V_{CC}$	5	6	13	V
$I_{B1}$ Drive Current	$I_{O1}$	—	0.15	0.25	A
$I_{B2}$ Drive Current	$I_{O2}$	—	—	0.5	A
External Resistance	$R_{ex}$	2.7	4.3	—	$\Omega$
$V_{CC} - V_{O2}$ (Pin 8 - Pin 6) ON Voltage	$V_{8-6}$	2.3	3 ( $I_{O1}=0.15A$ )	2.5 ( $I_{O1}=0.25A$ )	V
Operating Temperature	$T_{opr}$	-30	25	70	$^{\circ}C$

( $R_{ex}$  is for constant current driving)



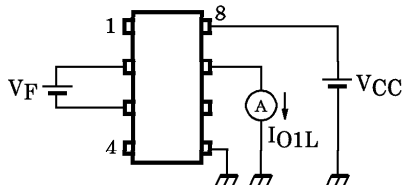
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SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = -30~70°C Unless otherwise specified)

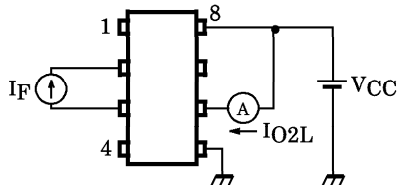
CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.*	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CIR-CUIT
Propagation Delay Time, L→H	tpLH	VCC=6V, IF=8mA Rex=2.7Ω f=5kHz, Duty=10%	—	1	5	μs	6
Propagation Delay Time, H→L	tpHL		—	1	5	μs	
Output Rise Time	tr		—	0.05	—	μs	
Output Fall Time	tf		—	0.05	—	μs	
Common Mode Transient Immunity at High Level Output	CMH	VCM=600V, IF=8mA VCC=6V, Rex=270Ω R=1kΩ, Ta=25°C	-2000	—	—	V/μs	7
Common Mode Transient Immunity at Low Level Output	CML	VCM=600V, IF=0mA VCC=6V, Rex=270Ω R=1kΩ, Ta=25°C	2000	—	—	V/μs	7

\* All typical values are at Ta=25°C.

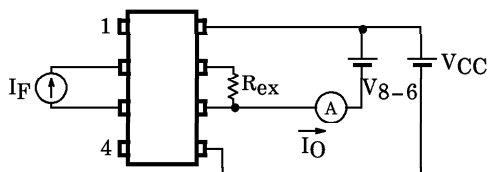
TEST CIRCUIT 1 : IO1L



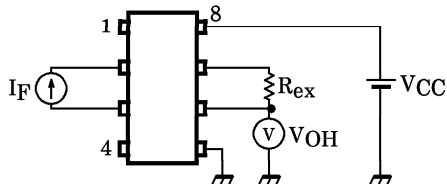
TEST CIRCUIT 2 : IO2L



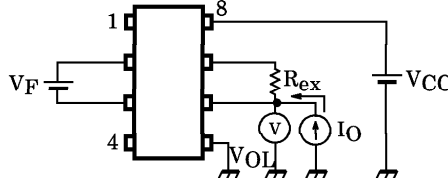
TEST CIRCUIT 3 : IO



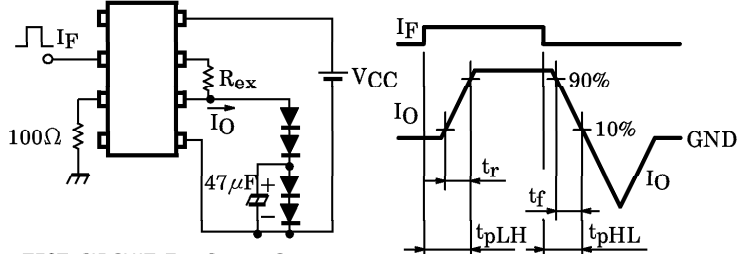
TEST CIRCUIT 4 : VOH



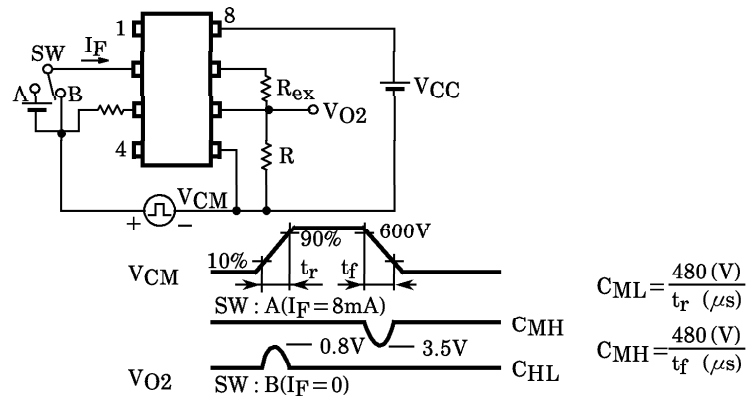
TEST CIRCUIT 5 : VOL



TEST CIRCUIT 6 : tpLH, tpHL, tr, tf



TEST CIRCUIT 7 : CMH, CML



CML (CMH) is the maximum rate of rise (fall) of the common mode voltage that can be sustained with the output voltage in the low (high) state.

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