52149/52174 79HG REPLACEMENT

NEGATIVE ADJUSTABLE 5-AMP VOLTAGE REGULATOR



Features:

- Replacement for 79HG
- 5.0A Output Current
- Internal Current And Thermal Overload Protection
- Internal Short Circuit Current Limit
- Low Drop-Out Voltage (Typically -2.2 V @ 5.0 A)
- 50W Power Dissipation
- Electrically Isolated Case
- Steel TO-3 Case

Applications:

- Designed for use in general purpose applications where adjustability is advantageous.
- Military and Hi Rel Industrial applications where hermeticity is required.

ORDER INFORMATION

52149 Standard

52174 MIL-STD-883 Screened

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

DESCRIPTION

The 52149/52174, which is a replacement for the 79HG, is an adjustable 4-terminal voltage regulator capable of supplying in excess of 5 A over a –24 V to -2.55 V output range. This Hybrid Voltage Regulator has been designed with all the inherent characteristics of the monolithic 4-terminal regulator; i.e., full thermal overload and short circuit protection. It is packaged in a hermetically sealed 4-pin, TO-3 package providing 50W power dissipation. The regulator consists of a monolithic chip driving a discrete series-pass element and short circuit detection transistors.

Pin Temperature (Soldering, 60 seconds) 300°C Commercial Temperature Range 52149 0°C to +125°C Military Temperature Range 52174 -55°C to +125°C

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 T_J = 25°C, V_{IN} = -10V and I_{OUT} = -2.0A unless otherwise specified

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Output Voltage Range		-7.0		-35	V
Nominal Output Voltage Range	V _{IN} = V _{OUT} -5V	2.55		24	V
Output Voltage Tolerance	$40V \le V_{IN} \le -7V$			4	% (V _{OUT)}
Line Regulation	$40V \le V_{IN} \le -7V$		0.4	1.0	% (V _{OUT)}
Load Regulation	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT}$ -10V -10mA $\leq I_{OUT} \leq$ -5.0A		0.7	1.0	% (V _{OUT)}
Control Pin Current				3.0	μΑ
Quiescent Current	V _{IN} = -10V			7.0	mA
Ripple Rejection	$-18V \le V_{IN} \le -8.5V$ $V_{OUT} = -5V, f = 120 Hz$		50		dB
Output Noise Voltage	V_{OUT} = -5V, 10 Hz \leq f \leq 100kHz		200		μV
Dropout Voltage	I _{OUT} = -5A @ -0.95 V _{OUT}		-2.2		V
Short-Circuit Current Limit	V _{IN} = -15V		8	12	А
Control Pin voltage (Reference)	V _{IN} = -10V	-2.65		-2.45	V

DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS

This device has thermal overload protection from excessive power and internal short circuit protection, which limits the circuit's maximum current. Thus, the device is protected from overload abnormalities. Although the internal power dissipation is limited, the junction temperature must be kept below the maximum specified temperature (150°C). It is recommended, by the manufacturer, that the maximum junction temperature be kept as low as possible for increased reliability. To calculate the maximum junction temperature or heat sink required, the following thermal resistance values should be used.

Package	$\theta_{\sf JC}$			
	Typical	Max		
TO-3	1.8	2.5		

Where: T_J = Junction Temperature

T_A = Ambient Temperature

P_D = Power Dissipation θ_{CS} = Case-to-heat sink thermal resistance

 θ_{JC} = Junction-to-case thermal resistance

$$\begin{split} P_{D(MAX)} = & \underline{ T_{J(MAX)} - T_A} \qquad \theta_{CA} = \theta_{CS} + \theta_{SA} \\ & \underline{ \theta_{JC} + \theta_{CA}} \\ Solving for \ T_J = T_A + P_D \left(\theta_{JC} + \theta_{CA} \right) \end{split}$$

 θ_{CA} = Case-to-ambient thermal resistance

 θ_{SA} = Heat sink-to-ambient thermal resistance

The device is designed to operate without external compensation components. However, the amount of external filtering of these voltage regulators depends upon the circuit layout. If in a specific application the regulator is more than four inches from the filter capacitor, a $2\mu F$ solid tantalum capacitor should be used at the input. A 1µF capacitor should be used at the output to reduce transients created by fast switching loads, as seen in the basic test circuit. These filter capacitors must be located as close to the regulator as possible.

Caution: Permanent damage can result from forcing the output voltage higher than the input voltage. A protection diode from output to input should be used if this condition exists.

VOLTAGE OUTPUT

The device has an adjustable output voltage from -2.55 to -24V which can be programmed by the external resistor network (potentiometer or two fixed resistors) using the relationship:

 $V_{OUT} = V_{CONTROL}$ R1 + R2

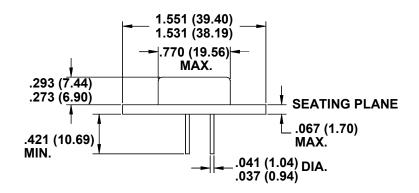
If R1 = 0Ω and R2 = $5k\Omega$. Then Example: $V_{OUT} = -2.55 \text{ V nominal}$

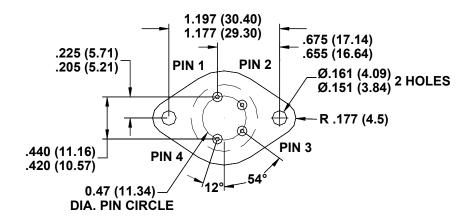
or, if R1 = 12.8 k Ω and R2 = 2.1 k Ω then

 $V_{OUT} = -18V.$

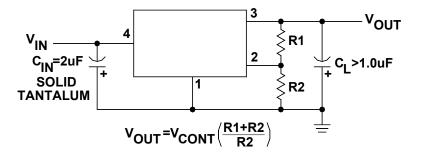
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Mechanical Configuration





Basic Test Circuit Adjustable Output Voltage



Note: All Dimension in notes and Millimeters (parenthesis)

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