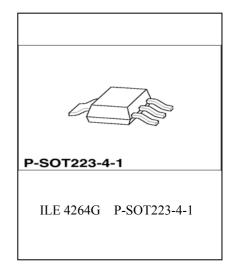
#### 5-V Low-Drop Fixed-Voltage Regulator

**ILE4264G** 

ILE 4264 G is a 5-V low-drop fixed-voltage regulator in an SOT-223 package. The IC regulates an input voltage  $V_{\rm I}$  in the range 5.5 V <  $V_{\rm I}$  < 45 V to  $V_{\rm Qrated}$  = 5.0 V. The maximum output current is more than 120 mA. This IC is shortcircuit-proof and features temperature protection that disables the circuit at overtemperature.



#### Features:

- □ Output voltage tolerance ≤ ± 2 %
- □ Low-drop voltage
- □ Very low current consumption
- □ Overtemperature protection
- □ Short-circuit proof
- □ Suitable for use in automotive electronics
- □ Reverse polarity.

#### **Dimensioning Information on External Components**

The input capacitor  $C_i$  is necessary for compensating line influences. Using a resistor of approx. 1  $\Omega$  in series with  $C_i$ , the oscillating of input inductivity and input capacitance can be clamped. The output capacitor  $C_{\rm Q}$  is necessary for the stability of the regulating circuit. Stability is guaranteed at values  $C_{\rm Q} \ge 10 \, \mu \rm F$  and an ESR  $\le 10 \, \Omega$  within the operating temperature range.

#### **Pin Definitions and Functions**

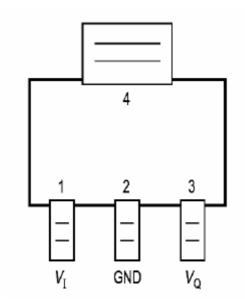
Pin Symbol		Function		
1	И	Input voltage; block to ground directly on IC with ceramic capacitor		
2, 4	GND	Ground		
3	<i>V</i> <sub>Q</sub>	<b>5-V output voltage</b> ; block to ground with ≥ 10-μF $\Omega$ capacitor, ESR < 10 $\Omega$		

#### **Circuit Description**

The control amplifier compares a reference voltage, which is kept highly precise by resistance adjustment, to a voltage that is proportional to the output voltage and drives the base of the series transistor via a buffer. Saturation control, working as a function of load current, prevents any over-saturation of the power element. The IC is additionally protected against overload, overtemperature and reverse polarity.



# Pin Configuration (top view)

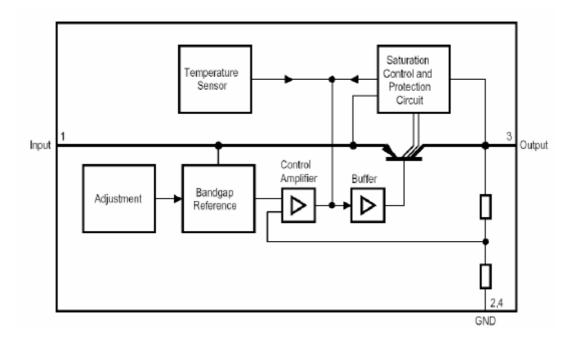


# Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_{\rm j}$ = -40 to 150 °C

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values		Unit	Notes			
raiametei	Syllibol	min.	max	Offic	Notes			
Input								
Input voltage	$V_1$	-42	45	V	_			
Input current	1	_	_	_	limited internally			
Output								
Output voltage	V <sub>Q</sub>	-1	16	V	_			
Output current	I <sub>Q</sub>	_	_	_	limited internally			
Ground								
Current	I <sub>GND</sub>	50	_	mA	_			
Temperatures								
Junction temperature	T <sub>j</sub>	_	150	°C	-			
Storage temperature	$\mathcal{T}_{stg}$	-50	150	°C	_			
Operating Range								
Input voltage	V <sub>i</sub>	5.5	45	V	_			
Junction temperature	T <sub>j</sub>	-40	150	°C	_			
Thermal Resistances								
System-air	R <sub>th SA</sub>	_	100	K/W	soldered in			
System-case	R <sub>th SC</sub>	_	25	K/W	_			



### **Block Diagram**



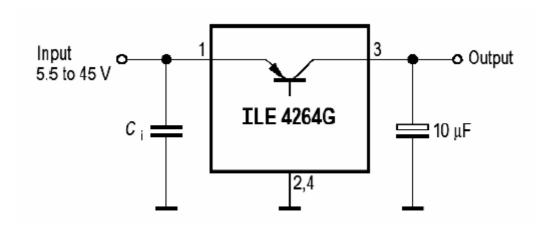
#### **Characteristics**

 $V_{\rm I}$  = 13.5 V; – 40 °C  $\leq$   $T_{\rm J} \leq$  125 °C, unless specified otherwise

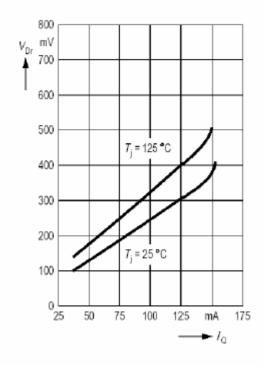
_	Symbol	Limit Values				
Parameter		min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Condition
Output voltage	$V_{Q}$	4.9	5.0	5.1	V	5 mA ≤ I <sub>Q</sub> ≤ 100 mA
						6 V≤ V <sub>I</sub> ≤ 28 V
Output-current limiting	IQ	120	150	_	mA	_
Current consumption $I_{q} = I_{l} - I_{Q}$	I <sub>q</sub>	_	_	400	μА	I <sub>Q</sub> = 1 mA
Current consumption $I_{q} = I_{l} - I_{Q}$	I <sub>q</sub>	_	10	15	mA	I <sub>Q</sub> = 100 mA
Drop voltage	$V_{ m dr}$	_	0.25	0.5	V	$I_{\rm Q}$ = 100 mA <sub>1)</sub>
Load regulation	$\Delta V_{Q}$	_	_	40	mV	I <sub>Q</sub> = 5 to 100 mA
						V <sub>I</sub> = 6 V
Supply-voltage regulation	$\Delta V_{Q}$	_	15	30	mV	$V_{\rm I}$ = 6 to 28 V $I_{\rm Q}$ = 5 mA
Supply voltage suppression	SVR	_	54	_	dB	$f_{\rm r}$ = 100 Hz $V_{\rm r}$ = 0.5 Vpp



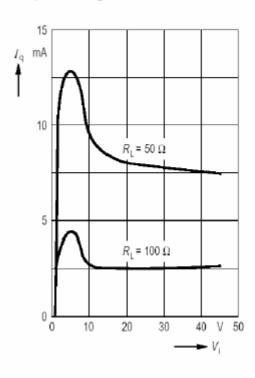
# **Application Circuit**



Drop Voltage  $V_{\mathsf{Dr}}$  versus Output Current  $I_{\mathsf{Q}}$ 

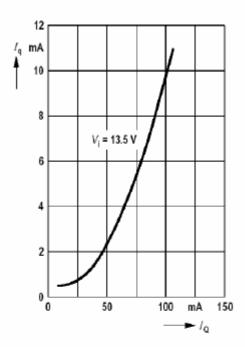


Current Consumption  $I_{
m q}$  versus Input Voltage  $V_{
m i}$ 

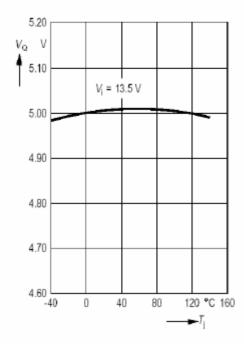




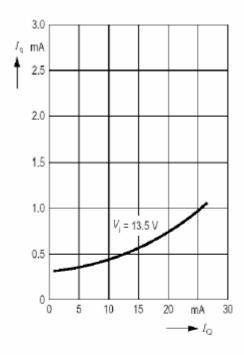
# Current Consumption Iq versus Output Current $I_Q$



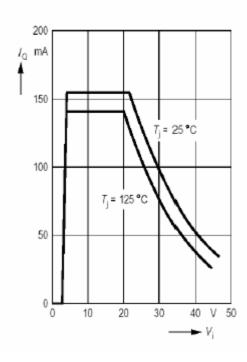
Output Voltage  $V_Q$  versus Temperature  $T_J$ 



Current Consumption Iq versus Output Current  $I_Q$ 



Output Current  $I_Q$  versus Input Voltage Vi



# **Package Dimensions**

### P-SOT 223-4-1

