Freescale Semiconductor

50 kPa Uncompensated Silicon Pressure Sensors

The MPX53 series silicon piezoresistive pressure sensors provide a very accurate and linear voltage output, directly proportional to the applied pressure. These standard, low cost, uncompensated sensors permit manufacturers to design and add their own external temperature compensating and signal conditioning networks. Compensation techniques are simplified because of the predictability of Freescale's single element strain gauge design.

Features

- Low Cost
- Patented Silicon Shear Stress Strain Gauge Design
- Ratiometric to Supply Voltage
- Easy to Use Chip Carrier Package Options
- 60 mV Span (Typical)
- Differential and Gauge Options

MPX53 Series

**0 to 50 kPa (0 to 7.25 psi)
60 mV Full Scale Span
(Typical)**

Application Examples

- Air Movement Control
- Environmental Control Systems
- Level Indicators
- Leak Detection
- Medical Instrumentation
- Industrial Controls
- Pneumatic Control Systems
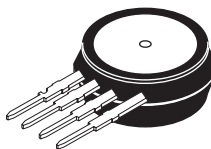- Robotics

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device Name	Package Options	Case No.	# of Ports			Pressure Type		
			None	Single	Dual	Gauge	Differential	Absolute
MPX53D	Tape & Reel	344	•				•	
MPX53DP	Rail	344C			•		•	
MPX53GP	Rail	344B		•		•		
MPXV53GC7U	Rail	482C		•		•		

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE
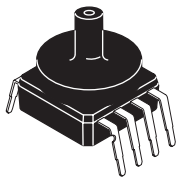
UNIBODY PACKAGES

**MPXV53GC7U
CASE 482C-03**
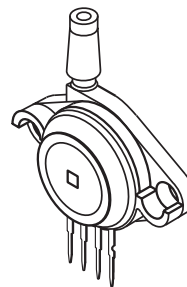
**MPX53D
CASE 344-15**

**MPX53GP
CASE 344B-01**

**MPX53DP
CASE 344C-01**

freescale™
semiconductor
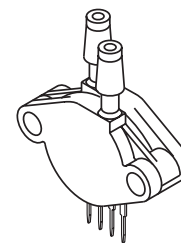
Operating Characteristics

Table 1. Operating Characteristics (V_S = 3.0 Vdc, T_A = 25°C unless otherwise noted, P1 > P2)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Pressure Range[1]	P_{OP}	0	—	50	kPa
Supply Voltage[2]	V_S	—	3.0	6.0	V_{DC}
Supply Current	I_O	—	6.0	—	mAdc
Full Scale Span[3]	V_{FSS}	45	60	90	mV
Offset[4]	V_{OFF}	0	20	35	mV
Sensitivity	$\Delta V/\Delta P$	—	1.2	—	mV/kPa
Linearity	—	−0.6	—	0.4	%V_{FSS}
Pressure Hysteresis (0 to 50 kPa)	—	—	±0.1	—	%V_{FSS}
Temperature Hysteresis	—	—	±0.5	—	%V_{FSS}
Temperature Coefficient of Full Scale Span	TCV_{FSS}	−0.22	—	-0.16	%V_{FSS}/°C
Temperature Coefficient of Offset	TCV_{OFF}	—	±15	—	μV/°C
Temperature Coefficient of Resistance	TCR	0.31	—	0.37	%Z_{IN}/°C
Input Impedance	Z_{IN}	355	—	505	Ω
Output Impedance	Z_{OUT}	750	—	1875	Ω
Response Time[5] (10% to 90%)	t_R	—	1.0	—	ms
Warm-Up Time[6]	—	—	20	—	ms
Offset Stability[7]	—	—	±0.5	—	%V_{FSS}

1. 1.0 kPa (kiloPascal) equals 0.145 psi.

2. Device is ratiometric within this specified excitation range. Operating the device above the specified excitation range may induce additional error due to device self-heating.

3. Full Scale Span (V_{FSS}) is defined as the algebraic difference between the output voltage at full rated pressure and the output voltage at the minimum rated pressure.

4. Offset (V_{OFF}) is defined as the output voltage at the minimum rated pressure.

5. Response Time is defined as the time for the incremental change in the output to go from 10% to 90% of its final value when subjected to a specified step change in pressure.

6. Warm-up Time is defined as the time required for the product to meet the specified output voltage after the pressure is stabilized.

7. Offset stability is the product's output deviation when subjected to 1000 hours of Pulsed Pressure, Temperature Cycling with Bias Test.

MPX53

Maximum Ratings

Table 2. Maximum Ratings[1]

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Maximum Pressure (P1 > P2)	P_{MAX}	175	kPa
Burst Pressure (P1 > P2)	P_{Burst}	200	kPa
Storage Temperature	T_{STG}	−40 to +125	°C
Operating Temperature	T_A	−40 to +125	°C

1. Exposure beyond the specified limits may cause permanent damage or degradation to the device.

Figure 1 shows a schematic of the internal circuitry on the stand-alone pressure sensor chip.
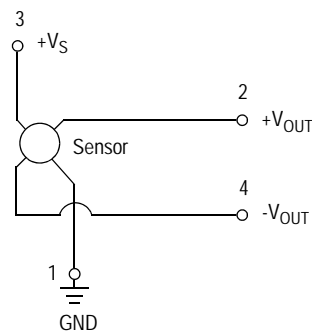
Figure 1. Uncompensated Pressure Sensor Schematic

Voltage Output versus Applied Differential Pressure

The differential voltage output of the sensor is directly proportional to the differential pressure (P1) relative to the vacuum side (P2). Similarly, output voltage increases as increasing vacuum is applied to the vacuum side (P2) relative to the pressure side (P1).

MPX53

Temperature Compensation

Figure 2 shows the typical output characteristics of the MPX53 series over temperature.

The piezoresistive pressure sensor element is a semiconductor device which gives an electrical output signal proportional to the pressure applied to the device. This device uses a unique transverse voltage diffused semiconductor strain gauge which is sensitive to stresses produced in a thin silicon diaphragm by the applied pressure.

Because this strain gauge is an integral part of the silicon diaphragm, there are no temperature effects due to differences in the thermal expansion of the strain gauge and the diaphragm, as are often encountered in bonded strain gauge pressure sensors. However, the properties of the strain gauge itself are temperature dependent, requiring that the device be temperature compensated if it is to be used over an extensive temperature range.

Temperature compensation and offset calibration can be achieved rather simply with additional resistive components, or by designing your system using the MPX2053 series sensors.

Several approaches to external temperature compensation over –40 to +125°C and 0 to +80°C are presented in Freescale Application Note, AN840.

LINEARITY

Linearity refers to how well a transducer's output follows the equation: $V_{out} = V_{off} + (\text{sensitivity} \times P)$ over the operating pressure range (see Figure 3). There are two basic methods for calculating nonlinearity: (1) end point straight line fit or (2) a least squares best line fit. While a least squares fit gives the "best case" linearity error (lower numerical value), the calculations required are burdensome.

Conversely, an end point fit will give the "worst case" error (often more desirable in error budget calculations) and the calculations are more straightforward for the user. Freescale's specified pressure sensor linearities are based on the end point straight line method measured at the midrange pressure.

Figure 4 illustrates the differential or gauge configuration in the unibody chip carrier (Case 344). A silicone gel isolates the die surface and wire bonds from the environment, while allowing the pressure signal to be transmitted to the silicon diaphragm.

The MPX53 series pressure sensor operating characteristics and internal reliability and qualification tests are based on use of dry air as the pressure media. Media other than dry air may have adverse effects on sensor performance and long term reliability. Refer to application note AN3728, for more information regarding media compatibility.
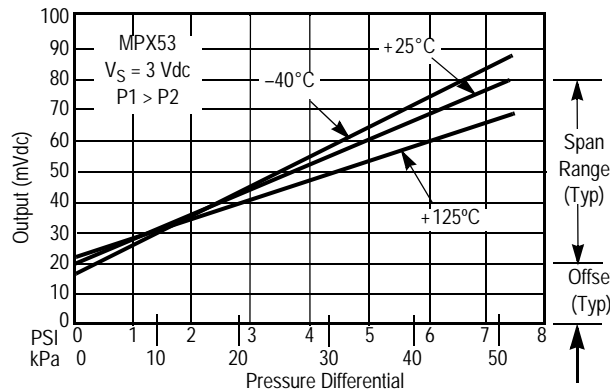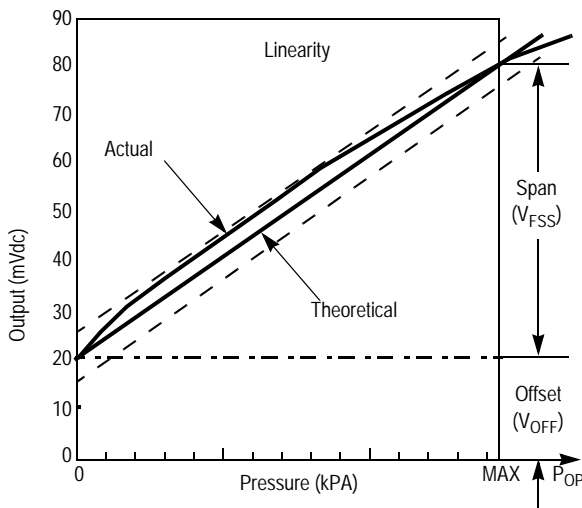

Figure 2. Output vs. Pressure Differential

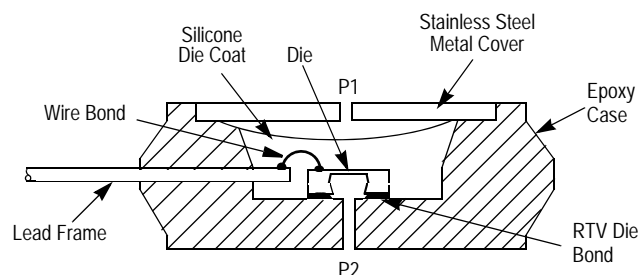
Figure 3. Linearity Specification Comparison

**Figure 4. Unibody Package — Cross-Sectional Diagram (Not to Scale)**

MPX53

PRESSURE (P1)/VACUUM (P2) SIDE IDENTIFICATION TABLE

Freescale designates the two sides of the pressure sensor as the Pressure (P1) side and the Vacuum (P2) side. The Pressure (P1) side is the side containing silicone gel which isolates the die from the environment. The Freescale MPX pressure sensor is designed to operate with positive differential pressure applied, P1 > P2.

The Pressure (P1) side may be identified by using the following table.

| Part Number	Case Type	Pressure (P1) Side Identifier
MPX53D	344	Stainless Steep Cap
MPX53DP	344C	Side with Port Marking
MPX53GP	344B	Side with Port Attached
MPXV53 Series	482C	Side with Port Attached

MPX53

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS
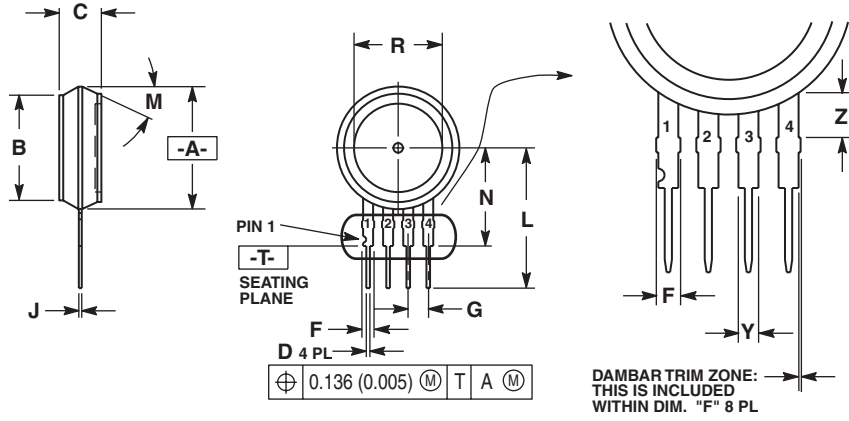
NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
3. DIMENSION -A- IS INCLUSIVE OF THE MOLD STOP RING. MOLD STOP RING NOT TO EXCEED 16.00 (0.630).

DIM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.595	0.630	15.11	16.00
B	0.514	0.534	13.06	13.56
C	0.200	0.220	5.08	5.59
D	0.016	0.020	0.41	0.51
F	0.048	0.064	1.22	1.63
G	0.100 BSC		2.54 BSC	
J	0.014	0.016	0.36	0.40
L	0.695	0.725	17.65	18.42
M	30° NOM		30° NOM	
N	0.475	0.495	12.07	12.57
R	0.430	0.450	10.92	11.43
Y	0.048	0.052	1.22	1.32
Z	0.106	0.118	2.68	3.00

DAMBAR TRIM ZONE:
THIS IS INCLUDED
WITHIN DIM. "F" 8 PL

**CASE 344-15
ISSUE AA
UNIBODY PACKAGE**
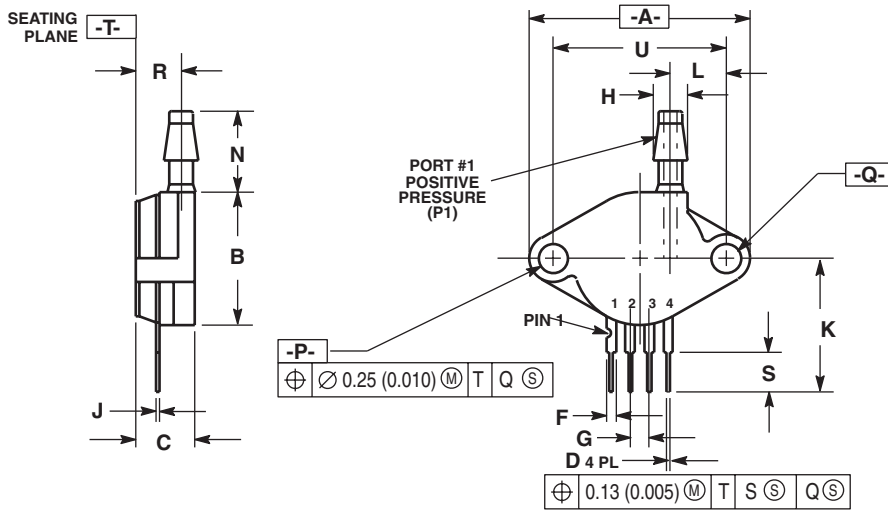
NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.

DIM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	1.145	1.175	29.08	29.85
B	0.685	0.715	17.40	18.16
C	0.305	0.325	7.75	8.26
D	0.016	0.020	0.41	0.51
F	0.048	0.064	1.22	1.63
G	0.100 BSC		2.54 BSC	
H	0.182	0.194	4.62	4.93
J	0.014	0.016	0.36	0.41
K	0.695	0.725	17.65	18.42
L	0.290	0.300	7.37	7.62
N	0.420	0.440	10.67	11.18
P	0.153	0.159	3.89	4.04
Q	0.153	0.159	3.89	4.04
R	0.230	0.250	5.84	6.35
S	0.220	0.240	5.59	6.10
U	0.910 BSC		23.11 BSC	

PORT #1
POSITIVE
PRESSURE
(P1)

**CASE 344B-01
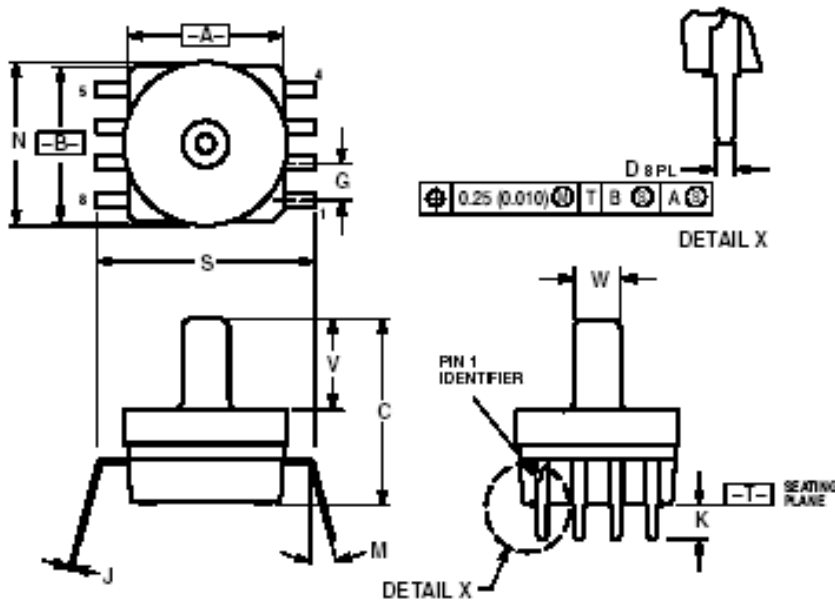ISSUE B
UNIBODY PACKAGE**
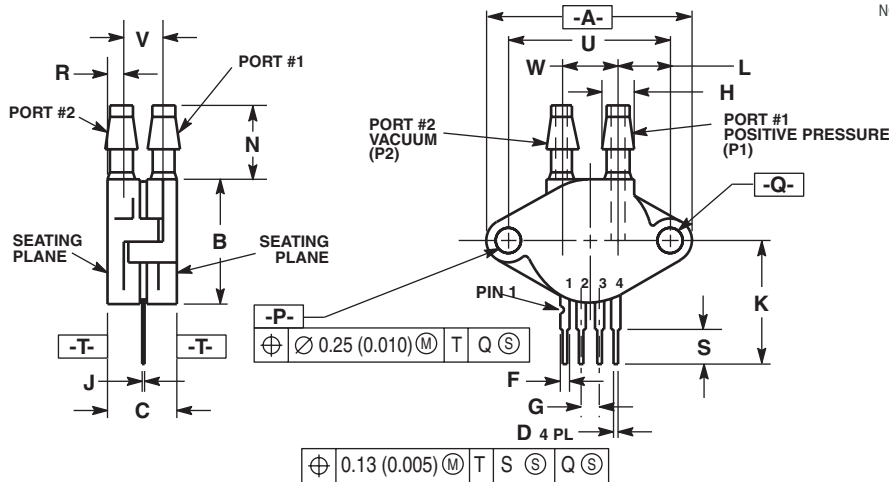
MPX53

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.

DIM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	1.145	1.175	29.08	29.85
B	0.685	0.715	17.40	18.16
C	0.405	0.435	10.29	11.05
D	0.016	0.020	0.41	0.51
F	0.048	0.064	1.22	1.63
G	0.100 BSC		2.54 BSC	
H	0.182	0.194	4.62	4.93
J	0.014	0.016	0.36	0.41
K	0.695	0.725	17.65	18.42
L	0.290	0.300	7.37	7.62
N	0.420	0.440	10.67	11.18
P	0.153	0.159	3.89	4.04
Q	0.153	0.159	3.89	4.04
R	0.063	0.083	1.60	2.11
S	0.220	0.240	5.59	6.10
U	0.910 BSC		23.11 BSC	
V	0.248	0.278	6.30	7.06
W	0.310	0.330	7.87	8.38

CASE 344C-01
ISSUE B
UNIBODY PACKAGE

NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
3. DIMENSION A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION.
4. MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION 0.15 (0.006).
5. ALL VERTICAL SURFACES 5° TYPICAL DRAFT.
6. DIMENSIONS TO CENTER OF LEAD WHEN FORMED PARALLEL.

DIM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.415	0.425	10.54	10.79
B	0.415	0.425	10.54	10.79
C	0.500	0.520	12.70	13.21
D	0.026	0.034	0.66	0.864
G	0.100 BSC		2.54 BSC	
J	0.009	0.011	0.23	0.28
K	0.100	0.120	2.54	3.05
M	0°	15°	0°	15°
N	0.444	0.448	11.28	11.38
S	0.540	0.560	13.72	14.22
V	0.245	0.255	6.22	6.48
W	0.115	0.125	2.92	3.17

CASE 482C-03
ISSUE B
SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE

MPX53

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MPX53
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