

DS1315 Phantom Time Chip

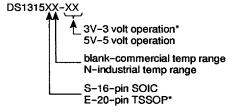
FEATURES

- Real time clock keeps track of hundredths of seconds, seconds, minutes, hours, days, date of the month, months, and years
- · Adjusts for months with fewer than 31 days
- Automatic leap year correction
- No address space required to communicate with RTC
- Provides nonvolatile controller functions for battery backup of SRAM
- Supports redundant battery attachment for high-reliability applications
- Full ±10% V_{CC} operating range
- 5 volt operation

OPTIONS

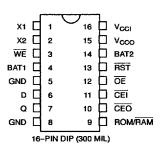
- Industrial (-45°C to +85°C) operating temperature ranges
- 3 volt operating range
- Packaging: 16-pin DIP, 16 pin SOIC and 20 pin TSSOP

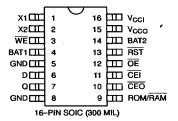
ORDERING INFORMATION

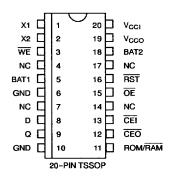


*Contact factory for availability

PIN ASSIGNMENT







©Copyright 1995 by Dallas Semiconductor Corporation. All Rights Reserved. For important information regarding patents and other intellectual property rights, please refer to Dallas Semiconductor data books. 110695 1/22

PIN DESCRIPTION

X1, X2 - 32.768 KHz Crystal Connection

WE Write Enable BAT1 Battery 1 Input GND Ground D - Data Input O - Data Output

ROM/RAM - ROM/RAM Mode Select Chip Enable Output **CEO CEI** Chip Enable Input ŌĒ **Output Enable RST**

Reset

BAT2 Battery 2 Input

Switched Supply Output V_{CCO} V_{CCI} **Power Supply Input**

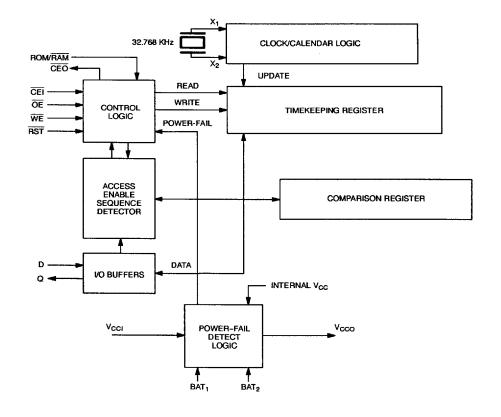
DESCRIPTION

The DS1315 Phantom Time Chip is a combination of a CMOS timekeeper and a nonvolatile memory controller. In the absence of power, an external battery maintains the timekeeping operation and provides power for a CMOS static RAM. The watch keeps track of hundredths of seconds, seconds, minutes, hours, day, date, month, and year information. The last day of the month is automatically adjusted for months with less than 31 days, including leap year correction. The watch operates in one of two formats: a 12-hour mode with an AM/ PM indicator or a 24-hour mode. The nonvolatile controller supplies all the necessary support circuitry to convert a CMOS RAM to a nonvolatile memory. The DS1315 can be interfaced with either RAM or ROM without leaving gaps in memory.

OPERATION

The block diagram of Figure 1 illustrates the main elements of the Time Chip. The following paragraphs describe the signals and functions.

TIMING BLOCK DIAGRAM Figure 1



110695 2/22

2614130 0013364 T2T

Communication with the Time Chip is established by pattern recognition of a serial bit stream of 64 bits which must be matched by executing 64 consecutive write cycles containing the proper data on data in (D). All accesses which occur prior to recognition of the 64-bit pattern are directed to memory via the chip enable output pin (CEO).

After recognition is established, the next 64 read or write cycles either extract or update data in the Time Chip and CEO remains high during this time, disabling the connected memory.

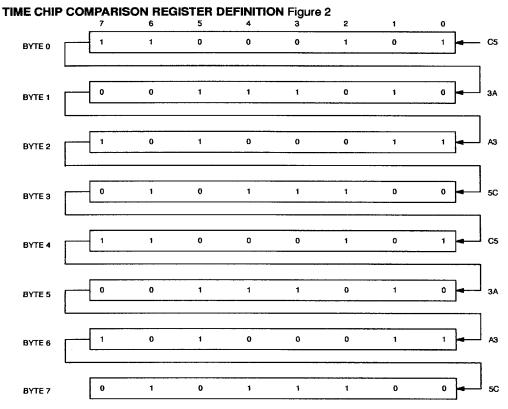
Data transfer to and from the timekeeping function is accomplished with a serial bit stream under control of chip enable input (\overline{CEI}) , output enable (\overline{OE}) , and write enable (\overline{WE}) . Initially, a read cycle using the \overline{CEI} and \overline{OE} control of the Time Chip starts the pattern recognition sequence by moving pointer to the first bit of the 64 bit comparison register. Next, 64 consecutive write cycles are executed using the \overline{CEI} and \overline{WE} control of the Time Chip. These 64 write cycles are used only to gain access to the Time Chip.

When the first write cycle is executed, it is compared to bit 1 of the 64-bit comparison register. If a match is

found, the pointer increments to the next location of the comparison register and awaits the next write cycle. If a match is not found, the pointer does not advance and all subsequent write cycles are ignored. If a read cycle occurs at any time during pattern recognition, the present sequence is aborted and the comparison register pointer is reset. Pattern recognition continues for a total of 64 write cycles as described above until all the bits in the comparison register have been matched. (This bit pattern is shown in Figure 2.) With a correct match for 64 bits, the Time Chip is enabled and data transfer to or from the timekeeping registers may proceed. The next 64 cycles will cause the Time Chip to either receive data on D, or transmit data on Q, depending on the level of OE pin or the WE pin. Cycles to other locations outside the memory block can be interleaved with CEI cycles without interrupting the pattern recognition sequence or data transfer sequence to the Time Chip.

A standard 32,768 KHz quartz crystal can be directly connected to the DS1315 via pins 1 and 2 (X1, X2). The crystal selected for use should have a specified load capacitance (C_L) of 12.5 pF. For more information on crystal selection and crystal layout considerations, please consult Application Note 58, "Crystal Considerations with Dallas Real Time Clocks".

110695 3/22



NOTE:

The pattern recognition in Hex is C5, 3A, A3, 5C, C5, 3A, A3, 5C. The odds of this pattern being accidentally duplicated and causing inadvertent entry to the Phantom Time Chip are less than 1 in 10¹⁹.

NONVOLATILE CONTROLLER OPERATION

The operation of the nonvolatile controller circuits within the Time Chip is determined by the level of the ROM/RAM select pin. When ROM/RAM is connected to ground, the controller is set in the RAM mode and performs the circuit functions required to make CMOS RAM and the timekeeping function nonvolatile. A switch is provided to direct power from the battery inputs or V_{CCI} to V_{CCO} with a maximum voltage drop of 0.3 volts. The V_{CCO} output pin is used to supply uninterrupted power to CMOS SRAM. The DS1315 also performs redundant battery control for high reliability. On power-fail, the battery with the highest voltage is automatically switched to V_{CCO} . If only one battery is used in the system, the unused battery input should be connected to ground.

The DS1315 safeguards the Time Chip and RAM data by power-fail detection and write protection. Power-fail detection occurs when V_{CCI} falls below V_{PF} which is set by an internal bandgap reference. The DS1315 constantly monitors the V_{CCI} supply pin. When V_{CCI} is less than V_{PF} power-fail circuitry forces the chip enable output (CEO) to V_{CCI} or V_{BAT} –0.2 volts for external RAM write protection. During nominal supply conditions, CEO will track \overline{CEI} with a maximum propagation delay of 5 ns. Internally, the DS1315 aborts any data transfer in progress without changing any of the Time Chip registers and prevents future access until V_{CCI} exceeds V_{PF} A typical RAM/Time Chip interface is illustrated in Figure 3.

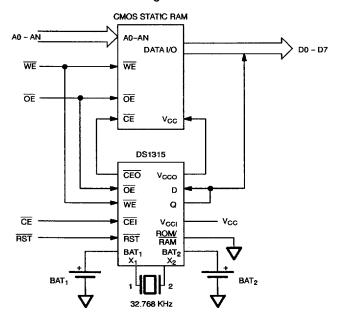
110695 4/22

■ 2614130 0013366 8T2 ■

When the ROM/RAM pin is connected to V_{CCO} , the controller is set in the ROM mode. Since ROM is a read-only device that retains data in the absence of power, battery backup and write protection is not required. As a result, the chip enable logic will force \overline{CEO} low when power

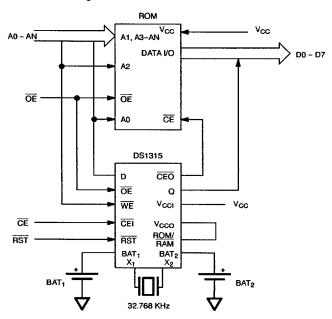
fails. However, the Time Chip does retain the same internal nonvolatility and write protection as described in the RAM mode. A typical ROM/Time Chip interface is illustrated in Figure 4.

DS1315 TO RAM/TIME CHIP INTERFACE Figure 3



110695 5/22

ROM/TIME CHIP INTERFACE Figure 4



TIME CHIP REGISTER INFORMATION

Time Chip information is contained in eight registers of 8 bits, each of which is sequentially accessed one bit at a time after the 64-bit pattern recognition sequence has been completed. When updating the Time Chip registers, each must be handled in groups of 8 bits. Writing and reading individual bits within a register could produce erroneous results. These read/write registers are defined in Figure 5.

Data contained in the Time Chip registers is in binary coded decimal format (BCD). Reading and writing the registers is always accomplished by stepping though all eight registers, starting with bit 0 of register 0 and ending with bit 7 of register 7.

AM-PM/12/24 MODE

Bit 7 of the hours register is defined as the 12- or 24-hour mode select bit. When high, the 12-hour mode is selected. In the 12-hour mode, bit 5 is the AM/PM bit with logic high being PM. In the 24-hour mode, bit 5 is the second 10-hour bit (20 -23 hours).

OSCILLATOR AND RESET BITS

Bits 4 and 5 of the day register are used to control the reset and oscillator functions. Bit 4 controls the reset pin input. When the reset bit is set to logic 1, the reset input pin is ignored. When the reset bit is set to logic 0, a low input on the reset pin will cause the Time Chip to abort data transfer without changing data in the timekeeping registers. Reset operates independently of all other inputs. Bit 5 controls the oscillator. When set to logic 0, the oscillator turns on and the real time clock/calendar begins to increment.

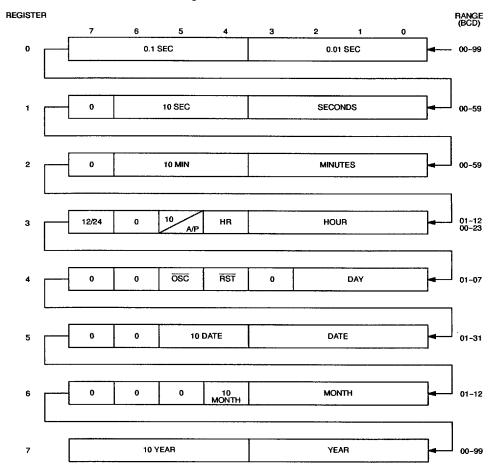
ZERO BITS

Registers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 contain one or more bits that will always read logic 0. When writing these locations, either a logic 1 or 0 is acceptable.

110695 6/22

-- 2614130 0013368 675 **--**

TIME CHIP REGISTER DEFINITION Figure 5



110695 7/22

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS*

Voltage on any Pin Relative to Ground Operating Temperature, commercial range Operating Temperature, industrial range Storage Temperature Soldering Temperature

-0.3V to +7.0V 0°C to 70°C -45°C to +85°C -55°C to +125°C 260°C for 10 seconds

RECOMMENDED DC OPERATING CONDITIONS

(0°C to 70°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Power Supply Voltage 5 Volt Operation	V _{CC}	4.5	5.0	5.5	٧	1
Power Supply Voltage 3 Volt Operation	V _{CC}	2.7	3.0	3.3	٧	1
Input Logic 1	V _{IH}	2.2		V _{CC} + 0.3	٧	1
Input Logic 0	V _{IL}	-0.3		+0.6	٧	1
Battery Voltage V _{BAT1} or V _{BAT2}	V _{BAT1} , V _{BAT2}	2.5		3.7	٧	

DC OPERATING ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(0°C to 70°C; $V_{CC} = 5.0 \pm 10\%$)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Average V _{CC} Power Supply Current	I _{CC1}			5	mA	6
V _{CC} Power Supply Current, (V _{CCO} = V _{CCI} -0.3)	I _{CC01}			150	mA	7
TTL Standby Current (CEI = VIH)	I _{CC2}			3	mA	6
CMOS Standby Current (CEI = V _{CCI} -0.2)	lcc3			1	mA	6
Input Leakage Current (any input)	կլ	-1		+1	μА	10
Output Leakage Current (any output)	loL	-1		+1	μА	
Output Logic 1 Voltage (I _{OUT} = -1.0 mA)	V _{ОН}	2.4			V	2
Output Logic 0 Voltage (I _{OUT} = 4.0 mA)	V _{OL}			0.4	٧	2
Power Fail Trip Point	V _{PF}	4.25		4.5	V	
Battery Switch Voltage	V _{SW}		V _{BAT1} , V _{BAT2}			

110695 8/22

2614130 0013370 223

^{*} This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods of time may affect reliability.

DC POWER DOWN ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(0^{\circ}\text{C to } 70^{\circ}\text{C}; V_{\text{CC}} < 4.5\text{V})$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES	
CEO Output Voltage	V _{CEO}	V _{CCI} -0.2 or V _{BAT1,2} -0.2			V	8	
V _{BAT1} or V _{BAT2} Battery Current	I _{BAT}			0.5	μΑ	6	
Battery Backup Current @ V _{CCO} = V _{BAT} -0.2V	Icco2			10	μА	9	

AC ELECTRICAL OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS

ROM/RAM = GND

 $(0^{\circ}\text{C to }70^{\circ}\text{C}; V_{\text{CC}} = 5.0 \pm 10\%)$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Read Cycle Time	t _{RC}	65			ns	
CEI Access Time	tco			55	ns	
OE Access Time	t _{OE}			55	ns	
CEI to Output Low Z	†COE	5			ns	
OE to Output Low Z	t _{OEE}	5		}	ns	
CEI to Output High Z	t _{OD}			25	ns	
OE to Output High Z	t _{ODO}			25	ns	
Read Recovery	t _{RR}	10			ns	
Write Cycle	twc	65			ns	
Write Pulse Width	t _{WP}	55			ns	
Write Recovery	t _{WR}	10			ns	4
Data Setup	t _{DS}	30			ns	5
Data Hold Time	t _{DH}	0			ns	5
CEI Pulse Width	tcw	60			ns	
OE Pulse Width	tow	55			กร	
RST Pulse Width	t _{RST}	65			ns	
CEI Propagation Delay	t _{PD}			5	ns	2, 3, 11
CEI High to Power-Fail	t _{PF}		T.	0	ns	11

110695 9/22

AC ELECTRICAL OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS

 $ROM/RAM = V_{CCO}$

 $(0^{\circ}\text{C to }70^{\circ}\text{C}; V_{CC} = 5.0 \pm 10\%)$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Read Cycle Time	t _{HC}	65			ns	
CEI Access Time	tco			55	ns	
OE Access Time	toE			55	ns	
CEI to Output Low Z	tcoe	5			ns	
OE to Output Low Z	t _{OEE}	5			ns	
CEI to Output High Z	t _{OD}			25	ns	
OE to Output High Z	topo			25	ns	
Address Setup Time	tas	5			ns	
Address Hold Time	t _{AH}	5			ns	
Read Recovery	t _{RR}	10			ns	
Write Cycle	ŧwc	65			ns	
CEI Pulse Width	t _{CW}	55			ns	
OE Pulse Width	t _{OW}	55			ns	
Write Recovery	t _{WB}	10			ns	4
Data Setup	t _{DS}	30			ns	5
Data Hold Time	t _{DH}	0			ns	5
RST Pulse Width	t _{RST}	65			ns	
CEI Propagation Delay	t _{PD}			5	ns	2, 3, 11
CEI High to Power-Fail	t _{PF}			0	ns	11

3VOLT DEVICE OPERATING RANGE CHARACTERISTICS

DC OPERATING ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(0^{\circ}\text{C to }70^{\circ}\text{C}; V_{\text{CC}} = 3.0 \pm 10\%)$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Average V _{CC} Power Supply Current	l _{CC1}			3	mA	6
Average V _{CC} Power Supply Current, (V _{CCO} = V _{CCI} -0.3)	I _{CC01}			100	mA	7
TTL Standby Current (CEI = V _{IH})	I _{CC2}			2	mA	6
CMOS Standby Current (CEI = V _{CCI} -0.2)	Іссз			1	mA	6
Input Leakage Current (any input)	I _{IL}	-1		+1	μА	
Output Leakage Current (any output)	lro	-1		+1	μΑ	

110695 10/22

■ 2614130 0013372 0T6 ■

DC OPERATING ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (cont'd) (0°C to 70°C; $V_{CC} = 3.0 \pm 10\%$)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Output Logic 1 Voltage (I _{OUT} = 0.4 mA)	V _{OH}	2.4			٧	2
Output Logic 0 Voltage (I _{OUT} = 1.6 mA)	V _{OL}			0.4	٧	2
Power Fail Trip Point	V _{PF}	2.5		2.7	V	
Battery Switch Voltage	V _{SW}		V _{BAT1} , V _{BAT2}			

DC POWER DOWN ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(0^{\circ}\text{C to }70^{\circ}\text{C}; V_{\text{CC}} > 2.7\text{V})$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
CEO Output Voltage	V _{CEO}	V _{CCI} or V _{BAT1,2} -0.2			٧	
V _{BAT1} or V _{BAT2} Battery Current	I _{BAT}			0.3	μА	
Battery Backup Current @ V _{CCO =} V _{BAT} -0.2	I _{CCO2}			10	μА	

110695 11/22

AC ELECTRICAL OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS ROM/RAM = GND

(0°C to 70°C; $V_{CC} = 5.0 \pm 10\%$)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Read Cycle Time	t _{RC}	120			ns	
CEI Access Time	tco			100	ns	
OE Access Time	t _{OE}			100	ns	
CEI to Output Low Z	†COE	5			ns	
OE to Output Low Z	t _{OEE}	5			ns	
CEI to Output High Z	t _{OD}			40	ns	
OE to Output High Z	topo			40	ns	
Read Recovery	t _{RR}	20			ns	
Write Cycle	twc	120			ns	
Write Pulse Width	t _{WP}	100			ns	
Write Recovery	twn	20			ns	4
Data Setup	t _{DS}	45			ns	5
Data Hold Time	t _{DH}	0			ns	5
CEI Pulse Width	tow	105			ns	
OE Pulse Width	tow	100			ns	
RST Pulse Width	t _{RST}	120			ns	
CEI Propagation Delay	t _{PD}			10	ns	2, 3, 12
CEI High to Power-Fail	t _{PF}			0	ns	12

110695 12/22

AC ELECTRICAL OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS

ROM/RAM = V_{CCO} (0°C to 70°C; $V_{CC} = 3.0 \pm 10\%$)

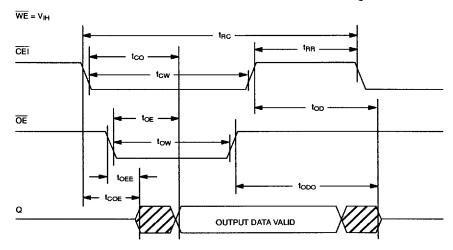
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	МАХ	UNITS	NOTES
Read Cycle Time	t _{RC}	120			ns	
CEI Access Time	tco			100	ns	
OE Access Time	t _{OE}			100	ns	
CEI to Output Low Z	tCOE	5			ns	
OE to Output Low Z	t _{OEE}	5			ns	
CEI to Output High Z	top			40	ns	
OE to Output High Z	topo			40	ns	
Address Setup Time	t _{AS}	10			ns	
Address Hold Time	t _{AH}	10			ns	
Read Recovery	t _{RA}	20			ns	
Write Cycle	twc	120			ns	
CEI Pulse Width	t _{CW}	100			ns	
OE Pulse Width	tow	100			ns	
Write Recovery	t _{WR}	20			ns	4
Data Setup	t _{DS}	45			ns	5
Data Hold Time	t _{DH}	0			ns	5
RST Pulse Width	t _{RST}	120			ns	
CEI Propagation Delay	t _{PD}			5	ns	2, 3, 12

CAPACITANCE $(t_A = 25^{\circ}C)$

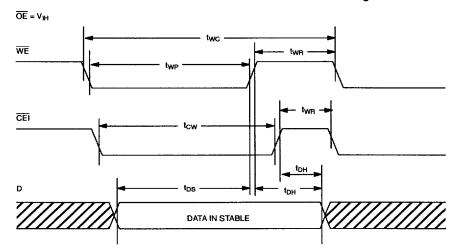
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Input Capacitance	C _{IN}			10	pF	
Output Capacitance	Cout			10	pF	

110695 13/22

TIMING DIAGRAM: READ CYCLE TO TIME CHIP ROM/RAM = GND Figure 6



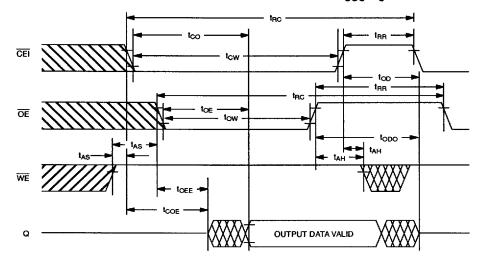
TIMING DIAGRAM: WRITE CYCLE TO TIME CHIP ROM/RAM = GND Figure 7



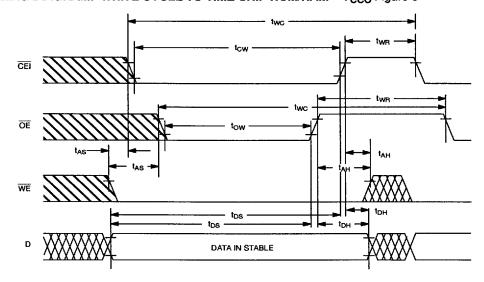
110695 14/22

■ 2614130 0013376 741 **■**

TIMING DIAGRAM: READ CYCLE TO TIME CHIP ROM/ $\overline{RAM} = V_{CCO}$ Figure 8



TIMING DIAGRAM: WRITE CYCLE TO TIME CHIP ROM/ \overline{RAM} = V_{CCO} Figure 9



110695 15/22

TIMING DIAGRAM: RESET PULSE Figure 10

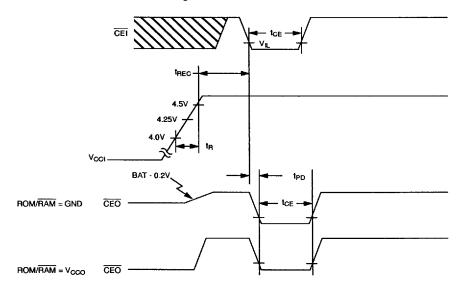


5V DEVICE POWER-UP POWER-DOWN CHARACTERISTICS, ROM/ \overline{RAM} = V_{CCO} OR GND

(0°C to 70°C)

1911/11/11 - 1000 911 9115						, 0 10 , 0 0
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Recovery Time at Power-Up	t _{REC} V _{CC} >4.5			2	mS	11
V _{CC} Slew Rate Power Down	t _F 4.0≤ V _{CC} ≤ 4.5	300			mS	11
V _{CC} Slew Rate Power Down	t _{FB} 3.0≤ V _{CC} ≤ 4.0	10			mS	11
V _{CC} Slew Rate Power UP	t _R 4.5≤ V _{CC} ≤ 4.0	0			mS	11
CEI High to Power-Fail	t _{PF}			0	mS	11

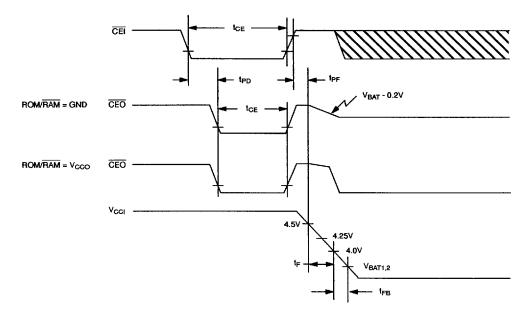
5V DEVICE POWER-UP CONDITION Figure 11



110695 16/22

■ 2614130 0013378 514 ■

5V DEVICE POWER-DOWN CONDITION Figure 12



3V DEVICE POWER-UP POWER-DOWN CHARACTERISTICS, ROM/RAM = V_{CCO} OR GND

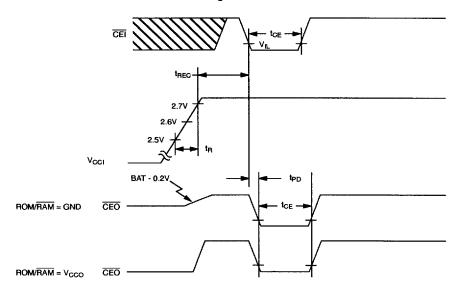
(0°C to 70°C)

000					•	
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Recovery Time at Power-Up	t _{REC} V _{CC} >2.7			2	ms	12
V _{CC} Slew Rate Power Down	t _F 2.6≤ V _{CC} ≤ 2.7	300			ms	12
V _{CC} Slew Rate Power UP	t _R 2.7≤ V _{CC} ≤ 2.6	0			ms	12
CEI High to Power-Fail	tpF	0			ms	12

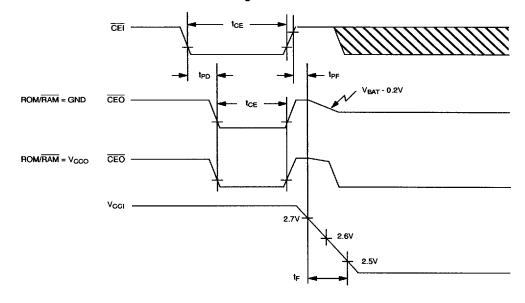
110695 17/22

2614130 0013379 450

3V DEVICE POWER-UP CONDITION Figure 13



3V DEVICE POWER-DOWN CONDITION Figure 14



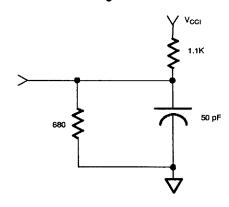
110695 18/22

2614130 0013380 172

NOTES:

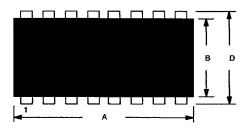
- 1. All voltages are referenced to ground.
- 2. Measured with load shown in Figure 15.
- 3. Input pulse rise and fall times equal 10 ns.
- 4. t_{WR} is a function of the latter occurring edge of WE or CE in RAM mode, or OE or CE in ROM mode.
- 5. t_{DH} and t_{DS} are functions of the first occurring edge of WE or CE in RAM mode, or OE or CE in ROM mode.
- 6. Measured without RAM connected.
- 7. I_{CC01} is the maximum average load current the DS1315 can supply to external memory.
- 8. Applies to CEO with the ROM/RAM pin grounded. When the ROM/RAM pin is connected to V_{CCO}, CEO will go to a low level as V_{CCI} falls below V_{BAT}.
- I_{CC02} is the maximum average load current that the DS1315 can supply to memory in the battery backup mode.
- 10. Applies to all input pins except RST. RST is pulled internally to V_{CCI}.
- 11. See Figures 11 and 12.
- 12. See Figures 13 and 14.

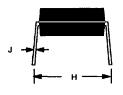
OUTPUT LOAD Figure 15

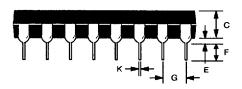


110695 19/22

DS1315 TIME CHIP 16-PIN DIP



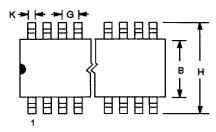


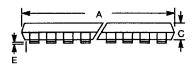


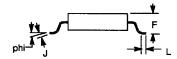
PKG	16-PIN		
DIM	MIN	MAX	
A IN. MM	0.740	0.780	
B IN. MM	0.240	0.260	
C IN.	0.120	0.140	
D IN. MM	0.300	0.325	
E IN. MM	0.015	0.040	
F IN. MM	0.110	0.140	
G IN. MM	0.090	0.110	
H IN. MM	0.300	0.370	
J IN. MM	0.008	0.012	
K IN. MM	0.015	0.021	

110695 20/22

DS1315 TIME CHIP 16-PIN SOIC



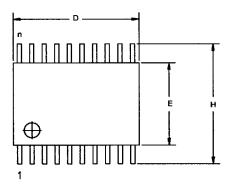


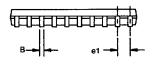


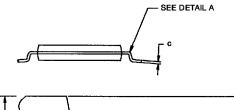
PKG	16-PIN		
DIM	MIN	MAX	
A IN. MM	0.402 10.21	0.412 10.46	
B IN. MM	0.290 7.37	0.300 7.65	
C IN.	0.089 2.26	0.095 2.41	
E IN. MM	0.004 0.102	0.012 0.30	
F IN.	0.094 2.38	0.105 2.68	
G IN. MM	0.050 BSC 1.27 BSC		
H IN	0.398 10.11	0.416 10.57	
J IN MM	0.009 0.229	0.013 0.33	
K IN.	0.013 0.33	0.019 0.48	
L IN	0.016 0.40	0.040 1.02	
PHI	0°	8°	

110695 21/22

DS1315 TIME CHIP 20-PIN TSSOP







A1 DETAIL A

DIM	MIN	MAX	
A MM	-	1.10	
A1 MM	0.05	-	
A2 MM	0.75	1.05	
C MM	0.09	0.18	
L MM	0.50	0.70	
e1 MM	0.65 BSC		
B MM	0.18	0.30	
D MM	6.40	6.90	
E MM	4.40 NOM		
G MM	0.25 REF		
н мм	6.25	6.55	
phi	0°	8°	

56-G2010-000

110695 22/22

= 2614130 0013384 818 **=**