TOSHIBA CMOS Digital Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

TC83230-0010

TC83230-0010: Single-Chip CMOS LSI for Calculators with Printers (applicable printer heads: PTMFL 63 manufactured by ALPS)

The TC83230-0010 LSI is a single-chip CMOS LSI for use in calculators with printers.

It integrates I/O logic circuits necessary to configure a calculator with 10-digit display, two-memory function, serial printer used to print calculation results, oscillator, and LCD drivers.

QFP80-P-1420-0.80A

Weight: 1.52 g (typ.)

Features

Operational Features

- Print: 11 digits of data. (including decimal point.) 1 digit of minus sign, 2 digits of operational symbol.
 - 1-color printing (black).
- Display: 10 digits of data. (including punctuation in each digit.) 1 digit of floating minus sign, memory load, error symbol, grand total memory load, 3 digits of commas.
- Decimal output: Decimal set lock key controls output format. Fixed decimal setting ("0", "1", "2", "3", "4", "6"), full floating decimal, and ADD mode.
- Key-input buffer: 12 words
- \bullet Operation methods: Addition and subtraction: By ARITHMETIC operation

Multiplication and division: By algebraic operation

- Function: Four function, repeat multiplication and division, mixed calculation, square calculation,
 percentage calculation, percent discount and add-on calculation, memory calculation, delta
 percent calculation, add-mode calculation, mark-up/down calculation, total calculation, constant
 calculation, tax calculation
 - Two-key rollover
- Leading zero suppression

Protection

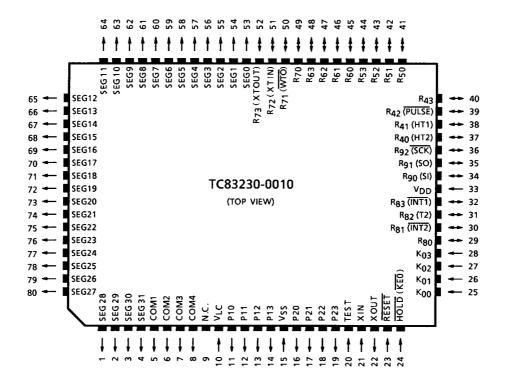
- (1) In the overflow condition, all key except "C", "C/CE", "CE", "Feed", "→" key are inoperative.
- (2) Key chatter protection.

Auto-Clear at Power On

Auto-clear functions by connecting a capacitor to the RESET pin.

Pin Assignment (top view)

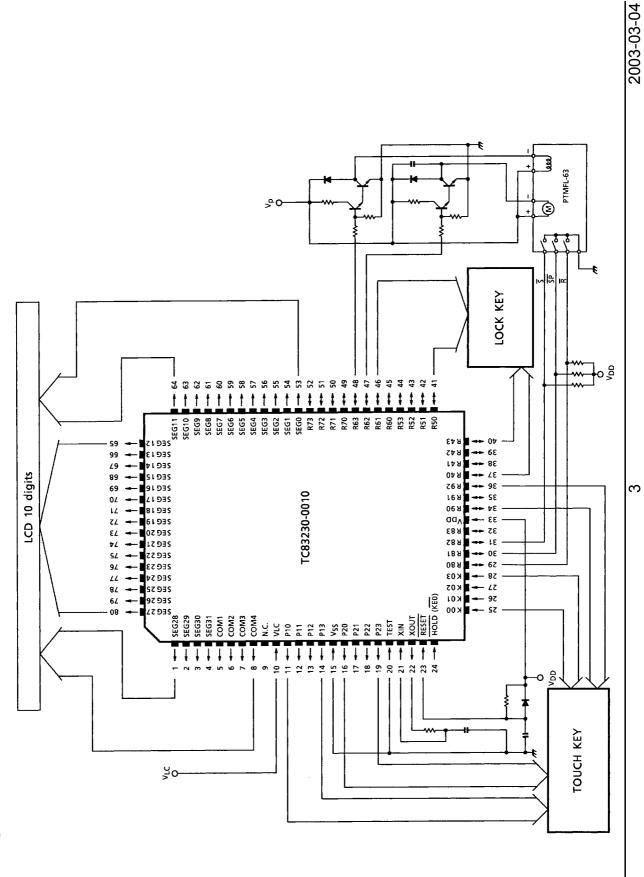
QFP80



2

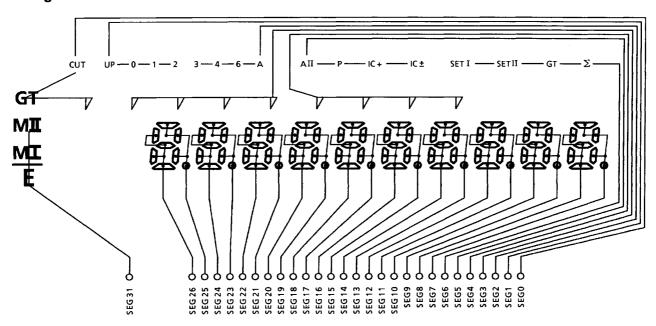
2003-03-04

System Block Diagram

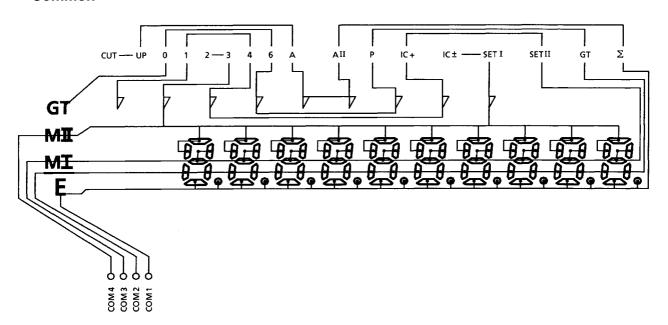


Connection of LCD

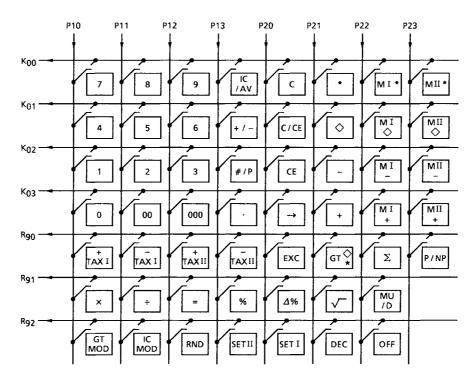
Segment



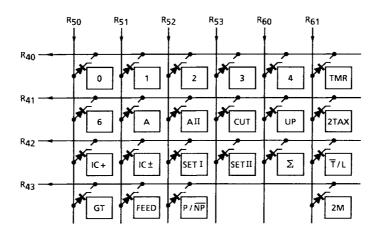
Common



Key Connection

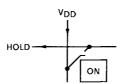


Touch Key



Lock Key

Touch Key Select



ON Key

5

Specification of Calculator

Operation Specifications

- (1) Operations depending on key types and modes
 - Touch key

Key Name	CAL	Mode	Tax Set Mode (SETI/II key is on)
Mode Switch	Touch Key Mode	Lock Key Mode	Touch Key Mode	Lock Key Mode
С	Operates as clear key	Operates as clear key	Clears input data	Clears input data
CE	Operates as clear entry key	Operates as clear entry key	Clears input data	Clears input data
C/CE	Operates as clear or clear entry key	Operates as clear or clear entry key	Clears input data	Clears input data
Numeral	Numeral Key-inputs numerals	Numeral Key-inputs numerals	Inputs numerals	Inputs numerals
OFF	Operates as off key	_	Unused	Unused
	Key-inputs decimal points	Key-inputs decimal points	Key-inputs decimal points	Key-inputs decimal points
*,	Operates as total or sub-total key	Operates as total or sub-total key	Unused	Unused
+, - ×, ÷	Operates as four-function key	Operates as four-function key	Unused	Unused
=	Operates as = key	Operates as = key	Unused	Unused
P/NP	Switches print or non-print	_	Unused	Unused
RND	Switches round-off and round-up	_	Unused	Unused
DEC	Switches decimal points	_	Unused	Unused
%	Operates as % key	Operates as % key	Unused	Unused
Δ%	Operates as delta percentage calculation key	Operates as delta percentage calculation key	Unused	Unused
MU/D	Operates as mark-up/down key	Operates as mark-up/down key	Unused	Unused
IC/AVE	Operates as item count key or average key	Operates as item count key or average key	Unused	Unused
#/P	Operates as non-add-print key for left-justified printing	Operates as non-add-print key for left-justified printing	Unused	Unused
\rightarrow	Operates as right-shift key	Operates as right-shift key	Operates as right-shift key	Operates as right-shift key
+/-	Operates as sign change key	Operates as sign change key	Unused	Unused
MI*, MII* MI◊, MII◊, MI−, MII−, MI+, MII+	Operates as memory function key	Operates as memory function key	Unused	Unused
-TAXI/II	Operates as –TAXI/II key	Operates as –TAXI/II key	Unused	Unused
+TAXI/II	Operates as +TAXI/II key	Operates as +TAXI/II key	Unused	Unused
Σ	Operates as Σ key	_	Unused	Unused
IC MOD	Operates as IC-mode key	_	Unused	Unused

6

Key Name	CAL	Mode	Tax Set Mode (SETI/II key is on)			
Mode Switch	Touch Key Mode	Lock Key Mode	Touch Key Mode	Lock Key Mode		
GT MOD	Operates as GT-mode or non-GT mode key	_	Unused	Unused		
GT ∜ *	Operates as GT key	Operates as GT key	Unused	Unused		
EXC	Operates as EXC key	Operates as EXC key	Unused	Unused		
$\sqrt{}$	Operates as √ key	Operates as √ key	Unused	Unused		

• Lock key

Key Name	CAL	Mode	Tax Set Mode (\$	SETI/II key is on)				
Mode Switch	Touch Key Mode	Lock Key Mode	Touch Key Mode	Lock Key Mode				
0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, A, AII	_	Switches decimal points	Unused	Unused				
CUT, UP	_	Switches round-off and round-up	Unused	Unused				
IC±, IC+	_	Operates as IC±/IC+ key	Unused	Unused				
Σ	_	Operates as Σ key	Unused	Unused				
GT	_	Switches GT-mode or non-GT mode	Unused	Unused				
FEED	Operates as paper feed key	Operates as paper feed key	Operates as paper feed key	Operates as paper feed key				
P/NP	_	Switches print or non-print	Unused	Unused				
T/L	Calagta look kov mode ar	tauah kay mada						
(Note 1)	Selects lock key mode or	louch key mode.						
2 TAX	Salaata aingla tay mada a	r dauble toy made						
(Note 1)	Selects single tax mode o	Selects single tax mode or double tax mode.						
2 M (Note 1)	Selects single memory mode or double memory mode.							

7

Note 1: Can switch modes only with the reset key.

Explanation of function

[00, 000]10 or 12 key entry is invalid.

 $[\cdot]$If this key is pressed after a key operation except data entry, the displays is cleared and entry of [·] is stored in memory. The decimal point is shifted for subsequent data entry. If the $[\cdot]$ key is pressed during data entry, displays does not change.

floating except when A mode is specified. Addition or subtraction can be performed

> If these key are pressed in multiplication/division mode or in constant calculation mode, add or subtract displays data to addition/subtraction registers, then displays the result. At this time, in the operation mode multiplicand or divisor do not

These keys increment or decrement the item counter. In the following operation mode, the operations are executed, and the results are printed and displayed. At that time, addition or subtraction using the addition/subtraction register is not executed.

1) Percent discount/add-on calculation

Percent discount/add-on with constants are calculated as above.

[0]......Prints and displays the intermediate result in addition/subtraction register. In item count mode, prints the contents of the item counter before the calculation result printing.

Contents of data register or stored arithmetic instruction are not changed.

paper one line. In item count mode, the contents of the item counter are printed before the calculation result printing.

> After this key operation, the contents of the addition/subtraction register are cleared. The contents of the item counter are cleared at the first addition/subtraction in next step. The contents of the data register or stored arithmetic instruction are not changed. When GT mode is specified, the result of addition/subtraction is added to the GT memory.

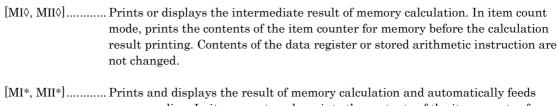
MI-, MII-

MI+, MII+ If the arithmetic instruction is not stored or if the mode is constant calculation mode, first prints the displays contents after rounding to the specified number of decimal places, performs addition/subtraction using the data in memory, then stores the result in memory. If the multiplication/division instruction is stored, executes the arithmetic instruction, rounds the result to the specified number of decimal places, prints and displays the result, adds/subtracts with the data in memory, then stores the result to memory.

> At that time, the multiplicand or divisor is stored together with the mode, constant calculation mode. When this key is pressed immediately after the [x] or [MI+, MII+, MI-, MII-] key, operation is the same as that for the [=] key; that is, adds/subtracts using data in memory. This key operation increments or decrements the item counter for memory.

> > 8

2003-03-04



MI*, MII*]............ Prints and displays the result of memory calculation and automatically feeds paper one line. In item count mode, prints the contents of the item counter for memory before the calculation result printing. After the [MI*, MII*] key operation, the contents of memory and the contents of the item counter for memory are cleared. Contents of the data register or stored arithmetic instruction are not changed.

[=]...... Executes a stored multiplication/division instruction, rounds the result to the specified number of decimal places, prints and displays the result, then automatically feeds the paper one line. Stores the multiplicand or divisor together with constant calculation mode in memory. If an instruction is not stored in memory, no operation is performed and the previous state is held. Pressing the [=] key immediately after the [x] or [÷] key performs the following operation.

$$a \times = \dots aa$$

 $a \div = \dots 1$

$$a \times \% = ...aa/100$$

 $a \div \% = ...100$

% key operation example: percent discount/add-on calculation

-....a - (ac/100)

c%ac/100

[Δ %] If a multiplication/division instruction is memorized, cancels the data. Δ %key operation example:

$a\Delta\%$ b =b – a	
(b-a)/ a	(prints difference)
$c = \dots c - a$	(change delta percent)
(c-a)/ a	(prints difference)
$a\Delta\% b +/- =(b + a)$	(change delta percent)
-(b+a)/ a	(prints difference)
$c + /- = \dots -(c + a)$	(change delta percent)
-(c + a)/ a	(prints difference)

[+/-]......Inverts sign of the displayed number at key entry.

[o] Shifts the contents of the displays to the right by one digit at key entry. For an estimation calculation error, cancels the error.

[IC+].....Selects item count mode.

[IC±] IC+......Counts up by the [+] or [-] key. IC±......Counts up by the [+] key, down by the [-] key.

[C/CE] If pressed at key entry, operates same as the [CE] key. If pressed after one of the following keys, operates same as the [C] key: [C/CE] [x] [\div] [+] [-]

The result of pressing the [C/CE] key after the [+/-] or the [#/P] key depends on the state before the keys were pressed.

[#/P]	If pressed after the numerical key entry, prints the contents of the key entry data register together with the # symbol, but does not change the current state. If the key is pressed after a key except the numerical keys or [+/–] key, does not change the contents of the displays or the current state. If the key is pressed in clock mode, automatically prints the displayed date and time.
+TAXI/II	Calculate included tax operation or excluded tax operation. But, only prints and does not express the tax. Prints or displays the result-value. (result-value adjusts decimal-point (TAB) setting.) Feeds the paper one line after prints. TAXI key operation example: $ (TAX = 3\%) $ $ a [+TAXI] \dots a (3/100) $
[P/NP]	. Switches between PRINT and NON-PRINT mode. At reset, NON-PRINT mode is set. Switches mode in each time when the [P/NP] key is pressed: $P \rightarrow NP \rightarrow P \rightarrow NP$. In PRINT mode, displays "print mode". Valid only when the $[\overline{T}/L]$ lock key is off.
[RND]	. Switches between round-up, round-off and half-adjust. At reset, half-adjust is set. Switches the mode in each time when the [RND] key is pressed: $5/4 \rightarrow \downarrow \rightarrow \uparrow \rightarrow 5/4$ $\rightarrow \downarrow \rightarrow \uparrow$. Displays round-up/round-off. Valid only when the $[\overline{T}/L]$ lock key is off.
[EXC]	If an multiplication or division instruction is not stored in memory, it is invalid. Constant calculation of multiplication or division instruction exchange for the value of displays, and displays it.
[GT MOD]	Exchange GT-mode. (initial setting isn't support GT-mode.) GT mode cycles not-support and support. And display GT-mode flag. Only touch key mode is valid.
	Exchange IC-mode. (initial setting isn't support IC-mode.) IC mode cycles not-support, IC+ and IC±-mode. And displays IC-mode flag. Any touch key mode is valid.
[√]	adjusts decimal-point (TAB) setting.) After prints feeds the paper one line. If the value is minus, change to the plus value and operate root-instruction. Then produce an estimate calculation-error. But keep the arithmetic instruction and date-register.

11

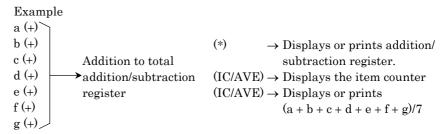
2003-03-04

[IC/AVE]......Prints or displays the item counter, when IC/AVE key continuously pressed twice just after pressed [*] key and [◊] key,

After first, prints or displays the item counter.

The second, the calculation of the mean number are executed, prints or displays the operation result.

After calculation of the mean number, item counter are cleared.



The even if IC-value is a negative, the calculation of the mean number.

(3) Explanation of lock keys

[0, 1, 2, 3]...... Sets the specified decimal point. If no specification, floating is set.

[4, 6, A, AII] When processing floating point data, the operation result is zero-shifted. When A mode is specified, key-entered data are multiplied by 1/100 only when the key-entered numerical value is used for addition/subtraction or memory addition/subtraction. If the [•] key is pressed during data entry, A mode is invalid. The operation result is treated the same as the specified decimal point, 2. When AII mode is specified, key-entered data are multiplied by 1/100 only when the key-entered numerical value is used for multiplication/division by [=] key. If the [•] key is pressed during data entry, AII mode is invalid. The operation result is treated the same as the specified decimal point, 2.

When mode changes from non-print to print, feeds the paper one line.

[IC+] Selects item count mode.

[IC±] IC+......Counts up by the [+] or [-] key. IC±......Counts up by the [+] key, down by the [-] key.

[GT] In grand total mode, adds the total register to the GT register by the [*] key.

12 2003-03-04

(4)

[T/L]	When the $[\overline{T}/L]$ lock key is off, the $[P/NP]$, $[\Sigma]$, $[GT MOD]$, $[IC MOD]$, $[RND]$, and $[DEC]$ keys are valid. When the $[\overline{T}/L]$ key is on, the $[NP]$, $[\Sigma]$, $[GT]$, $[IC+]$, $[IC\pm]$, $[CUT]$, $[UP]$, and $[0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, A, AII]$ lock keys are valid.
SETISETII	When the [SETI/SETII] lock key is on, prints and express the stored tax rate. When the [SETI/SETII] lock key is off, store the expression data to the new tax rate. The result of tax rate is only floating-point, and not concent the decimal-point at this function.
[FEED]	Feed paper.
[TMR]	. When the [TMR] lock key is on, auto power-off functions. (after approx. 6 minutes.)
[2 TAX]	Switches between single tax and double tax mode. When the [2 TAX] lock key is on, one tax rate can be set. (SETII and TAXII will be disabled.) When the [2 TAX] lock key is off, two tax rates can be set.
[2 M]	Selects single memory or double memory mode. When the [2 M] lock key is on, one memory can be used. (MII will be disabled.) When the [2 M] lock key is off, two memories can be used.
ON, OFF key	
[ON]	If pressed in HOLD mode, cancels HOLD. At that time, cancels all arithmetic instructions and errors. The contents of the memory register and the TAX RATE before HOLD mode are retained; all other registers are cleared. While the [ON] key is pressed, the [OFF] key is invalid.
[OFF]	. Forcibly enters HOLD mode (CPU sleep mode).

13 2003-03-04

Operation Example

				ŀ	Key				Detect		Diambas
TAB	4/5	IC	Σ	GT	MOD	2 TAX	2 M	Touch	Print		Display
F	4/5	OFF	OFF	OFF	CAL	OFF	OFF	POWER ON			
									<pf></pf>		
										*	
									<pf></pf>		0.
								1+	1.	+	1.
								2-	2 •	-	-1.
								◊	-1 •	\Diamond	-1.
								*	-1:	*	
									<pf></pf>		-1.
								IC/AVE	2.		2.
F	4/5	IC+	OFF	OFF	CAL	OFF	OFF	IC/AVE	-0.5	÷ *	-0.5
								IC/AVE	0 •		0.
								1+	1.	+	1.
								2-	2 •	-	-1.
								◊	002		
									-1 •	◊	-1.
								IC/AVE	2 •		2.
								IC/AVE	-0.5	÷ *	-0.5
								IC/AVE	2 •		2.
								*	002		
									-1 •	*	
									<pf></pf>		-1.
								IC/AVE	2 •		2.
								IC/AVE	-0.5	÷ *	-0.5
								IC/AVE	0 •		0.
F	4/5	OFF	OFF	OFF	CAL	OFF	OFF	3×	3.	×	3.
								4÷	4 •	÷	12.
								=	4 •	=	
									3.	*	
									<pf></pf>		3.
								5×	5•	×	5.
								6%	6.	%	
									0 • 3	*	
									<pf></pf>		0.3
								+	5•3	+ %	
									<pf></pf>		5.3
								2÷	2.	÷	2.
								3%	3.	%	
									66 • 66 66 66 66 66	*	
								0.257/5	<pf></pf>		66.6666666
								2 MU/D	2.	М	2.
								3=	3.	%	

Note 2: <PF>Paper feed

					Key							
TAB	4/5	IC	Σ		MOD	2 TAX	2 M	Touch	Print			Display
									0.06185567	\(*		
									2.06185567	*		
									<pf></pf>			2.06185567
								$2\Delta\%$	2.	\Diamond		2.
								3=	3.	=		
										Λ		
									1.	♦ *		
									50 •	♦ %		5.0
	4 / 5		~	0.77	~~-			2	<pf></pf>			50.
F	4/5	OF F	Σ	OFF	CAL	OFF	OF F	3×	3.	×		3. 12.
								4÷ =	4 •	÷		12.
								=	3.	+		
									<pf></pf>			3.
								5×	5.	×		5.
								6%	6.	\ %		J.
								0.5	0.3	+		
									<pf></pf>	Т		0.3
								+	5.3	+ %		0.3
								'	<pf></pf>	1 '0		5.3
								2÷	2.	÷		2.
								3%	3.	· %		2.
								3 0	66.6666666	+		
									<pf></pf>	·		66.6666666
								2 MU/D	2.	М		2.
								3=	3.	8		
									0.06185567	♦ *		
									2.06185567	+		
									<pf></pf>			2.06185567
								2Δ %	2.	♦		2.
								3=	3.	=		
									1.			
									50.	+		
									<pf></pf>			50.
								*	122.0285223	*		
									<pf></pf>			122.0285223
F	4/5	OFF	Σ	GT	CAL	OFF	OFF	2+	2.	+		2.
								3+	3.	+		5.
								*	5.	* +		
									<pf></pf>		GT	5.
								3-	3.	-	GT	-3.
								4-	4 •	-	GI	-7.
								5-	5.	-	GT	-12.

Note 2: <PF>Paper feed

				ı	Key				D			D: .
TAB	4/5	IC	Σ	GT	MOD	2 TAX	2 M	Touch	Print			Display
								*	-12•	* +		
									<pf></pf>		GT	-12.
								GT	-7·	* ◊	GT	-7.
								GT	-7·	* *		
									<pf></pf>			-7.
F	4/5	OFF	Σ	OFF	CAL	OFF	OFF	MI+	1			
									-7·	M +	ΜI	-7.
								5			ΜI	5.
								M II +	2			
									5 •	M +	MII MI	5.
								мІ◊	1			
									7	3.5 A	MII	7
									-7•	M ◊	ΜI	-7.
								M I *	1			
									-7·	M *		
									<pf></pf>		MII	-7.
								МП◊	2			
										M ◊	MII	5.
								M II *	2			
									5•	M *		
								n /-	<pf></pf>			5.
								#/P	5.	◊		5.
								2 #/P #/P	#2 2•	♦		2.
								#/P 0÷	0.	÷		2.
								=	0.	=		0.
												0.
									0 •	*		
									<pf></pf>		E	0.
								С	0 •	*		
									<pf></pf>			0.
F	CUT	OFF	OFF	OFF	SETI	OFF	OFF		1			
									0 •	olo		
									<pf></pf>			0.
								3				3.
F	CUT	OFF	OFF	OFF	CAL	OFF	OFF		1			
									3.	00		
									<pf></pf>			0.
								С	0 •	*		
									<pf></pf>			0.
F	CUT	OFF	OFF	OFF	SETI	OFF	OFF		1			
									3.	앙		
									<pf></pf>			3.

D: 1		5:1			Кеу	ŀ				
Display		Print	Touch	TAX 2 M	MOD	GT	Σ	IC	4/5	TAB
0.				FF OFF	CAL	OFF	OFF	OFF	CUT	F
		2		FF OFF	SETII	OFF	OFF	OFF	CUT	F
	ક	0 •								
0.		<pf></pf>								
5.			5							
		2		FF OFF	CAL	OFF	OFF	OFF	CUT	F
	%	5 •								
0.		<pf></pf>								
		2		FF OFF	SETII	OFF	OFF	OFF	CUT	F
	용	5.								
5.		<pf></pf>								
0.				FF OFF	CAL	OFF	OFF	OFF	CUT	F
1,560.			1560							
		1	+TAXI							
		1560 •								
		46.8								
	*	1606.8								
1,606.8		<pf></pf>								
1,560.			1560							
		2	+TAX II							
	,	1560 •								
		78 •								
4 600	*	1638 •								
1,638.		<pf></pf>	. = 7							_
	^		IXAT+	FF OFF	CAL	OF.F.	OF.F.	OF.F.	CUT	F
	⋄	1638 •								
	♦	49·14 1687·14								
1 607 14	^	<pf></pf>								
1,687.14 1,560.		\r_r/	1560							
1,560.	×	1560•	1300 ×							
78,900.		1300	78900							
707300.		1	+TAXI	FF OFF	CAL	OFF	OFF	OFF	4/5	F
	=	78900·		0	0112	011	011	011	1, 0	-
	♦	123084000•								
		3692520								
	*	126776520								
126,776,520.		<pf></pf>								
126,776,520.		••	=							
5.			5							
5.	×	5•	×							
5.			+TAXI							

				ļ	Key				Print		Dioplay
TAB	4/5	IC	Σ	GT	MOD	2 TAX	2 M	Touch	PIIII		Display
								=	5.	=	
									25•	*	
									<pf></pf>		25
								+TAX I	1		
									25•	\Diamond	
									0.75	\Diamond	
									25.75	*	
									<pf></pf>		25.7
								=			25.7
								С	0 •	*	
									<pf></pf>		0
2	CUT	OFF	OFF	OFF	CAL	OFF	OFF	1560			1,560
								+	1560.00	+	1,560.0
								1100			1,100
								+	1100.00	+	2,660.0
								+TAX II	2		
									2660.00	\Diamond	
									133.00	\Diamond	
									2793.00	*	
									<pf></pf>		2,793.0
F	CUT	OFF	OFF	OFF	CAL	OFF	OFF	+TAXI	1		
									2793.00	\Diamond	
									83.79	\Diamond	
									2876•79	*	
									<pf></pf>		2,876.7
								98000000			
								00			9,800,000,000
								+TAXI	1		
									9800000000•		
									294000000•	\Diamond	
									1.009400000	*	
									<pf></pf>		E 1.00940000
								С	0 •	С	
									<pf></pf>		0
								1560			1,560
								+/-			-1,560
								+TAX I	1		
									-1560·		
									-46.8	\Diamond	
									-1606.8	*	
									<pf></pf>		-1,606.

					Key				Delet		District
TAB	4/5	IC	Σ	GT	MOD	2 TAX	(2 M	Touch	Print		Display
								1560			1,560.
								-TAXI	1		
									1560•		
									-45 • 436894	\Diamond	
									1514 • 563106	*	
									<pf></pf>		1,514.563106
								-TAXI	1		
									1514 • 563106	\Diamond	
									-44.113489	\Diamond	
									1470 • 449617	*	
									<pf></pf>		1,470.449617
								1560			1,560.
								-TAXII	2		
									1560•		
									-74.285715	\Diamond	
									1485.714285	*	
									<pf></pf>		1,485.714285
								-TAXII	2		
									1485•714285	\Diamond	
									-70.7483	\Diamond	
									1414•965985	*	
									<pf></pf>		1,414.965985
F	CUT	OFF	OFF	OFF	SETI	OFF	OFF		1		
									3.	용	
									<pf></pf>		3.
								С			0.
F	CUT	OFF	OFF	OFF	CAL	OFF	OFF		1		
									0 •	%	
									<pf></pf>		0.
F	CUT	OFF	OFF	OFF	SETI	OFF	OFF		1		
									0 •	%	
									<pf></pf>		0.
								1234			1234.
F	CUT	OFF	OFF	OFF	CAL	OFF	OFF		1		
									1234 •	%	
									<pf></pf>		0.
F	CUT	OFF	OFF	OFF	SETII	OFF	OFF		2		
									5.	왕	
									<pf></pf>		5.
								С			0.
F	CUT	OFF	OFF	OFF	CAL	OFF	OFF		2		
									0 •	%	

					Key				D: 1			D: 1
TAB	4/5	IC	Σ	GT	MOD	2 TAX 2	2 M	Touch	Print			Display
									<pf></pf>			0.
								98000000				
								00				9,800,000,000.
								+TAXI	1			
F	CUT	OFF	OFF	OFF	CAL	OFF C	OFF		9800000000.			
									0 •	*		
									<pf></pf>		E	0.
								С	0 •	*		
									<pf></pf>			0.
								2				2.
								×	2 •	×		2.
								3				3.
								×	3.	×		6.
								EXC	3.	#		3.
								×	6.	×		18.
								EXC	6.	#		6.
								×	18.	×		108.
								EXC	18.	#		18.
								×	108.	×		1,944.
								=	108 •	=		
									209952•	*		
									<pf></pf>			209,952.
								9				9.
								$\sqrt{}$	9•	$\sqrt{}$		
								v	3.	*		
									<pf></pf>			3.
								$\sqrt{}$	3.	$\sqrt{}$		
								v	1.732050807	*		
									<pf></pf>			1,732050807
								+/-				-1,732050807
								$\sqrt{}$	-1.732050807	$\sqrt{}$,
								v		٧		
									-1.316074012	*		
									<pf></pf>		E	-1.316074012
								С	0.	*		1 010071012
								C	<pf></pf>			0.
A	التات	TTO	A T	교교	СУТ	OFF C	777	123	VE 1.7			123.
_ ^	001	OF E	Or r	Or r	OAL	OFF C	O 1 1	+	1.23	+		1.23
								456	1.53	т		456.
								456	4.56			456. 5.79
										+		
								◊	5.79	◊		5.79

				ı	Key				D: (Drint		D: 1
TAB	4/5	IC	Σ	GT	MOD	2 TAX	(2 M	Touch	Print			Display
								*	5.79	*		
									<pf></pf>			5.79
AII	CUT	OFF	OFF	OFF	CAL	OFF	OFF	789				789.
								×	789·	×		789.
								100				100.
								=	1.00	=		
									789•00	*		
									<pf></pf>			789.00
(Don'	t do	it.)						123				123.
								+	123.00	+		123.00
								456				456.
								+	456.00	+		579.00
								*	579.00	*		
									<pf></pf>			579.00
F	4/5	OFF	OFF	OFF	CAL	ON	ON	(RESET)	<pf></pf>			
										*		
									<pf></pf>			0.
								7				7.
								+/-				-7.
								M I +	-7·	M +	MI	-7 .
								5			MI	5.
								MII+	-	3.5 A	MI	5.
								MI◊ MI*	-7· -7·	м ◊ м *	MI	-7.
								MI.,	-/· <pf></pf>	IvI ^		-7.
F	1/5	OFF	OFF	○ ₽₽	SETI	ON	ON		0.	%		- / .
£	4/3	Off	OFF	OFF	2511	ON	OIN		<pf></pf>	٦		0.
								3	1117			3.
F	4/5	OFF	OFF	OFF	CAL	ON	ON	3	3.	용		J.
_	1, 0	011	011	011	0112	01.	011		<pf></pf>	Ŭ		0.
								С	0 •	*		
									<pf></pf>			0.
F	4/5	OFF	OFF	OFF	SETI	ON	ON		3.	양		
									<pf></pf>			3.
F	4/5	OFF	OFF	OFF	CAL	ON	ON					0.
F	4/5	OFF	OFF	OFF	SETII	ON	ON					0.
								5				5.
F	4/5	OFF	OFF	OFF	CAL	ON	ON					5.
F	4/5	OFF	OFF	OFF	SETII	ON	ON					5.
F	4/5	OFF	OFF	OFF	CAL	ON	ON					5.
								CE				0.

Note 2: <PF>Paper feed

Maximum Ratings $(V_{SS} = 0 V)$

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage 1	V_{DD}	-0.3~6	V
Supply voltage (LCD drive)	V _{LC}	-0.3~V _{DD} + 0.3	V
Input voltage	V _{IN}	-0.3~V _{DD} + 0.3	V
Output voltage	V _{OUT}	-0.3~V _{DD} + 0.3	V
Output current	l _{OUT}	3.2	mA
Power dissipation	P _D	600	mW
Soldering temperature	T _{sld}	260 (10 s)	°C
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-55~125	°C
Operating temperature	T _{opr}	0~40	°C

Electrical Characteristics

Recommended Operating Conditions ($V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}, T_{opr} = 0 \sim 40^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Circuit	Test Condition	Min	Max	Unit
Operating temperature	T _{opr}	_	_	0	40	°C
		_	NORMAL	4.5		
Supply voltage	V_{DD}	_	SLOW	4.5	5.5	V
		_	HOLD	2.0		
High-level input voltage (non-schmitt circuit)	V _{IH1}		N >45V	V _{DD} × 0.7	V_{DD}	V
High-level input voltage (schmitt circuit)	V _{IH2}	_	V _{DD} ≥ 4.5 V	V _{DD} × 0.75	V _{DD}	V
High-level input voltage	V _{IH3}	_	V _{DD} < 4.5 V	V _{DD} × 0.9	V _{DD}	V
Low-level input voltage (non-schmitt circuit)	V _{IL1}		V _{DD} ≧ 4.5 V	0	V _{DD} × 0.3	V
Low-level input voltage (schmitt circuit)	V _{IL2}		עטט = 4.5 ע	0	V _{DD} × 0.25	V
Low-level input voltage	V _{IL3}	_	V _{DD} < 4.5 V	0	V _{DD} × 0.1	V



DC Characteristics ($V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}, T_{opr} = 0 \sim 40^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Circuit	Terminal	Test Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	
Hysteresis voltage (schmitt circuit)	V _{HS}	_	Hysteresis Input	_	_	0.7	_	V	
Input current	I _{IN1}	_	KO port, TEST, RESET, HOLD	V _{DD} = 5.5 V			+2	^	
input current	I _{IN2}	_	Open Drain R port, P port	V _{IN} = 5.5/0 V	_	_	± 2	μΑ	
Input resistance	R _{IN1}	_	KO port TEST with Input Resistor	V _{DD} = 5.5 V	30	70	150	kΩ	
	R _{IN2}	_	RESET, HOLD	V _{IN} = 5.5/0 V	100	220	450	 V ±2 μA 150 kΩ 	
Output leakage current	I _{LO1}		Sink Open Drain R port	V _{DD} = 5.5 V V _{OUT} = 5.5 V	_	_	2		
Output leakage current	I _{LO2}	_	Source Open Drain R port, P port	$V_{DD} = 5.5 \text{ V}$ $V_{OUT} = -1.5 \text{ V}$	_	_	-2	μΑ	
High-level output voltage	V _{OH}	_	Source Open Drain R port, P port	$V_{DD} = 5.5 \text{ V}$ $I_{OH} = -1.6 \text{ mA}$	2.4	_	_	٧	
Low-level output voltage	V _{OL}	_	Sink Open Drain R port	$V_{DD} = 5.5 \text{ V}$ $I_{OL} = 1.6 \text{ mA}$	_		0.4	٧	
Pull-down resistance	R _{OUT}	_	R port, P port	V _{DD} = 5.5 V V _{IN} = 5.5 V	30	70	150	kΩ	
Output resistance	Ros	_	SEG				35	kO	
Output resistance	R _{OC}	_	СОМ	V _{DD} = 5 V			3	K12	
	V _{O2/3}			$V_{DD} = 3 \text{ V}$	3.8	4.0	4.2	V	
Output voltage	V _{O1/2}	_	SEG/COM	VDD - VLC - 3 V	3.3	3.5	3.7		
	V _{O1/3}				2.8	3.0	3.2		
Supply current (normal)	I _{DD}	_	_	$V_{DD} = 5.5 \text{ V},$ $V_{LC} = V_{SS}$ $f_C = 4 \text{ MHz}$		3	6	mA	
Supply current (hold)	I _{DDH}	_	_	V _{DD} = 5.5 V	_	0.5	10	μА	

Note 3: Typ. values are guaranteed at $T_{opr} = 25$ °C, $V_{DD} = 5$ V.

Note 4: I_{IN1}: Excepts a current through a internal pull up/down resistor.

Note 5: ROS, ROC: Shows on-resistor at level switching.

Note 6: $V_{O2/3}$: Shows 2/3 level output voltage at which 1/4 or 1/3 duty LCD drive.

Note 7: $V_{O1/2}$: Shows 1/2 level output voltage at which 1/2 duty or static LCD drive.

Note 8: $V_{O1/3}$: Shows 1/3 level output voltage at which 1/4 or 1/3 duty LCD drive.

Note 9: I_{DD} , I_{DDH} : Current consumption at $V_{IN} = 5.3 \text{ V}/0.2 \text{ V}$

Should be under that KO port is open and R port voltage level is valid.

Oscillation Circuit (V_{SS} = 0 V, V_{DD} = 4.5~5.5 V, T_{opr} = 0~40°C)

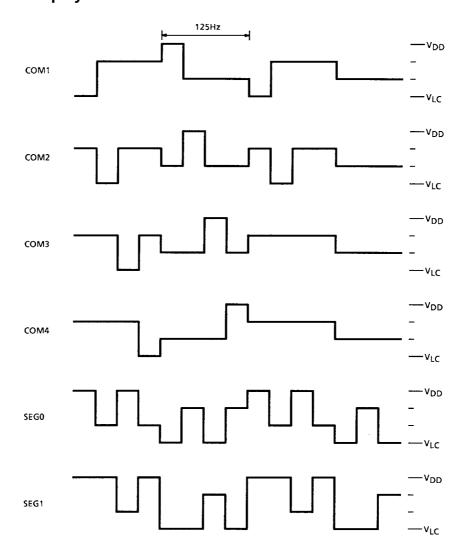
Recommended Circuit	Test Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
XIN XOUT	$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $C = 100 \text{ pF}$ $R = 1 \text{ k}\Omega \pm 2\%$	2.4	4.0	5.6	MHz

AC Characteristics (VSS = 0 V, VDD = 4.5~6.0 V, $T_{opr} = 0~40^{\circ}C$)

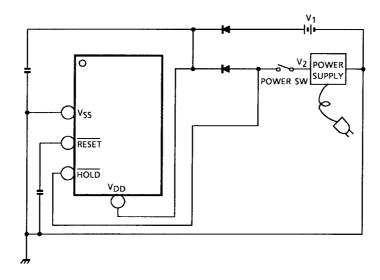
Characteristics	Symbol	Test Circuit	Test Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Instruction cycle time	tov	_	NORMAL	1.9	_	20	6
matruction cycle time	tcy		SLOW	235		267	μS
High-level clock pulse width	twch		External Clock Operation	80			ns
Low-level clock pulse width	t _{WCL}		External Glock Operation	00			ns
Shift data hold time	tsdh	_	_	0.5 tcy - 300	_		ns
High speed timer/counter input frequency	f _{HT}		_	_	_	f _c	MHz

24 2003-03-04

Waveforms for Display



The Proposal of Outer Circuit for Tax Rate Holding with Back-Up Battery.



Note 10: $V_1 = +3 \text{ V}$: Battery supply

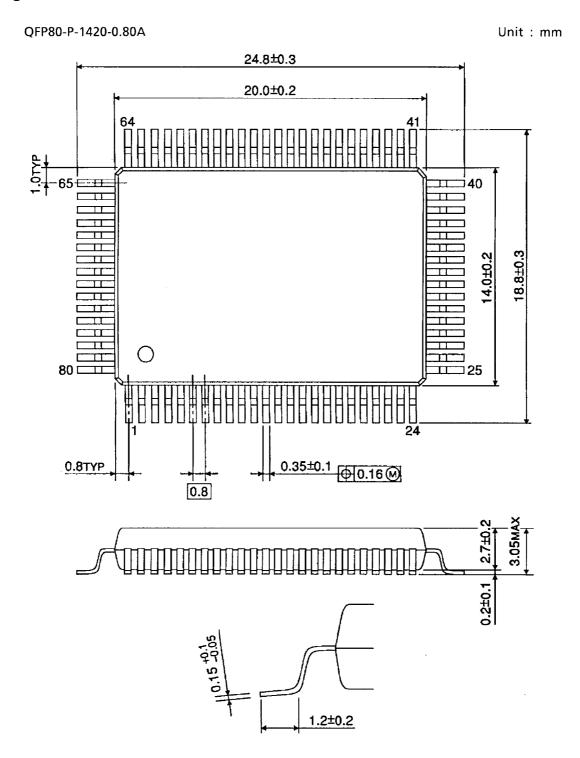
 $V_2 = +5 \text{ V: DC supply}$

 $\left(rac{\overline{HOLD}}{\overline{RESET}}
ight)$ pin is pulled down in the LSI, but normally pulled up to VDD.

- (1) Setting POWER SW to ON, V_2 is supplied to V_{DD} pin, and also to \overline{HOLD} pin. Then calculator operates normally.
- (2) Setting POWER SW from ON to OFF, V_1 is supplied to V_{DD} pin and V_{SS} is supplied to \overline{HOLD} pin. Under this connection, TAX RATE is held.
- (3) Setting POWER SW to ON, V_2 is supplied to V_{DD} pin, and also to \overline{HOLD} pin. Then calculator operates normally with TAX RATE to be held.

Note 11: V₁ (battery) should be supplied to the circuit after V₂ (DC) supply, because of prevention from exhaustion of battery and abnormal operation.

Package Dimensions



Weight: 1.52 g (typ.)

RESTRICTIONS ON PRODUCT USE

000707EBA

- TOSHIBA is continually working to improve the quality and reliability of its products. Nevertheless, semiconductor devices in general can malfunction or fail due to their inherent electrical sensitivity and vulnerability to physical stress. It is the responsibility of the buyer, when utilizing TOSHIBA products, to comply with the standards of safety in making a safe design for the entire system, and to avoid situations in which a malfunction or failure of such TOSHIBA products could cause loss of human life, bodily injury or damage to property. In developing your designs, please ensure that TOSHIBA products are used within specified operating ranges as set forth in the most recent TOSHIBA products specifications. Also, please keep in mind the precautions and conditions set forth in the "Handling Guide for Semiconductor Devices," or "TOSHIBA Semiconductor Reliability Handbook" etc..
- The TOSHIBA products listed in this document are intended for usage in general electronics applications (computer, personal equipment, office equipment, measuring equipment, industrial robotics, domestic appliances, etc.). These TOSHIBA products are neither intended nor warranted for usage in equipment that requires extraordinarily high quality and/or reliability or a malfunction or failure of which may cause loss of human life or bodily injury ("Unintended Usage"). Unintended Usage include atomic energy control instruments, airplane or spaceship instruments, transportation instruments, traffic signal instruments, combustion control instruments, medical instruments, all types of safety devices, etc.. Unintended Usage of TOSHIBA products listed in this document shall be made at the customer's own risk.
- The products described in this document are subject to the foreign exchange and foreign trade laws.
- The information contained herein is presented only as a guide for the applications of our products. No responsibility is assumed by TOSHIBA CORPORATION for any infringements of intellectual property or other rights of the third parties which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any intellectual property or other rights of TOSHIBA CORPORATION or others.
- The information contained herein is subject to change without notice.