

## TFT LCD Preliminary Specification

# MODEL NO.: V420H1 - L03

<b>LCD TV Head Division</b>
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**REVISION HISTORY**

Version	Date	Page (New)	Section	Description
Ver 1.0	July.27.'05	All	All	Preliminary Specification was first issued.
Ver 1.1	Aug.31.05	4	1.2	Feature
			1.5	High Brightness 550 nits
		6	2.2.2	Weight Min.11000 Typ.11200 Max.11400
		9	3.2.2	Note (3) External PWM Control and Internal/External PWM Selection.
				Inverter characteristics
				Power consumption (Typ.) 187
				Power supply current (Typ.)7.8
		11	3.2.3	Inverter Interface Characteristic
				Internal/External PWM Select Voltage
				External PWM Control Voltage
				PWM Signal Rising Time
				PWM Signal Falling Time
		12	3.2.3	Note(1) The SEL signal should be valid before backlight turns on by BLON signal. It is inhibited to change the internal/external PWM selection (SEL) during backlight turn on period.
		13	4.1	Inverter Interface Characteristics
		16	5.4	TFT LCD Module
				Inverter Unit
				CN1(Header): S14B-PH-SM3-TB (D)(LF)(JST)
				Pin No.11 SEL
				Pin No.12 E_PWM
				Pin No.13 I_PWM
				Pin No.14 BLON
		17		CN27-CN30 (Header): LM1139-020-TF1-3(Unicorn) or equivalent
		25	7.2	Optical Specifications
				Update Color Chromaticity and color gamut data
		33-35	11	Mechanical Characteristics

## 1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

### 1.1 OVERVIEW

V420H1- L03 is a 42" TFT Liquid Crystal Display module with 24-CCFL Backlight unit and 2ch-LVDS interface. This module supports 1920 x 1080 HDTV format and can display true 16.7M colors (8-bit/color). The inverter module for backlight is built-in.

### 1.2 FEATURES

- Ultra wide viewing angle – Super MVA technology
- High brightness (550 nits)
- High contrast ratio (1000:1)
- Fast response time (8 ms)
- High color saturation (NTSC 75%)
- HD (1920 x 1080 pixels) resolution
- DE (Data Enable) only mode
- LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) interface
- 180 degree rotation display option
- Optimized response time for 50 / 60 Hz frame rate

### 1.3 APPLICATION

- TFT LCD TVs

### 1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Area	930.24(H) x 523.26 (V) (42.02" diagonal)	mm	(1)
Bezel Opening Area	938.3 (H) x 531.3 (V)	mm	
Driver Element	a-si TFT active matrix	-	-
Pixel Number	1920x R.G.B. x 1080	pixel	-
Pixel Pitch(Sub Pixel)	0.1615 (H) x 0.4845 (V)	mm	-
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe	-	-
Display Colors	16.7M	color	-
Display Operation Mode	Transmissive mode / Normally black	-	-
Surface Treatment	Anti-reflective coating Hard coating (3H) Reflection rate : < 2%	-	-

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings in chapter 9 for more information about the front and back outlines.

### 1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Module Size	Horizontal(H)	982.3	983	984	mm	Note (1)
	Vertical(V)	575.3	576	577	mm	
	Depth(D)	W/PCB-Cover	43.1	43.8	44.8	
W/I INV		52.3	53	54	mm	
Weight		11000	11200	11400	g	-

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.

## 2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

### 2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

Item	Symbol	Value		Unit	Note
		Min.	Max.		
Storage Temperature	T <sub>ST</sub>	-20	+60	°C	(1)
Operating Ambient Temperature	T <sub>OP</sub>	0	50	°C	(1), (2)
Shock (Non-Operating)	S <sub>NOP</sub>	-	(50)	G	(3), (5)
Vibration (Non-Operating)	V <sub>NOP</sub>	-	1.0	G	(4), (5)

Note (1) Temperature and relative humidity range is shown in the figure below.

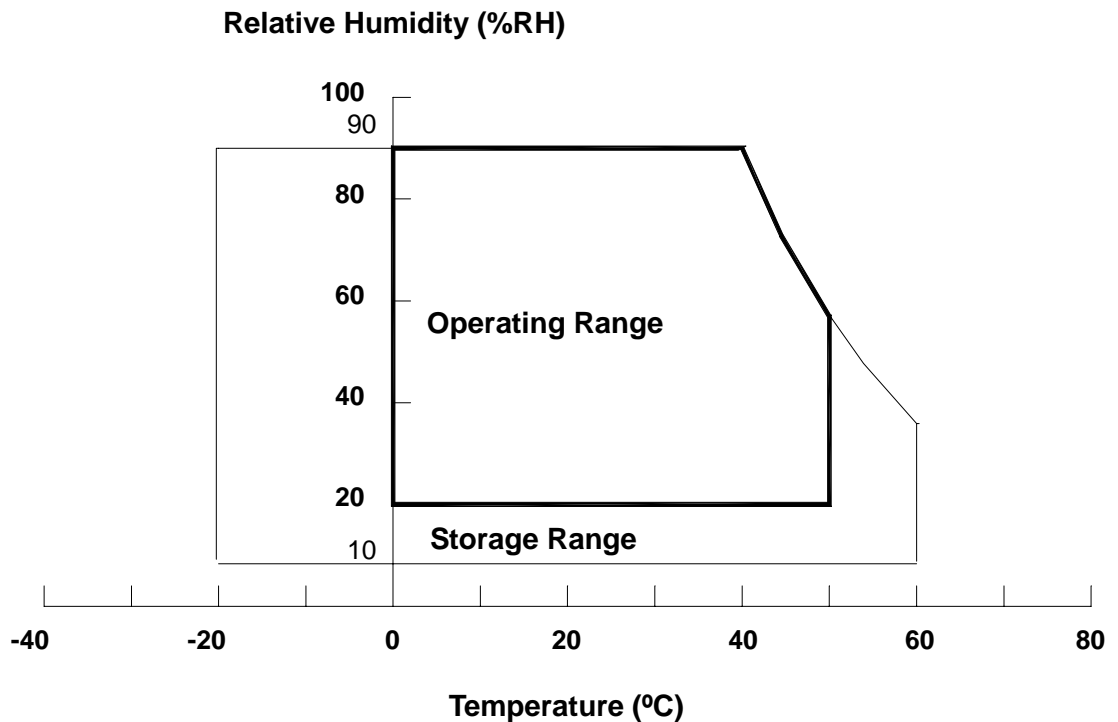
- (a) 90 %RH Max. (Ta ≤ 40 °C).
- (b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max. (Ta > 40 °C).
- (c) No condensation.

Note (2) The maximum operating temperature is based on the test condition that the surface temperature of display area is less than or equal to 60 °C with LCD module alone in a temperature controlled chamber. Thermal management should be considered in final product design to prevent the surface temperature of display area from being over 60 °C. The range of operating temperature may degrade in case of improper thermal management in final product design.

Note (3) 11 ms, half sine wave, 1 time for ± X, ± Y, ± Z.

Note (4) 10 ~ 200 Hz, 10 min, 1 time each X, Y, Z.

Note (5) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the module has to be hard and rigid enough so that the module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture.



## 2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

### 2.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Item	Symbol	Value		Unit	Note
		Min.	Max.		
Power Supply Voltage	$V_{CC}$	-0.3	20	V	(1)
Logic Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$	-0.3	(3.6)	V	

### 2.2.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Item	Symbol	Value		Unit	Note
		Min.	Max.		
Lamp Voltage	$V_W$	-	3000	$V_{RMS}$	
Power Supply Voltage	$V_{BL}$	0	30	V	(1)
Control Signal Level	-	-0.3	7	V	(1), (3)

Note (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Function operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.

Note (2) No moisture condensation or freezing.

Note (3) The control signals includes On/Off Control, Internal PWM Control, External PWM Control and Internal/External PWM Selection.

### 3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

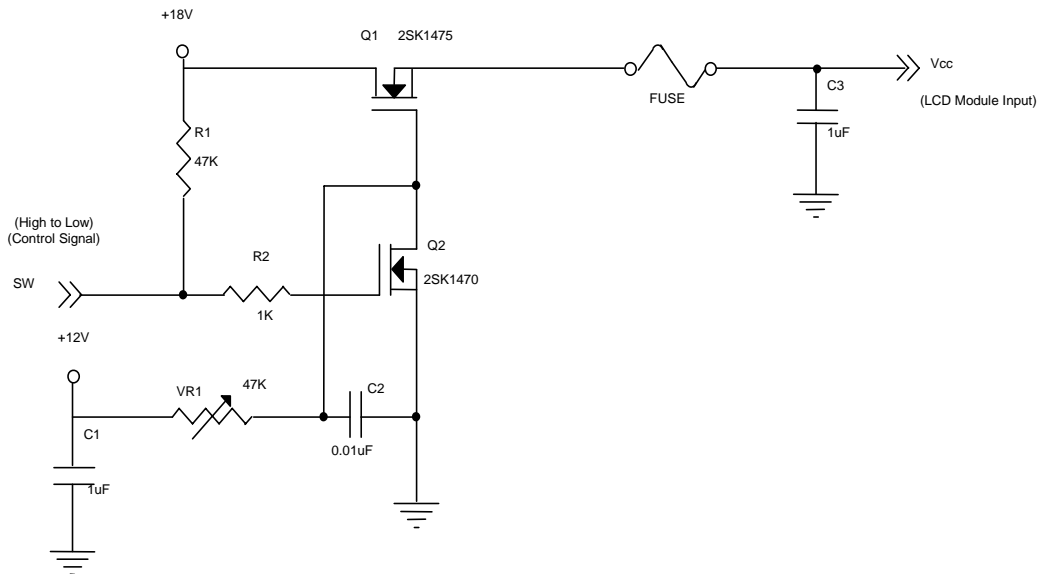
#### 3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Ta = 25 ± 2 °C

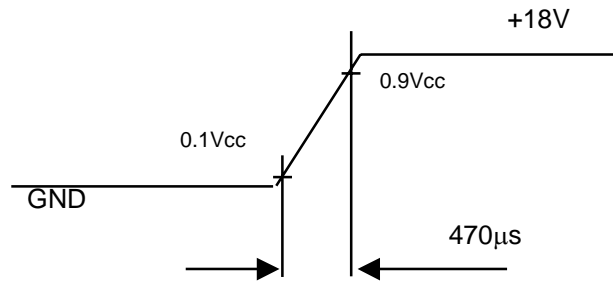
Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit	Note	
		Min.	Typ.	Max.			
Power Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	16.2	18	19.8	V	(1)	
Ripple Voltage	V <sub>RP</sub>	-	-	350	mV	-	
Rush Current	I <sub>RUSH</sub>	-	3.5	-	A	(2)	
Power Supply Current	White	-	0.75	-	A	(3)a	
	Black	-	0.30	-	A	(3)b	
	Vertical Stripe	-	0.55	-	A	(3)c	
LVDS differential input high threshold voltage	V <sub>TH</sub>	-	-	+100	mV	-	
LVDS differential input low threshold voltage	V <sub>TL</sub>	-100	-	-	mV	-	
LVDS common input voltage	V <sub>IC</sub>	1.125	1.25	1.375	V	-	
Terminating Resistor	R <sub>T</sub>	-	100	-	ohm	-	
CMOS interface	Input High Threshold Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	2.7	-	3.3	V	-
	Input Low Threshold Voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	0	-	0.7	V	-

Note (1) The module should be always operated within the above ranges.

Note (2) Measurement condition:

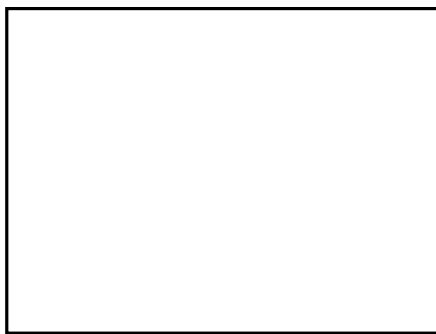


**Vcc rising time is 470μs**



Note (3) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at V<sub>cc</sub> = 18 V, T<sub>a</sub> = 25 ± 2 °C, f<sub>v</sub> = 60 Hz, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.

a. White Pattern

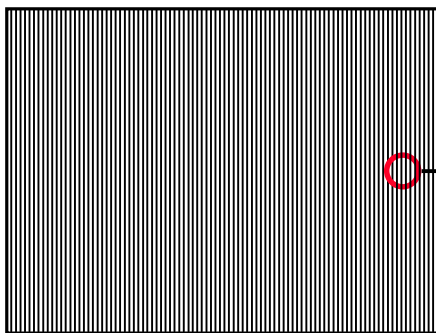


Active Area

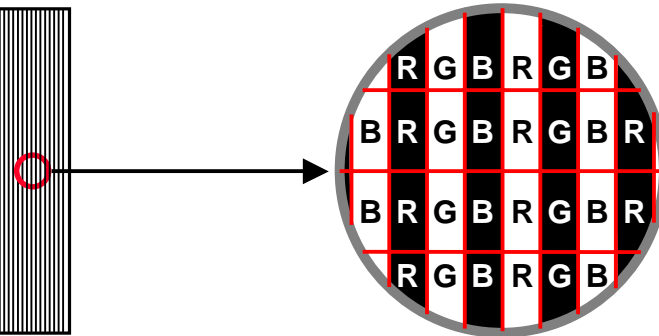
b. Black Pattern



c. Vertical Stripe Pattern



Active Area





### 3.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

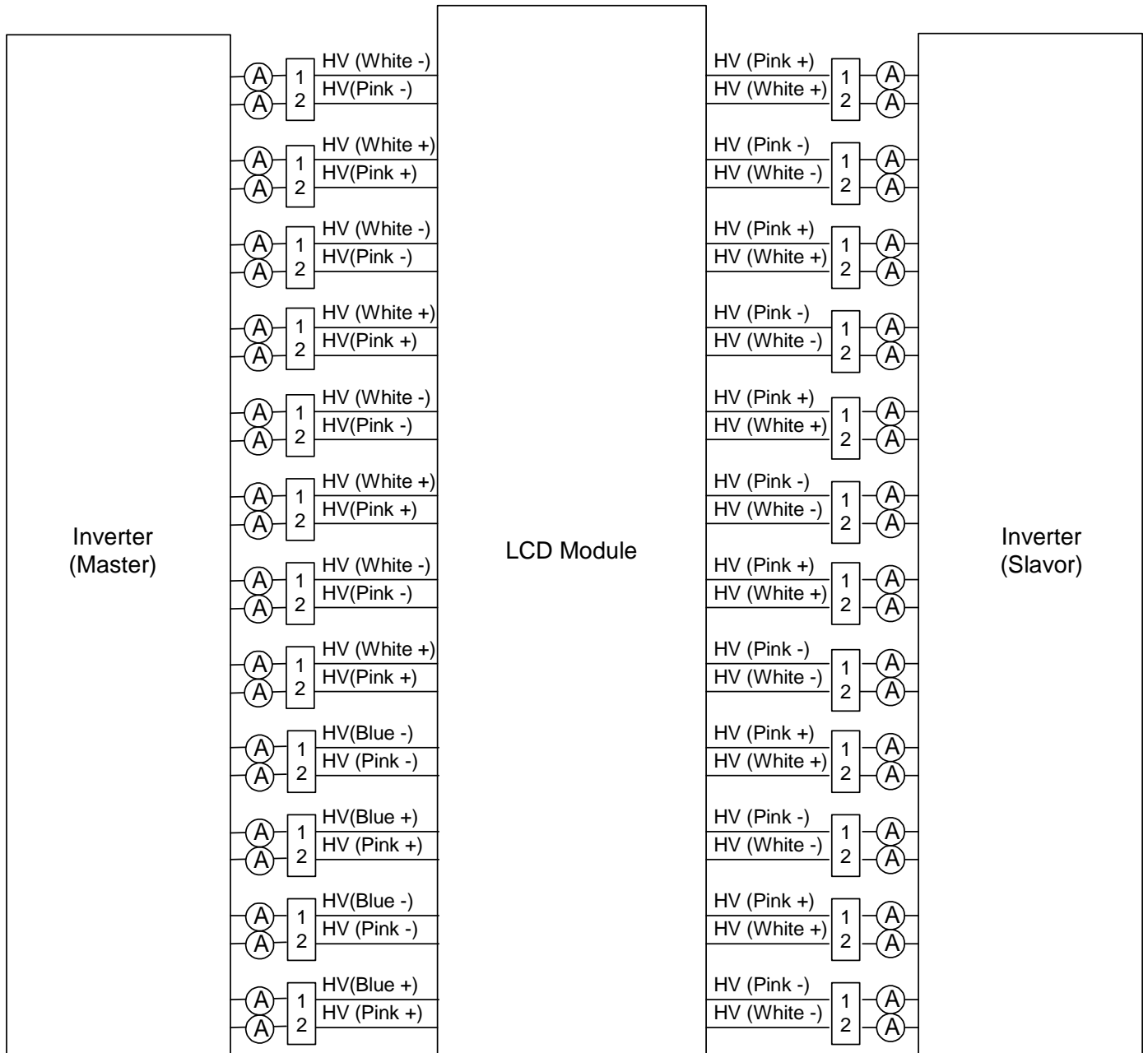
#### 3.2.1 CCFL (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp) CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = 25 ± 2 °C)

Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit	Note
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Lamp Input Voltage	V <sub>L</sub>	---	1390	---	V <sub>RMS</sub>	I <sub>L</sub> = 5.0 mA
Lamp Current	I <sub>L</sub>	4.5	5.0	5.5	mA <sub>RMS</sub>	(1)
Lamp Starting Voltage	V <sub>S</sub>	-	-	2055	V <sub>RMS</sub>	(2), Ta = 0 °C,
		-	-	1740	V <sub>RMS</sub>	(2), Ta = 25 °C
Operating Frequency	F <sub>L</sub>	40	-	70	KHz	(3)
Lamp Life Time	L <sub>BL</sub>	50,000	-	-	Hrs	(4)

#### 3.2.2 INVERTER CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = 25 ± 2 °C)

Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit	Note
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Power Consumption	P <sub>BL</sub>	-	187	-	W	(5), I <sub>L</sub> = 5.0mA
Power Supply Voltage	V <sub>BL</sub>	22.8	24	25.2	V <sub>DC</sub>	
Power Supply Current	I <sub>BL</sub>	-	7.8	-	A	Non Dimming
Input Ripple Noise	-	-	-	500	mV <sub>P-P</sub>	V <sub>BL</sub> =22.8V
Backlight Turn on Voltage	V <sub>BS</sub>	2055	-	-	V <sub>RMS</sub>	Ta = 0 °C
		1740	-	-	V <sub>RMS</sub>	Ta = 25 °C
Oscillating Frequency	F <sub>W</sub>	47	50	53	kHz	
Dimming frequency	F <sub>B</sub>	150	160	170	Hz	
Minimum Duty Ratio	D <sub>MIN</sub>	-	20	-	%	

Note (1) Lamp current is measured by utilizing high frequency current meters as shown below:



Note (2) The lamp starting voltage  $V_s$  should be applied to the lamp for more than 1 second after startup.

Otherwise the lamp may not be turned on.

Note (3) The lamp frequency may produce interference with horizontal synchronous frequency of the display input signals, and it may result in line flow on the display. In order to avoid interference, the lamp frequency should be detached from the horizontal synchronous frequency and its harmonics as far as possible.

Note (4) The life time of a lamp is defined as when the brightness is larger than 50% of its original value and the effective discharge length is longer than 80% of its original length (Effective discharge length is defined as an area that has equal to or more than 70% brightness compared to the brightness at the center point of lamp.) as the time in which it continues to operate under the condition at  $T_a = 25 \pm 2$

and  $I_L = 4.5 \sim 5.5$  mArms.

Note (5) The power supply capacity should be higher than the total inverter power consumption  $P_{BL}$ . Since the pulse width modulation (PWM) mode was applied for backlight dimming, the driving current changed as PWM duty on and off. The transient response of power supply should be considered for the changing loading when inverter dimming.

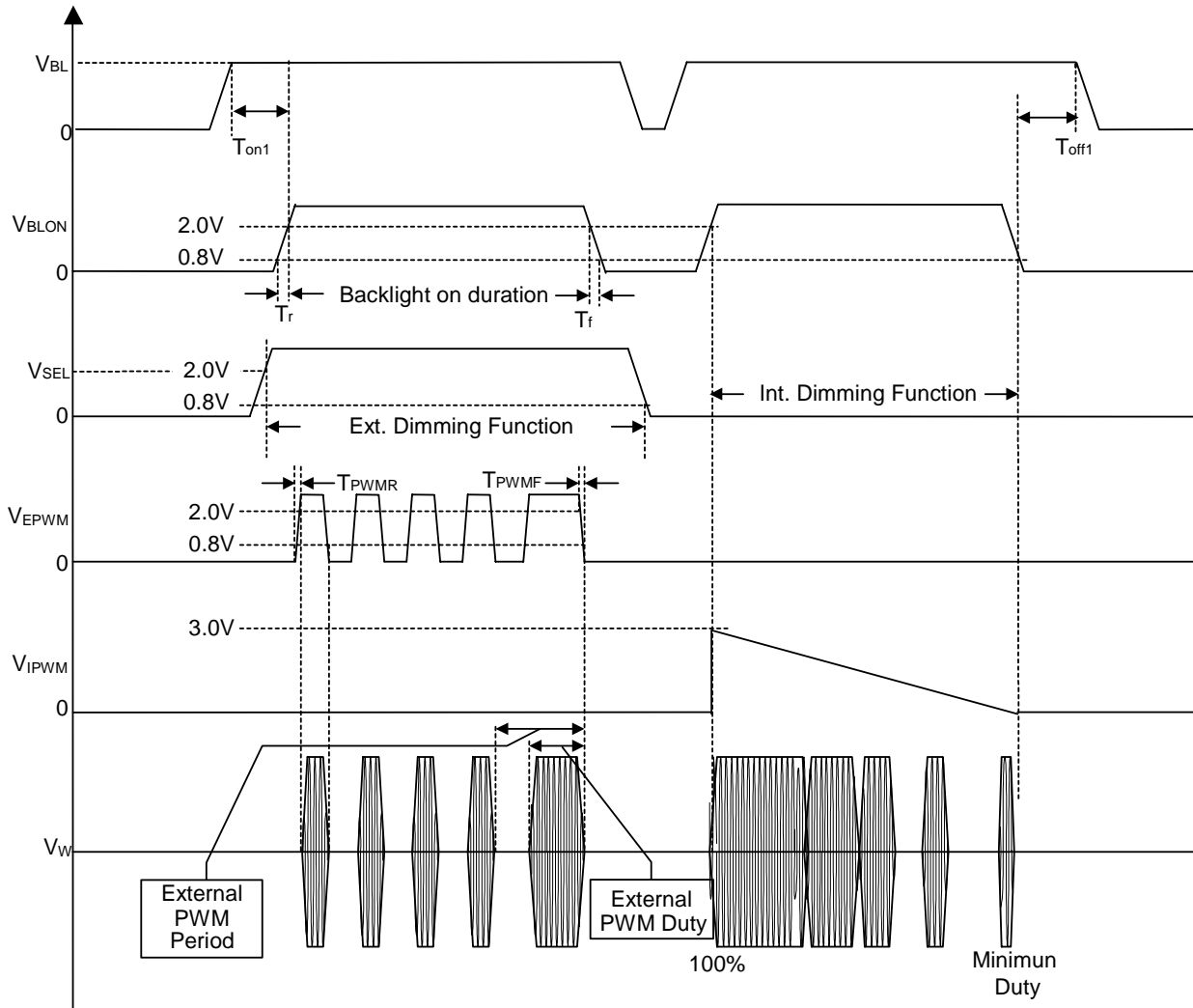
### 3.2.3 INVERTER INTERFACE CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Value			Unit	Note	
			Min.	Typ.	Max.			
On/Off Control Voltage	ON	$V_{BLON}$	-	2.0	-	5.0	V	
	OFF		-	0	-	0.8	V	
Internal/External PWM Select Voltage	HI	$V_{SEL}$	-	2.0	-	5.0	V	
	LO		-	0	-	0.8	V	
Internal PWM Control Voltage	MAX	$V_{IPWM}$	$V_{SEL} = L$	-	-	3.0	V	maximum duty ratio
	MIN			-	0	-	V	minimum duty ratio
External PWM Control Voltage	HI	$V_{EPWM}$	$V_{SEL} = H$	2.0	-	5.0	V	duty on
	LO			0	-	0.8	V	duty off
Control Signal Rising Time	$T_r$	-	-	-	100	ms		
Control Signal Falling Time	$T_f$	-	-	-	100	ms		
PWM Signal Rising Time	$T_{PWMR}$	-	-	-	50	us		
PWM Signal Falling Time	$T_{PWMF}$	-	-	-	50	us		
Input impedance	$R_{IN}$	-	1	-	-	M		
BLON Delay Time	$T_{on}$	-	1	-	-	ms		
BLON Off Time	$T_{off}$	-	1	-	-	ms		

Note (1) The SEL signal should be valid before backlight turns on by BLON signal. It is inhibited to change the internal/external PWM selection (SEL) during backlight turn on period.

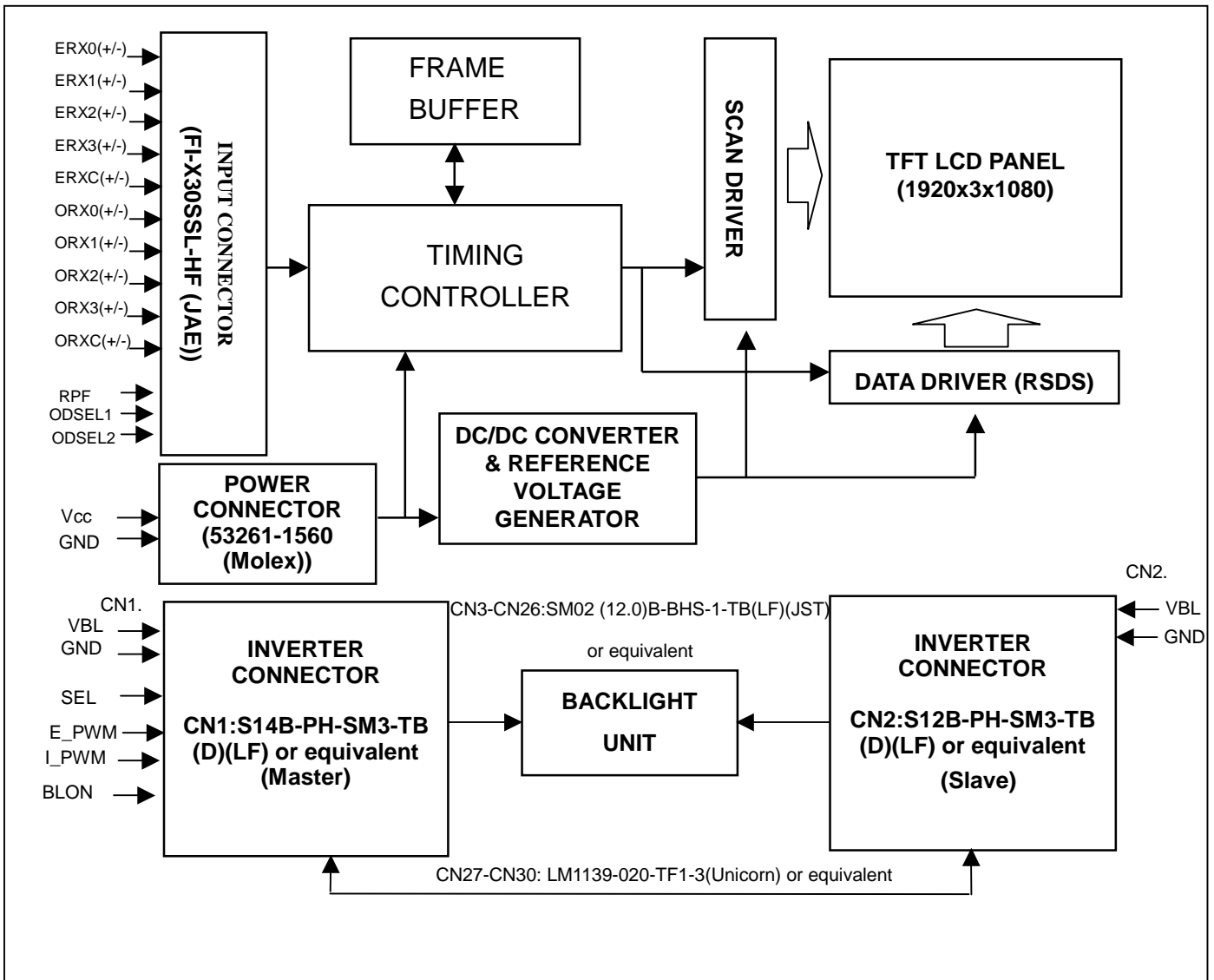
Note (2) The power sequence and control signal timing are shown in the following figure.

Note (3) The power sequence and control signal timing must follow the figure below. For a certain reason, the inverter has a possibility to be damaged with wrong power sequence and control signal timing.



## 4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

### 4.1 TFT LCD MODULE



## 5. V420H1-L03 LCD INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT

### 5.1 TFT LCD MODULE SIGNAL INPUT

#### CNF1 Connector Pin Assignment (1)

Pin	Name	Description	Note
1	NC	No Connection	(4)
2	RPF	Display Rotation	(3)
3	NC	No Connection	(4)
4	NC	No Connection	
5	NC	No Connection	
6	ODSEL1	Overdrive Lookup Table Selection	(5)
7	ODSEL2	Overdrive Lookup Table Selection	
8	GND	Ground	
9	ERX0-	Even pixel, negative LVDS differential data input, channel 0	
10	ERX0+	Even pixel, positive LVDS differential data input, channel 0	
11	ERX1-	Even pixel, negative LVDS differential data input, channel 1	
12	ERX1+	Even pixel, positive LVDS differential data input, channel 1	
13	ERX2-	Even pixel, negative LVDS differential data input, channel 2	
14	ERX2+	Even pixel, positive LVDS differential data input, channel 2	
15	ECLK-	Even pixel, negative LVDS differential clock input	
16	ECLK+	Even pixel, positive LVDS differential clock input	
17	ERX3-	Even pixel, negative LVDS differential data input, channel 3	
18	ERX3+	Even pixel, positive LVDS differential data input, channel 3	
19	GND	Ground	
20	ORX0-	Odd pixel, negative LVDS differential data input, channel 0	
21	ORX0+	Odd pixel, positive LVDS differential data input, channel 0	
22	ORX1-	Odd pixel, negative LVDS differential data input, channel 1	
23	ORX1+	Odd pixel, positive LVDS differential data input, channel 1	
24	ORX2-	Odd pixel, negative LVDS differential data input, channel 2	
25	ORX2+	Odd pixel, positive LVDS differential data input, channel 2	
26	OCLK-	Odd pixel, negative LVDS differential clock input	
27	OCLK+	Odd pixel, positive LVDS differential clock input	
28	ORX3-	Odd pixel, negative LVDS differential data input, channel 3	
29	ORX3+	Odd pixel, positive LVDS differential data input, channel 3	
30	GND	Ground	

## 5.2 TFT LCD MODULE Power input

### CNF2 Connector Pin Assignment (2)

Pin	Name	Description	Note
1	VCC	Power input (+18V)	
2	VCC	Power input (+18V)	
3	VCC	Power input (+18V)	
4	VCC	Power input (+18V)	
5	VCC	Power input (+18V)	
6	GND	Ground	
7	GND	Ground	
8	GND	Ground	
9	GND	Ground	
10	GND	Ground	
11	NC	No Connection	(4)
12	NC	No Connection	
13	NC	No Connection	
14	NC	No Connection	
15	NC	No Connection	

Note (1) CNF1 Connector part no.: FI-X30SSL-HF (JAE) or equivalent.

Note (2) CNF2 Connector part no.: 53261-1560 (Molex) or equivalent.

Note (3) Low : normal display (default), High : display with 180 degree rotation

Note (4) Reserved for internal use. Please leave it open.

Note (5) Overdrive lookup table selection. The overdrive lookup table should be selected in accordance with the frame rate to optimize image quality.

ODSEL2	ODSEL1	Note
L	L	Lookup table was optimized for 60 Hz frame rate.
L	H	Lookup table was optimized for 50 Hz frame rate.
H	L	Reserved. Do not use.
H	H	Reserved. Do not use.

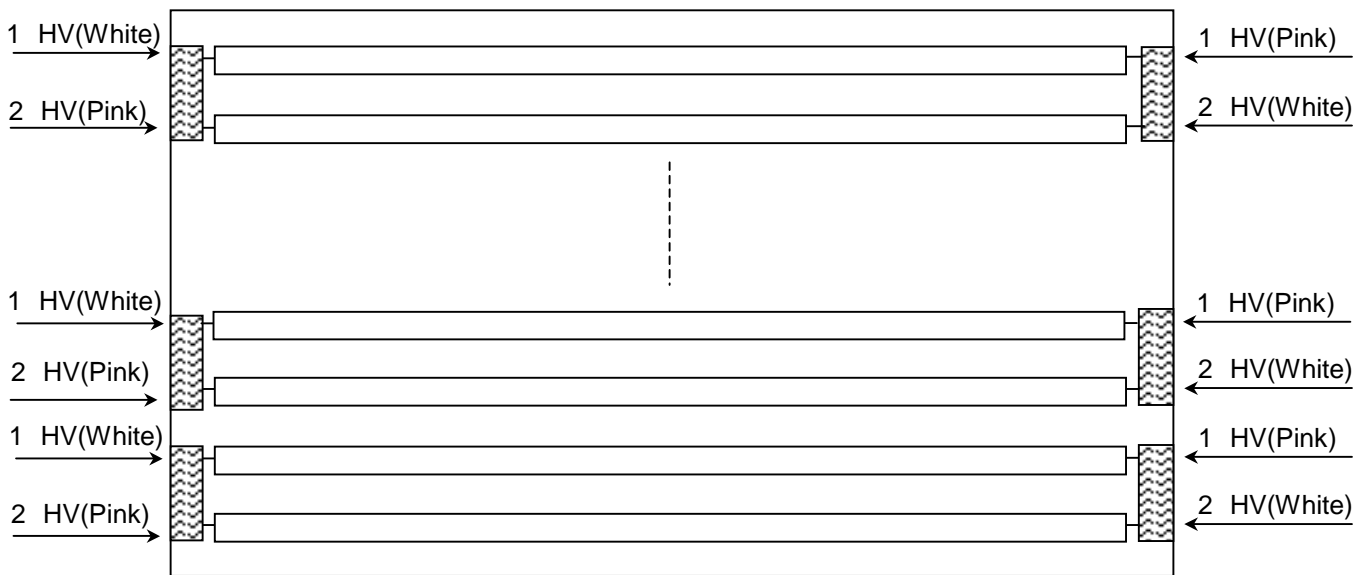
## 5.3 BACKLIGHT UNIT

The pin configuration for the housing and leader wire is shown in the table below.

### CN3-CN26: BHR-04VS-1 (JST).

Pin	Name	Description	Wire Color
1	HV	High Voltage	Pink
2	HV	High Voltage	White

Note (1) The backlight interface housing for high voltage side is a model BHR-04VS-1, manufactured by JST. The mating header on inverter part number is SM02(12.0)B-BHS-1-TB(LF).



#### 5.4 INVERTER UNIT

CN1 (Header): S14B-PH-SM3-TB (D)(LF)(JST) or equivalent.

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	VBL	+24V <sub>DC</sub> power input
2		
3		
4		
5		
6	GND	GND
7		
8		
9		
10		
11	SEL	Internal/external PWM selection High : external dimming Low : internal dimming
12	E_PWM	External PWM control signal E_PWM should be connected to ground when internal PWM was selected (SEL = Low).
13	I_PWM	Internal PWM Control Signal I_PWM should be connected to ground when external PWM was selected (SEL = High).
14	BLON	Backlight on/off control



CN2 (Header): S12B-PH-SM3-TB (D)(LF)(JST) or equivalent.

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	VBL	+24V <sub>DC</sub> power input
2		
3		
4		
5		
6	GND	GND
7		
8		
9		
10		
11	NC	NC
12	NC	NC

CN3-CN26 (Header): SM02(12.0)B-BHS-1-TB (LF)(JST) or equivalent

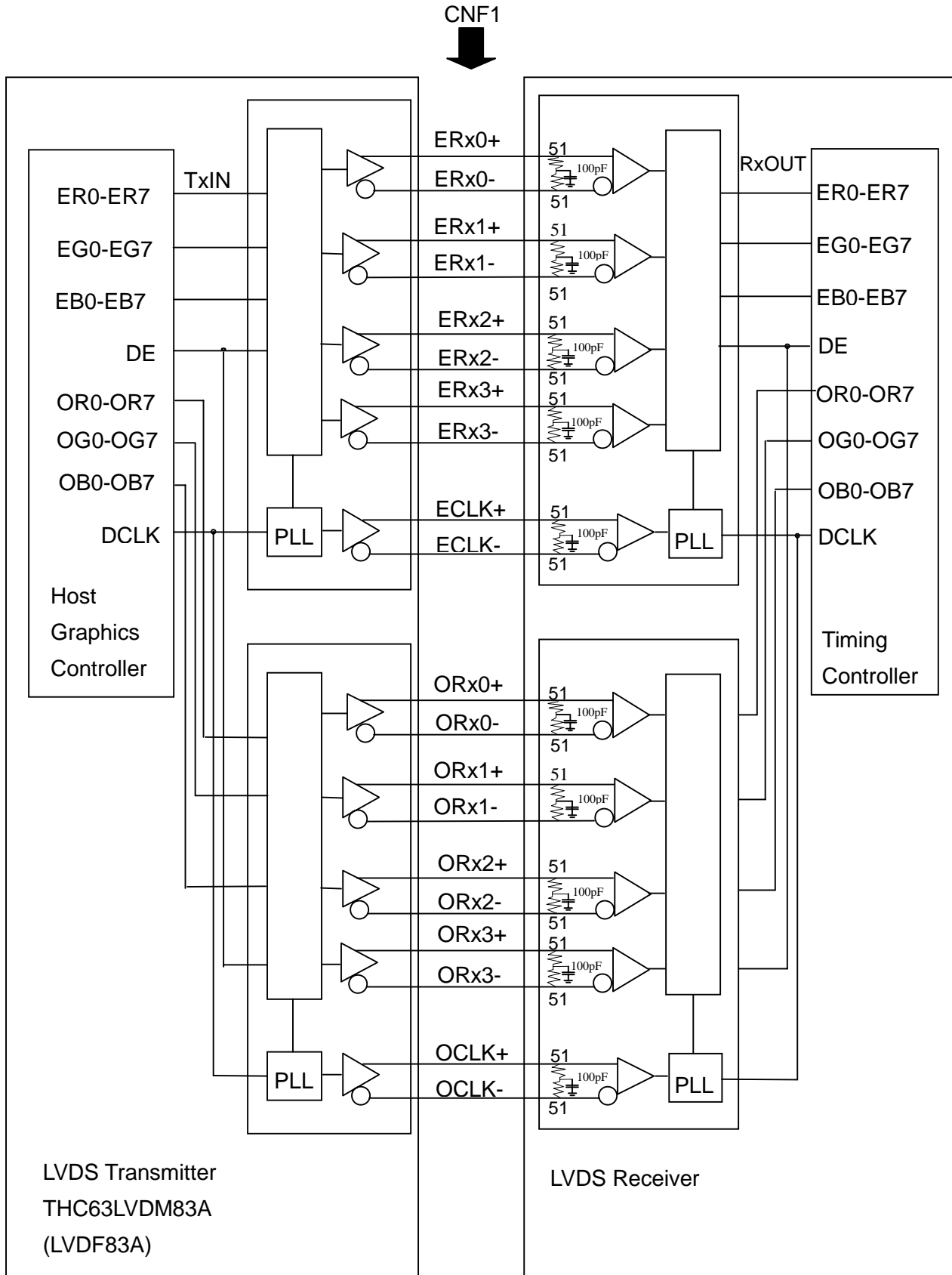
Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	CCFL HOT	CCFL high voltage
2	CCFL HOT	CCFL high voltage

CN27-CN30 (Header): LM1139-020-TF1-3(Unicorn) or equivalent

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	Control Signal	Board to Board
2		Board to Board
3		Board to Board
4		Board to Board
5		Board to Board
6		Board to Board
7		Board to Board
8		Board to Board
9		Board to Board
10		Board to Board
11		Board to Board
12		Board to Board
13		Board to Board
14		Board to Board
15		Board to Board
16		Board to Board
17		Board to Board
18		Board to Board
19		Board to Board
20		Board to Board

Note (1) Floating of any control signal is not allowed.

**5.5 BLOCK DIAGRAM OF INTERFACE**



ER0~ER7 : Even pixel R data  
EG0~EG7 : Even pixel G data  
EB0~EB7 : Even pixel B data  
OR0~OR7 : Odd pixel R data  
OG0~OG7 : Odd pixel G data  
OB0~OB7 : Odd pixel B data  
DE : Data enable signal  
DCLK : Data clock signal

Note (1) The system must have the transmitter to drive the module.

Note (2) LVDS cable impedance shall be 50 ohms per signal line or about 100 ohms per twist-pair line when it is used differentially.

Note (3) Two pixel data send into the module for every clock cycle. The first pixel of the frame is even pixel and the second pixel is odd pixel.

**5.6 LVDS INTERFACE**

	SIGNAL	TRANSMITTER THC63LVDM83A		INTERFACE CONNECTOR		RECEIVER THC63LVDF84A		TFT CONTROL INPUT
		PIN	INPUT	Host	TFT-LCD	PIN	OUTPUT	
24bit	R0	51	TxIN0	TA OUT0+	Rx 0+	27	Rx OUT0	R0
	R1	52	TxIN1			29	Rx OUT1	R1
	R2	54	TxIN2			30	Rx OUT2	R2
	R3	55	TxIN3	TA OUT0-	Rx 0-	32	Rx OUT3	R3
	R4	56	TxIN4			33	Rx OUT4	R4
	R5	3	TxIN6			35	Rx OUT6	R5
	G0	4	TxIN7	TA OUT1+	Rx 1+	37	Rx OUT7	G0
	G1	6	TxIN8			38	Rx OUT8	G1
	G2	7	TxIN9			39	Rx OUT9	G2
	G3	11	TxIN12	TA OUT1-	Rx 1-	43	Rx OUT12	G3
	G4	12	TxIN13			45	Rx OUT13	G4
	G5	14	TxIN14			46	Rx OUT14	G5
	B0	15	TxIN15	TA OUT2+	Rx 2+	47	Rx OUT15	B0
	B1	19	TxIN18			51	Rx OUT18	B1
	B2	20	TxIN19			53	Rx OUT19	B2
	B3	22	TxIN20	TA OUT2-	Rx 2-	54	Rx OUT20	B3
	B4	23	TxIN21			55	Rx OUT21	B4
	B5	24	TxIN22			1	Rx OUT22	B5
	DE	30	TxIN26	TA OUT3+	Rx 3+	6	Rx OUT26	DE
	R6	50	TxIN27			7	Rx OUT27	R6
	R7	2	TxIN5			34	Rx OUT5	R7
	G6	8	TxIN10	TA OUT3-	Rx 3-	41	Rx OUT10	G6
	G7	10	TxIN11			42	Rx OUT11	G7
	B6	16	TxIN16			49	Rx OUT16	B6
	B7	18	TxIN17			50	Rx OUT17	B7
RSVD 1	25	TxIN23			2	Rx OUT23	Not connect	
RSVD 2	27	TxIN24			3	Rx OUT24	Not connect	
RSVD 3	28	TxIN25			5	Rx OUT25	Not connect	
	DCLK	31	TxCLK IN	TxCLK OUT+ TxCLK OUT-	RxCLK IN+ RxCLK IN-	26	RxCLK OUT	DCLK

R0~R7: Pixel R Data (7; MSB, 0; LSB)

G0~G7: Pixel G Data (7; MSB, 0; LSB)

B0~B7: Pixel B Data (7; MSB, 0; LSB)

DE : Data enable signal

DCLK : Data clock signal

Notes (1) RSVD(reserved)pins on the transmitter shall be "H" or "L".

### 5.7 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of the color versus data input.

Color		Data Signal																							
		Red								Green								Blue							
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
Basic Colors	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Gray Scale Of Red	Red (0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Red (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Red (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮			
	Red (253)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Red (254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Red (255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Gray Scale Of Green	Green (0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Green (1)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Green (2)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
⋮		⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮			
Green (253)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Green (254)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Green (255)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Gray Scale Of Blue		Blue (0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Blue (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		
	Blue (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		
	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮			
	Blue (253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0		
	Blue (254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0		
	Blue (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		

Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage

## 6. INTERFACE TIMING

### 6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

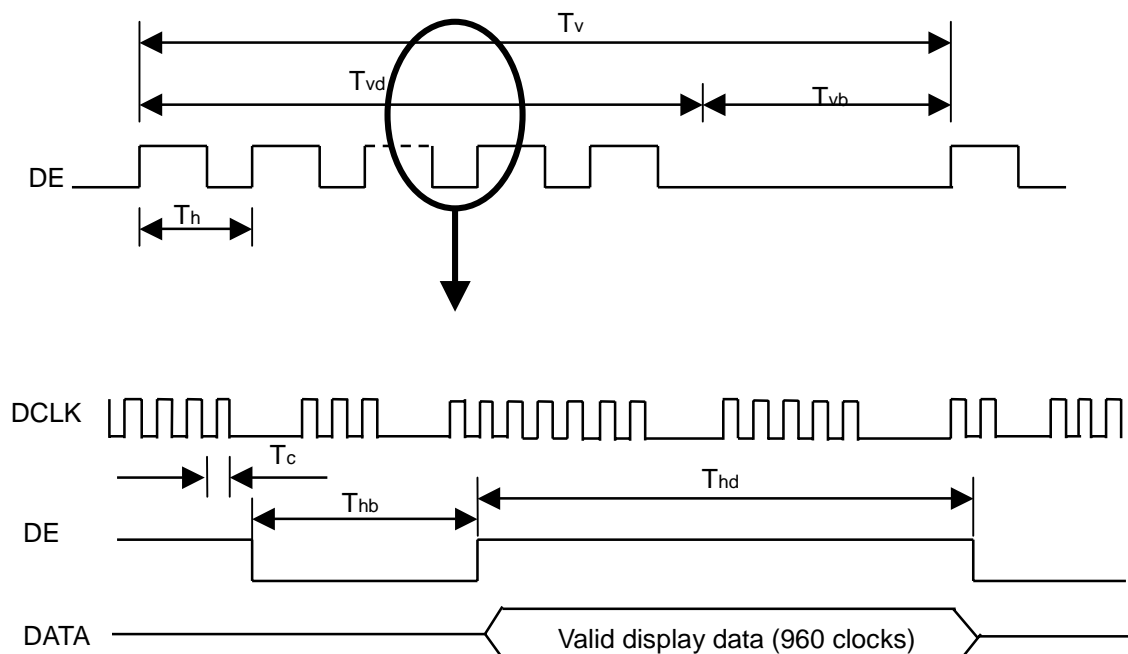
Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
LVDS Receiver Clock	Frequency	1/Tc	60	74	80	MHZ	-
	Input cycle to cycle jitter	Trcl	-	-	200	ps	-
LVDS Receiver Data	Setup Time	Tlvsu	600	-	-	ps	-
	Hold Time	Tlvhd	600	-	-	ps	-
Vertical Active Display Term	Frame Rate	Fr5	47	50	53	Hz	(2)
		Fr6	57	60	63	Hz	(3)
	Total	Tv	1115	1125	1135	Th	Tv=Tvd+Tvb
	Display	Tvd	1080	1080	1080	Th	-
	Blank	Tvb	35	45	55	Th	-
Horizontal Active Display Term	Total	Th	2100	2200	2300	Tc	Th=Thd+Thb
	Display	Thd	1920	1920	1920	Tc	-
	Blank	Thb	180	280	380	Tc	-

Note (1) Since this module is operated in DE only mode, Hsync and Vsync input signals should be set to low logic level. Otherwise, this module would operate abnormally.

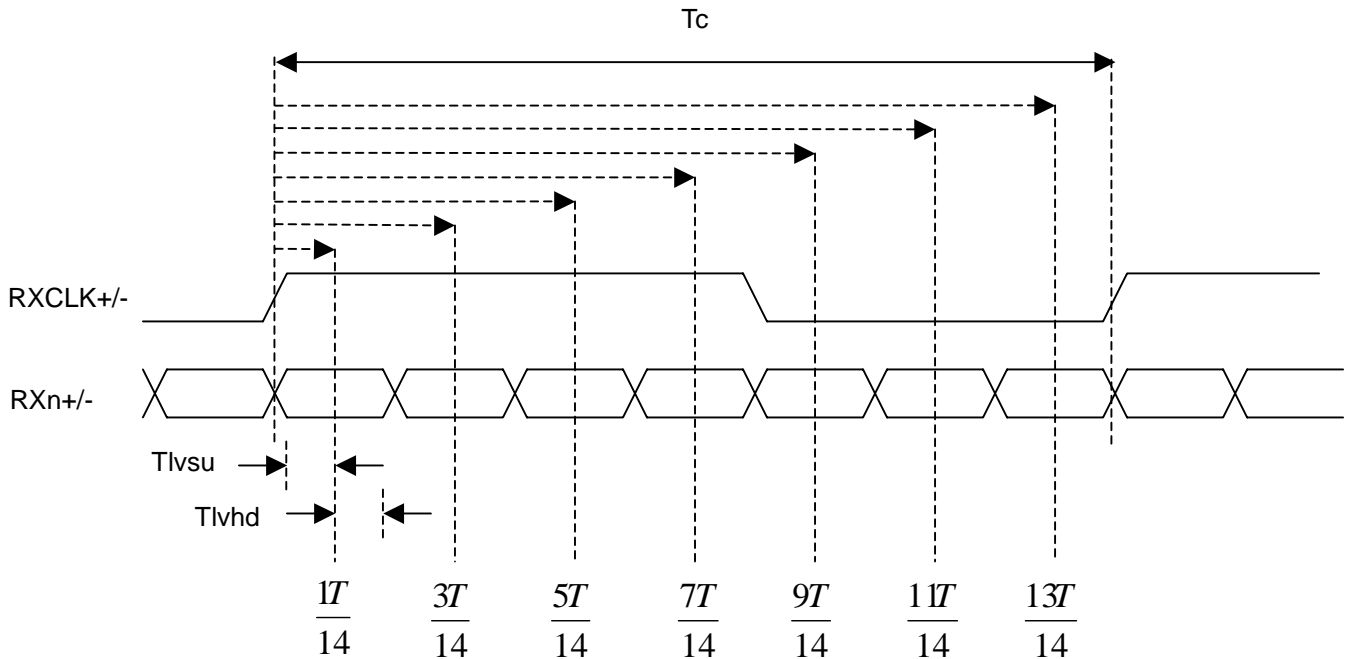
Note (2) (ODSEL2, ODSEL1) = (L,H). Please refer to 5.1 for detail information.

Note (3) (ODSEL2, ODSEL1) = (L,L). Please refer to 5.1 for detail information.

### INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM

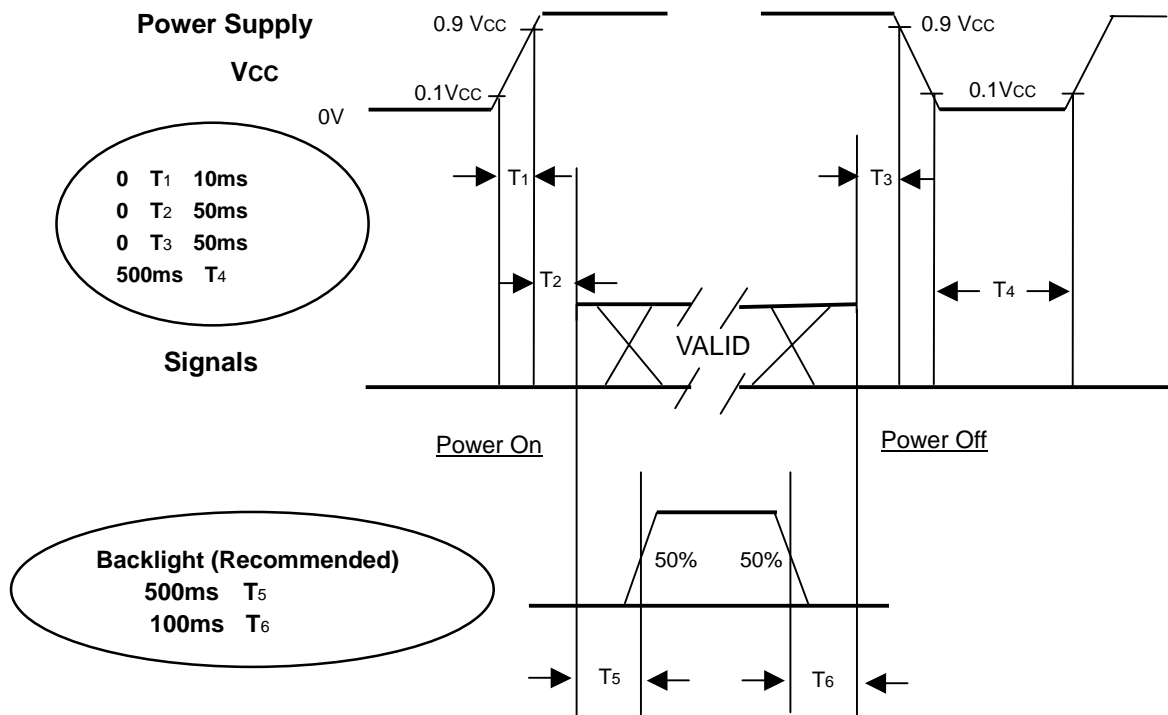


**LVDS RECEIVER INTERFACE TIMING DIAGRAM**



**6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE**

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of LCD module, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



**Power ON/OFF**

- Note (1) The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should follow the definition of Vcc.
- Note (2) Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operation range. When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation or the LCD turns off before the backlight turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.
- Note (3) In case of VCC is in off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low or high impedance.
- Note (4) T4 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- Note (5) Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.



## 7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### 7.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit
Ambient Temperature	Ta	25±2	°C
Ambient Humidity	Ha	50±10	%RH
Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	18	V
Input Signal	According to typical value in "3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS"		
Lamp Current	I <sub>L</sub>	5.0±0.5	mA
Oscillating Frequency (Inverter)	F <sub>L</sub>	50±3	KHz
Frame Rate	Fr	60	Hz

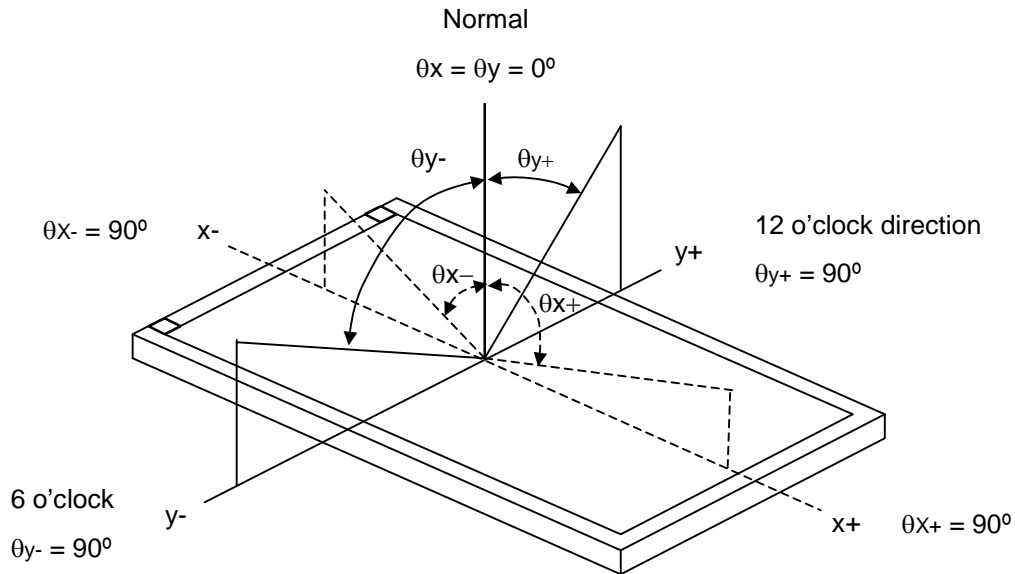
### 7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown in 7.2. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in 7.1 and stable environment shown in Note (6).

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note	
Contrast Ratio	CR	$\theta_x=0^\circ, \theta_y=0^\circ$ Viewing Normal Angle		(800)		-	Note (2)	
Response Time	Gray to gray			(8)	(12)	ms	Note (3)	
Center Luminance of White	L <sub>C</sub>			(550)		cd/m <sup>2</sup>	Note (4)	
White Variation	$\delta W$				(1.3)	-	Note (7)	
Cross Talk	CT				(4)	%	Note (5)	
Color Chromaticity	Red		Rx	Typ. -0.03	(0.651)	Typ. +0.03	-	Note (6)
			Ry		(0.330)		-	
	Green		Gx		(0.275)		-	
			Gy		(0.596)		-	
	Blue		Bx		(0.142)		-	
		By	(0.067)		-			
	White	Wx	0.285		-			
Wy	0.293	-						
Color Gamut	C.G		(72)	(75)		%	NTSC	
Viewing Angle	Horizontal	$\theta_{x+}$	(80)	(88)		Deg.	Note(1)	
		$\theta_{x-}$	(80)	(88)				
	Vertical	$\theta_{y+}$	(80)	(88)				
		$\theta_{y-}$	(80)	(88)				

Note (1) Definition of Viewing Angle ( $\theta_x, \theta_y$ ):

Viewing angles are measured by EZ-Contrast 160R (Eldim)



Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.

$$\text{Contrast Ratio (CR)} = L_{255} / L_0$$

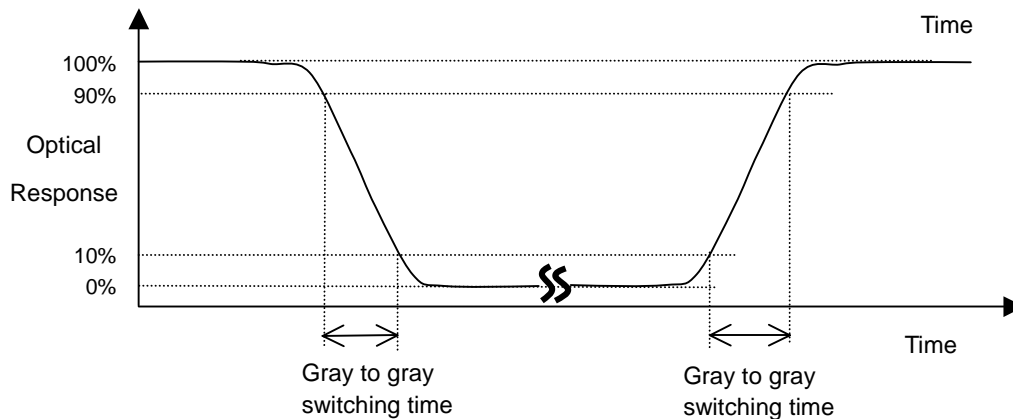
L255: Luminance of gray level 255

L 0: Luminance of gray level 0

$$\text{CR} = \text{CR (5)}$$

CR (X) is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at the figure in Note (7).

Note (3) Definition of Gray to Gray Switching Time:



The driving signal means the signal of gray level 0, 63, 127, 191, 255.

Gray to gray average time means the average switching time of gray level 0, 63, 127, 191, 255 to each other.

Note (4) Definition of Luminance of White ( $L_C$ ,  $L_{AVE}$ ):

Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at center point and 5 points

$$L_C = L(5)$$

$$L_{AVE} = [L(1) + L(2) + L(3) + L(4) + L(5)] / 5$$

$L(x)$  is corresponding to the luminance of the point X at the figure in Note (7).

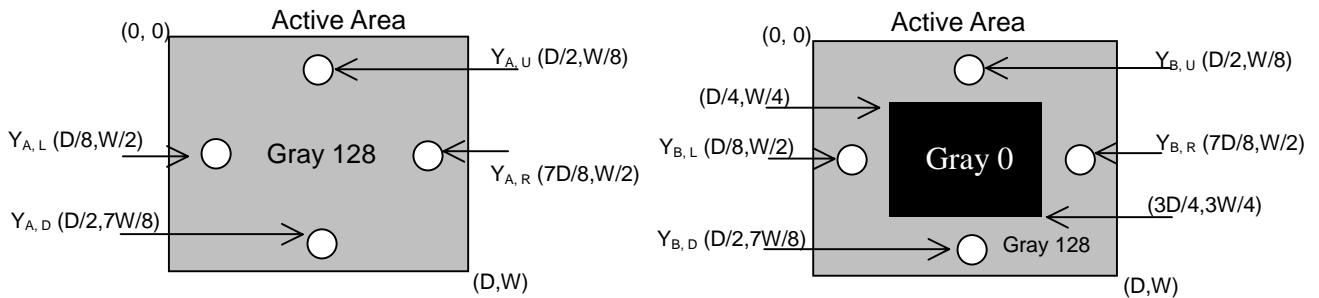
Note (5) Definition of Cross Talk (CT):

$$CT = |Y_B - Y_A| / Y_A \times 100 (\%)$$

Where:

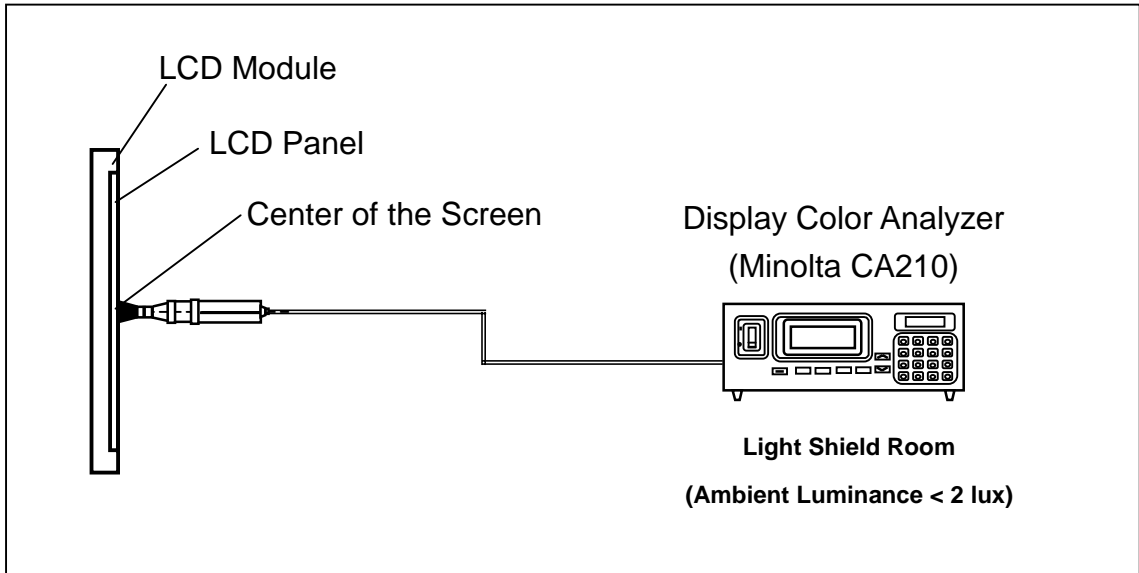
$Y_A$  = Luminance of measured location without gray level 0 pattern ( $cd/m^2$ )

$Y_B$  = Luminance of measured location with gray level 0 pattern ( $cd/m^2$ )



Note (6) Measurement Setup:

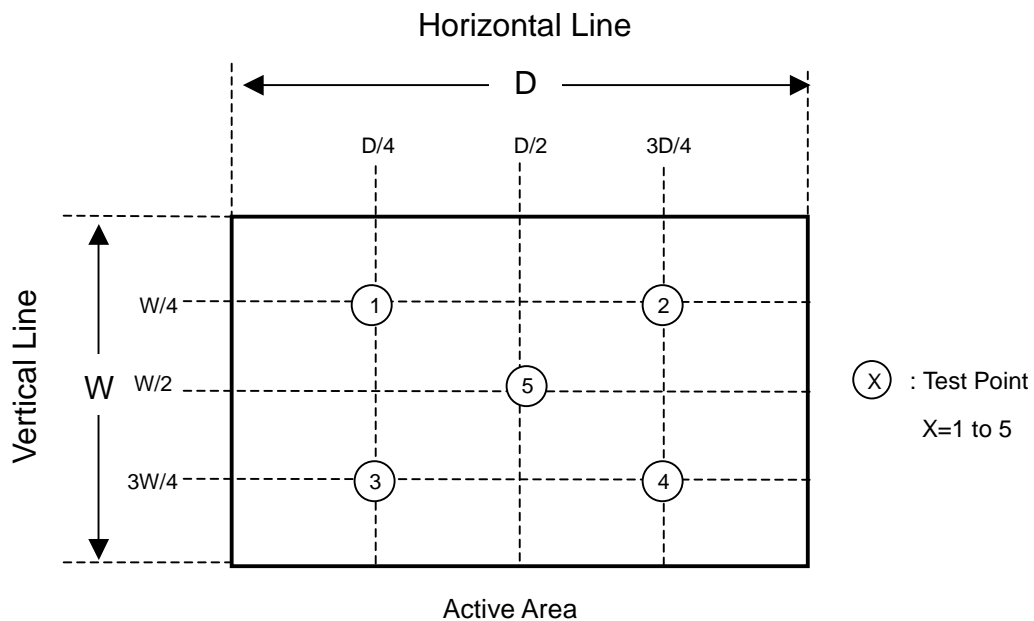
The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature for 1 hour to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting backlight for 1 hour in a windless room.



Note (7) Definition of White Variation ( $\delta W$ ):

Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at 5 points

$$\delta W = \text{Maximum} [L (1), L (2), L (3), L (4), L (5)] / \text{Minimum} [L (1), L (2), L (3), L (4), L (5)]$$



## 8. PRECAUTIONS

### 8.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) Do not apply rough force such as bending or twisting to the module during assembly.
- (2) It is recommended to assemble or to install a module into the user's system in clean working areas.  
The dust and oil may cause electrical short or worsen the polarizer.
- (3) Do not apply pressure or impulse to the module to prevent the damage of LCD panel and Backlight.
- (4) Always follow the correct power-on sequence when the LCD module is turned on. This can prevent the damage and latch-up of the CMOS LSI chips.
- (5) Do not plug in or pull out the I/F connector while the module is in operation.
- (6) Do not disassemble the module.
- (7) Use a soft dry cloth without chemicals for cleaning, because the surface of polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- (8) Moisture can easily penetrate into LCD module and may cause the damage during operation.
- (9) High temperature or humidity may deteriorate the performance of LCD module. Please store LCD modules in the specified storage conditions.
- (10) When ambient temperature is lower than 10°C, the display quality might be reduced. For example, the response time will become slow, and the starting voltage of CCFL will be higher than that of room temperature.

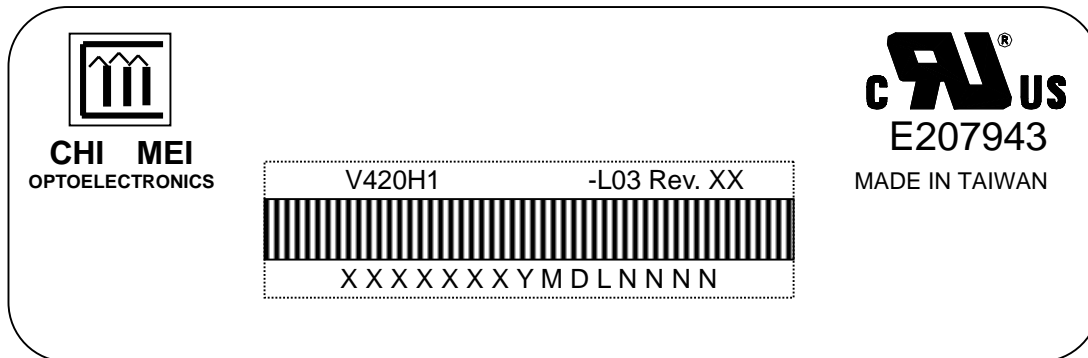
### 8.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The startup voltage of a Backlight is approximately 1000 Volts. It may cause an electrical shock while assembling with the inverter. Do not disassemble the module or insert anything into the Backlight unit.
- (2) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, skin or clothes, it has to be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (3) After the module's end of life, it is not harmful in case of normal operation and storage.

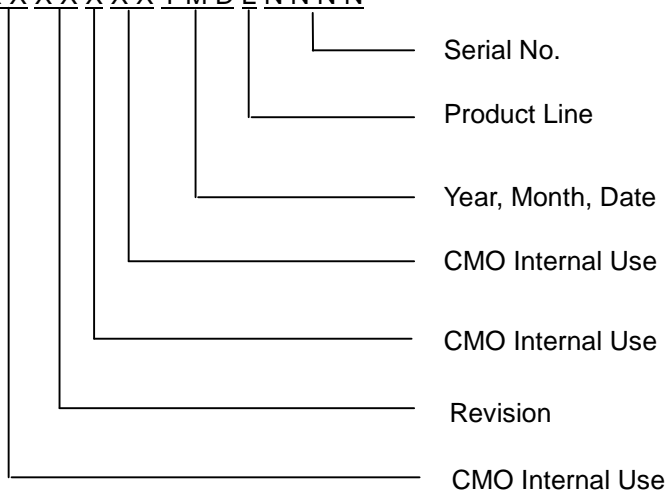
## 9. DEFINITION OF LABELS

### 9.1 CMO MODULE LABEL

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.



- (a) Model Name: V420H1-L03
- (b) Revision: Rev. XX, for example: A0, A1... B1, B2... or C1, C2...etc.
- (c) Serial ID: X X X X X X X Y M D L N N N N



Serial ID includes the information as below:

- (a) Manufactured Date: Year: 0~9, for 2000~2009  
Month: 1~9, A~C, for Jan. ~ Dec.  
Day: 1~9, A~Y, for 1<sup>st</sup> to 31<sup>st</sup>, exclude I ,O, and U.
- (b) Revision Code: Cover all the change
- (c) Serial No.: Manufacturing sequence of product
- (d) Product Line: 1 -> Line1, 2 -> Line 2, ...etc.

## 10. PACKAGING

### 10.1 PACKING SPECIFICATIONS

- (1) 3 LCD TV modules / 1 Box
- (2) Box dimensions : 1086(L) X 356 (W) X 715 (H)
- (3) Weight : approximately 40Kg ( 3 modules per box)

### 10.2 PACKING METHOD

Figures 10-1 and 10-2 are the packing method

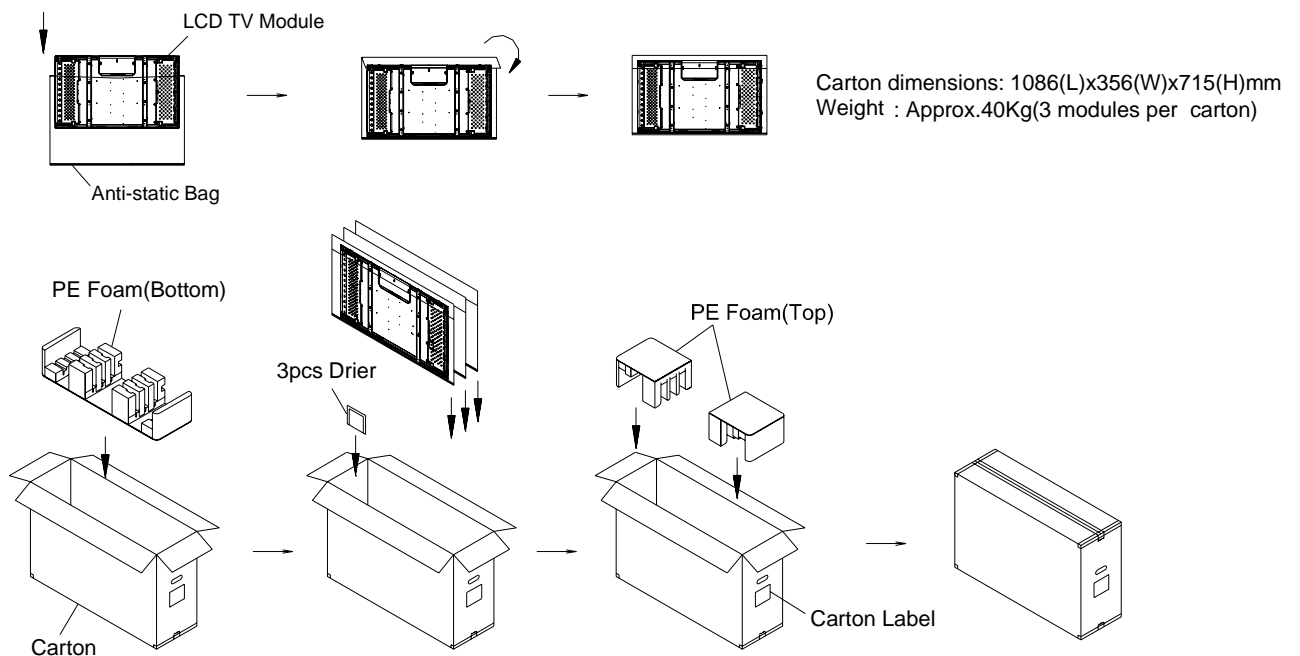


Figure.10-1 packing method

Corner Protector:L1420\*50mm\*50mm  
Pallet:L1100\*W1100\*H145mm  
Corrugated Fiberboard:L1100\*W1100mm  
Pallet Stack:L1100\*W1100\*H1575mm  
Gross:257kg

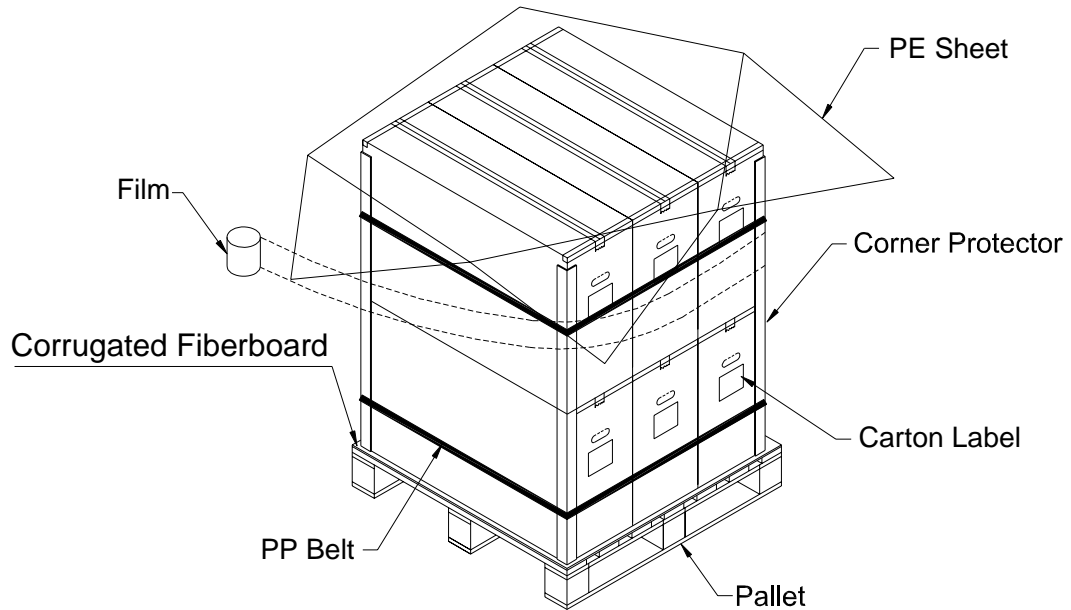
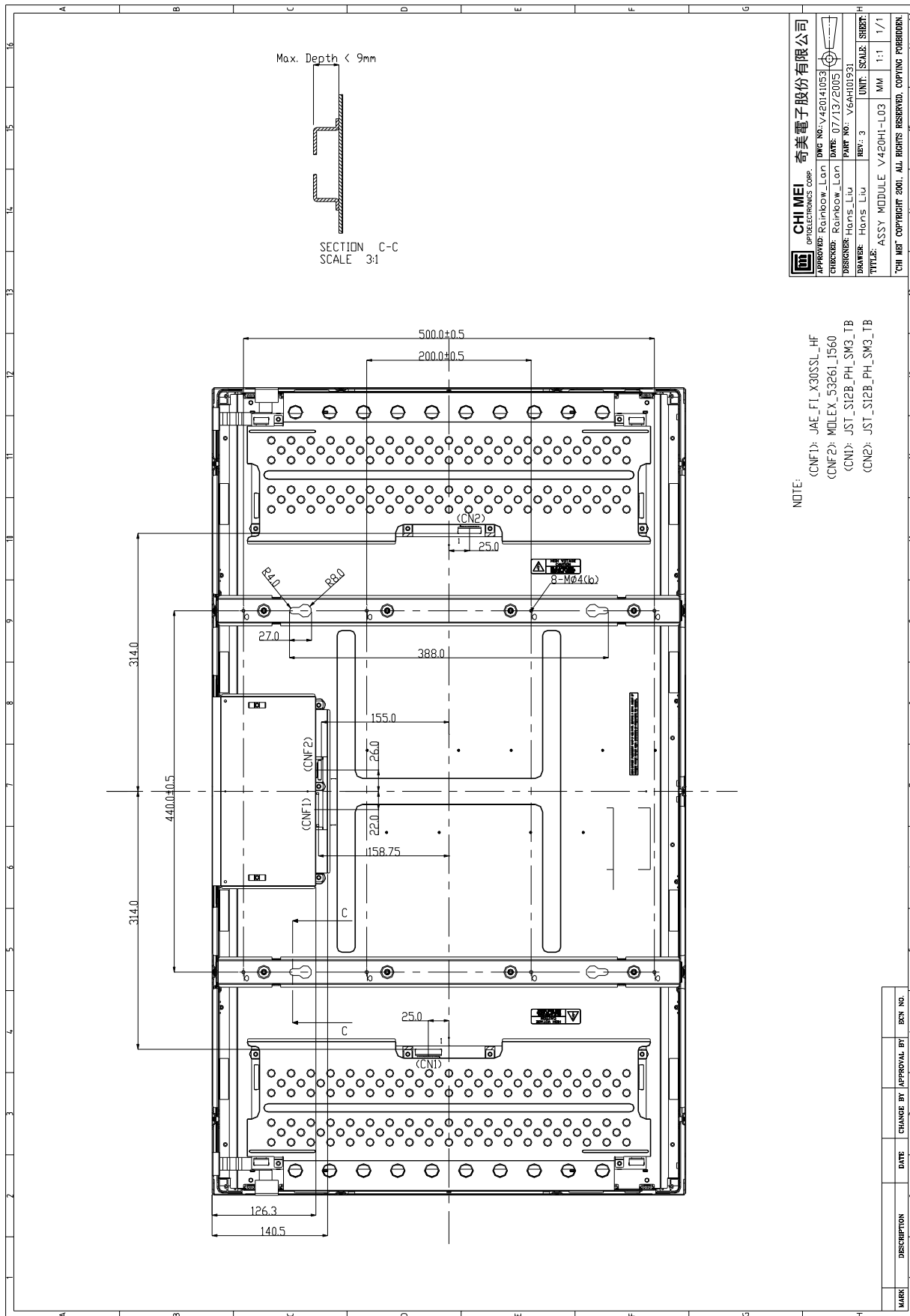
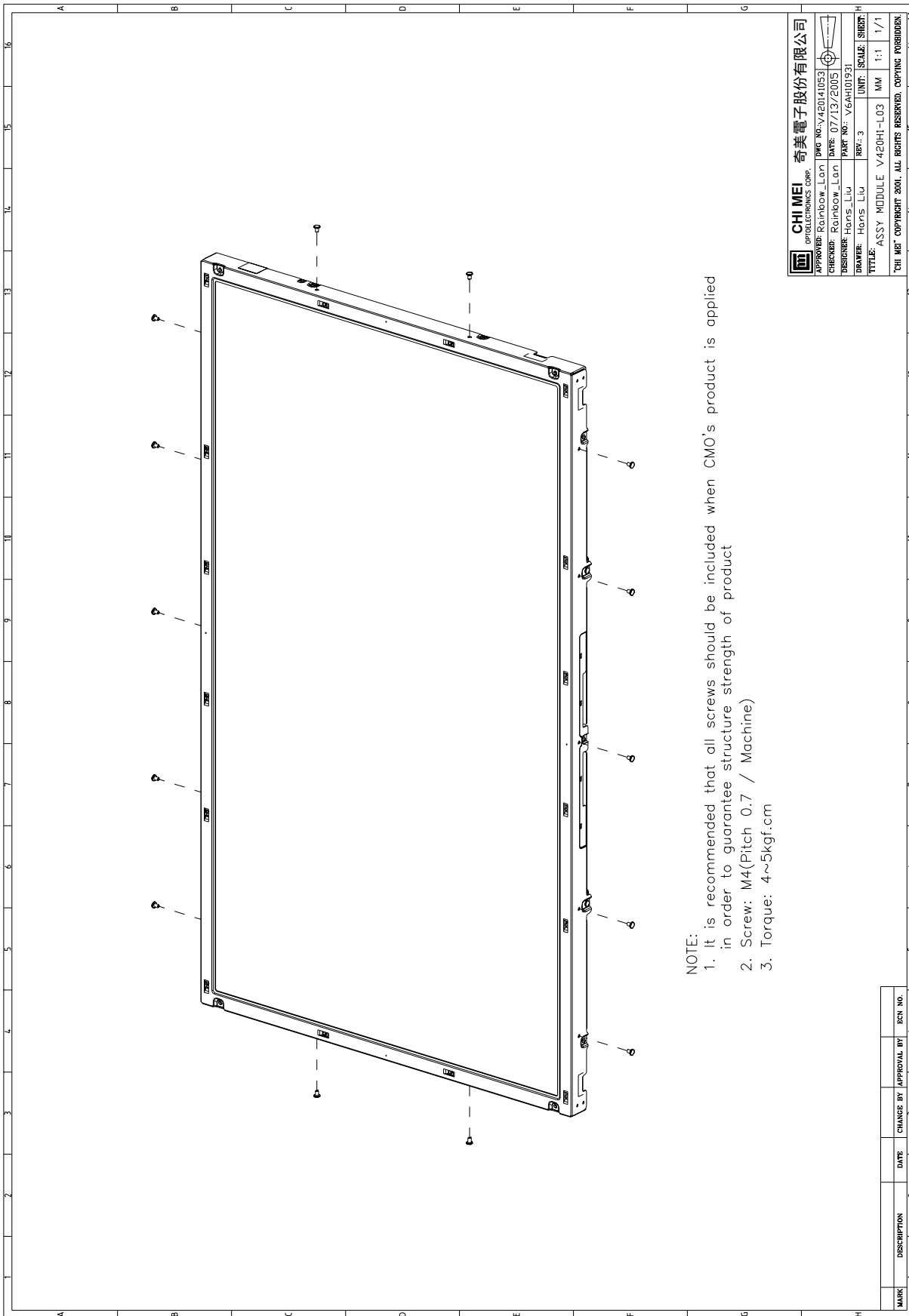


Figure. 10-2 Packing method









NOTE:  
 1. It is recommended that all screws should be included when CMO's product is applied in order to guarantee structure strength of product  
 2. Screw: M4(Pitch 0.7 / Machine)  
 3. Torque: 4~5kgf.cm

<b>CHI MEI</b> OPTOELECTRONICS CORP. 奇美電子股份有限公司	
APPROVER: Rainbow_Lin	DWG NO.: V420H1L03
CHECKER: Rainbow_Lin	DATE: 07/13/2005
DRAWER: Hans_Liu	PART NO.: V6AH101931
REV: 3	UNIT: SCALE: SHORT
TITLE: ASSY MODULE V420H1-L03	MM 1:1 1/1
CHI MEI COPYRIGHT 2001. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. COPYING FORBIDDEN.	

MARK	DESCRIPTION	DATE	CHANGE BY	APPROVAL BY	ECN NO.