

SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

PNP transistor in a microminiature SMD package (SOT-223). Designed primarily for high-speed, saturated switching applications in industrial service.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	$-V_{CBO}$	max.	40 V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	$-V_{CEO}$	max.	40 V
Collector current (DC)	$-I_C$	max.	200 mA
Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max.	1,5 W
Junction temperature	T_j	max.	150 $^\circ\text{C}$
DC current gain $-I_C = 10 \text{ mA}; -V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$	h_{FE}	$>$ $<$	100 300
Transition frequency at $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$ $-I_C = 10 \text{ mA}; -V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}$	f_T	$>$	250 MHz
Storage time $-I_{Con} = 10 \text{ mA}; -I_{Bon} = I_{Boff} = 1 \text{ mA}$	t_s	$<$	225 ns

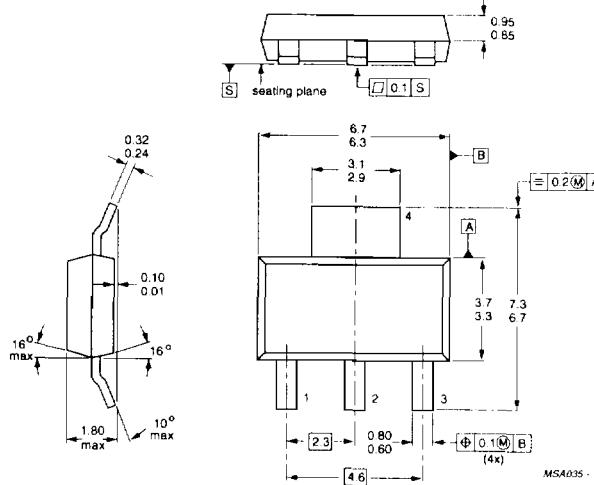
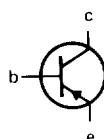
MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Fig. 1 SOT-223

Pinning

- 1 = Base
2 = Collector
3 = Emitter
4 = Collector



RATINGS

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	$-V_{CBO}$	max.	40 V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	$-V_{CEO}$	max.	40 V
Emitter-base voltage (open collector)	$-V_{EBO}$	max.	5 V
Collector current (DC)	$-I_C$	max.	200 mA
Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ *	P_{tot}	max.	1,5 W
Storage temperature range	T_{stg}		-65 to +150 °C
Junction temperature	T_j	max.	150 °C

THERMAL RESISTANCE

From junction to ambient*	$R_{th j-a}$	=	83,3 K/W
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CHARACTERISTICS $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

Currents at reverse biased emitter junction

$$-V_{CE} = 30 \text{ V}; +V_{BE} = 3 \text{ V}$$

$-I_{CEX}$	<	50 nA
$+I_{BEX}$	<	50 nA

Saturation voltages

$$-I_C = 10 \text{ mA}; -I_B = 1 \text{ mA}$$

$-V_{CEsat}$	<	250 mV
$-V_{BEsat}$		650 to 850 mV

$$-I_C = 50 \text{ mA}; -I_B = 5 \text{ mA}$$

$-V_{CEsat}$	<	400 mV
$-V_{BEsat}$	<	950 mV

DC current gain

$$-I_C = 0,1 \text{ mA}; -V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$$

$$h_{FE} > 60$$

$$-I_C = 1 \text{ mA}; -V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$$

$$h_{FE} > 80$$

$$-I_C = 10 \text{ mA}; -V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$$

$$h_{FE} > 100$$

$$-I_C = 50 \text{ mA}; -V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$$

$$h_{FE} > 60$$

$$-I_C = 100 \text{ mA}; -V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$$

$$h_{FE} > 30$$

Collector capacitance at $100 \text{ kHz} \leq f \leq 1 \text{ MHz}$

$$I_E = I_e = 0; -V_{CB} = 5 \text{ V}$$

$$C_C < 4,5 \text{ pF}$$

Emitter capacitance at $100 \text{ kHz} \leq f \leq 1 \text{ MHz}$

$$I_C = I_c = 0; -V_{EB} = 0,5 \text{ V}$$

$$C_e < 10 \text{ pF}$$

Transition frequency at $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$

$$-I_C = 10 \text{ mA}; -V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}; T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$$

$$f_T > 250 \text{ MHz}$$

Noise figure at $R_S = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$

$$-I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}; -V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$$

$$F < 4,0 \text{ dB}$$

$$f = 10 \text{ Hz to } 15,7 \text{ kHz}; T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$$

* Device mounted on an epoxy printed circuit board 40 mm x 40 mm x 1,5 mm;
mounting pad for the collector lead min. 6 cm²

Switching times

Turn-on time (see Figs 2 and 3) when switched from
 $+V_{BEoff} = 0,5 \text{ V}$ to $-I_{Con} = 10 \text{ mA}; -I_{Bon} = 1 \text{ mA}$

Delay time

 $t_d < 35 \text{ ns}$

Rise time

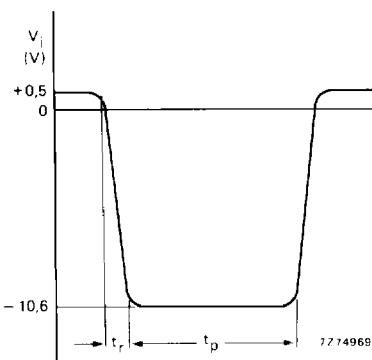
 $t_r < 35 \text{ ns}$ 

Fig. 2 Input waveform; $t_r < 1 \text{ ns}$; $t_p = 300 \text{ ns}$;
 $\delta = 0,02$.

Turn-off time (see Figs 4 and 5)

 $-I_{Con} = 10 \text{ mA}; -I_{Boff} = I_{Boff} = 1 \text{ mA}$

Storage time

 $t_s < 225 \text{ ns}$

Fall time

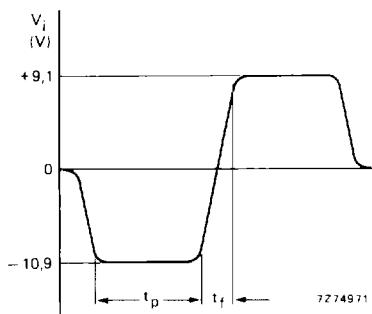
 $t_f < 75 \text{ ns}$ 

Fig. 4 Input waveform; $t_f < 1 \text{ ns}$;
 $10 \mu\text{s} < t_p < 500 \mu\text{s}; \delta = 0,02$.

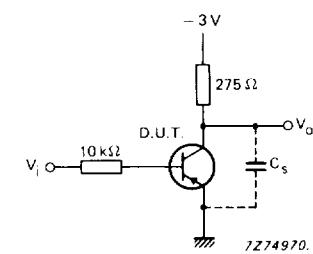


Fig. 3 Delay and rise time test circuit; total shunt capacitance of test jig and connectors $C_s < 4 \text{ pF}$; scope impedance = $10 \text{ M}\Omega$.

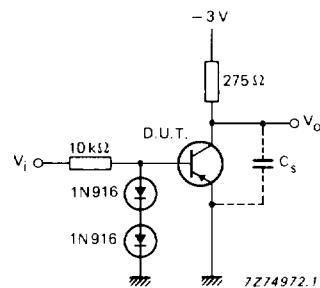


Fig. 5 Storage and fall time test circuit; total shunt capacitance of test jig and connectors $C_s < 4 \text{ pF}$; scope impedance = $10 \text{ M}\Omega$.