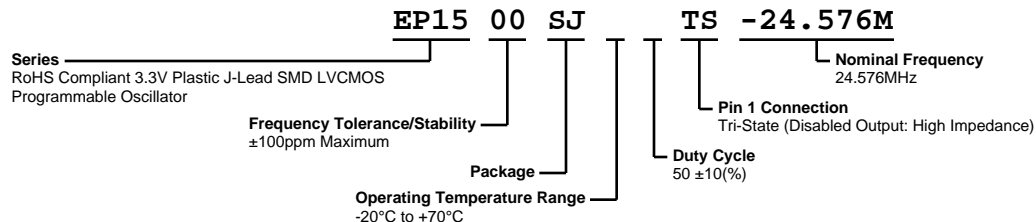


EP1500SJTS-24.576M



ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Nominal Frequency	24.576MHz
Frequency Tolerance/Stability	± 100 ppm Maximum (Inclusive of all conditions: Calibration Tolerance at 25°C , Frequency Stability over the Operating Temperature Range, Supply Voltage Change, Output Load Change, First Year Aging at 25°C , Shock, and Vibration)
Aging at 25°C	± 5 ppm/year Maximum
Operating Temperature Range	-20°C to $+70^{\circ}\text{C}$
Supply Voltage	3.3Vdc ± 0.3 Vdc
Input Current	28mA Maximum (Unloaded)
Output Voltage Logic High (Voh)	Vdd-0.4Vdc Minimum, IOH = -8mA
Output Voltage Logic Low (Vol)	0.4Vdc Maximum, IOL +8mA
Rise/Fall Time	4nSec Maximum (Measured at 20% to 80% of waveform)
Duty Cycle	$50 \pm 10\%$ (Measured at 50% of waveform)
Load Drive Capability	30pF Maximum
Output Logic Type	CMOS
Pin 1 Connection	Tri-State (Disabled Output: High Impedance)
Pin 1 Input Voltage (Vih and Vil)	70% of Vdd Minimum to enable output, 20% of Vdd Maximum to disable output, No Connect to enable output.
Standby Current	20 μ A Maximum (Pin 1 = Ground)
Disable Current	16mA Maximum (Pin 1 = Ground)
Absolute Clock Jitter	± 250 pSec Maximum, ± 100 pSec Typical
One Sigma Clock Period Jitter	± 50 pSec Maximum
Start Up Time	10mSec Maximum
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$

ENVIRONMENTAL & MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Fine Leak Test	MIL-STD-883, Method 1014, Condition A
Gross Leak Test	MIL-STD-883, Method 1014, Condition C
Mechanical Shock	MIL-STD-202, Method 213, Condition C
Resistance to Soldering Heat	MIL-STD-202, Method 210
Resistance to Solvents	MIL-STD-202, Method 215
Solderability	MIL-STD-883, Method 2003
Temperature Cycling	MIL-STD-883, Method 1010
Vibration	MIL-STD-883, Method 2007, Condition A

EP1500SJTS-24.576M



MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS (all dimensions in millimeters)



PIN	CONNECTION
1	Tri-State (High Impedance)
2	Ground
3	Output
4	Supply Voltage

LINE	MARKING
1	ECLIPTEK
2	24.576M
3	PXXYZZ <i>P=Configuration Designator</i> <i>XX=Ecliptek Manufacturing Code</i> <i>Y=Last Digit of the Year</i> <i>ZZ=Week of the Year</i>

Suggested Solder Pad Layout

All Dimensions in Millimeters



All Tolerances are ± 0.1

OUTPUT WAVEFORM & TIMING DIAGRAM



Test Circuit for CMOS Output



Note 1: An external 0.1µF low frequency tantalum bypass capacitor in parallel with a 0.01µF high frequency ceramic bypass capacitor close to the package ground and V_{DD} pin is required.

Note 2: A low capacitance (<12pF), 10X attenuation factor, high impedance (>10Mohms), and high bandwidth (>300MHz) passive probe is recommended.

Note 3: Capacitance value C_L includes sum of all probe and fixture capacitance.

Recommended Solder Reflow Methods



Low Temperature Infrared/Convection 240°C

T_s MAX to T_L (Ramp-up Rate)	5°C/second Maximum
Preheat	
- Temperature Minimum (T _s MIN)	N/A
- Temperature Typical (T _s TYP)	150°C
- Temperature Maximum (T _s MAX)	N/A
- Time (t _s MIN)	60 - 120 Seconds
Ramp-up Rate (T_L to T_p)	5°C/second Maximum
Time Maintained Above:	
- Temperature (T _L)	150°C
- Time (t _L)	200 Seconds Maximum
Peak Temperature (T_p)	240°C Maximum
Target Peak Temperature (T_p Target)	240°C Maximum 1 Time / 230°C Maximum 2 Times
Time within 5°C of actual peak (t_p)	10 seconds Maximum 2 Times / 80 seconds Maximum 1 Time
Ramp-down Rate	5°C/second Maximum
Time 25°C to Peak Temperature (t)	N/A
Moisture Sensitivity Level	Level 1

Low Temperature Manual Soldering

185°C Maximum for 10 seconds Maximum, 2 times Maximum.

High Temperature Manual Soldering

260°C Maximum for 5 seconds Maximum, 2 times Maximum.