

QuickSwitch® Products

3.3V Quad Active Low Switch for Hot Swap Applications (HotSwitch™)

FEATURES/BENEFITS

- N channel FET switches with no parasitic diode to V_{CC}
 - No DC path to V_{CC} or GND
 - 5V tolerant in OFF state
- Low $R_{ON} 4\Omega$ typical
- Flat R_{ON} characteristics from 0 5V
- Bidirectional dataflow with near-zero delay
 No added ground bounce
- Excellent R_{ON} matching between channels
- Low capacitance
- Maximum operating frequency for data – 150MHz
- LVTTL-compatible control inputs
- Undershoot clamp diodes on all control and switch inputs
- · Available in QSOP and SOIC (S1) packages

DESCRIPTION

The QS3VH125 HotSwitch Quad bus switch is specially designed for hot-swapping environment. The QS3VH125 has very low ON resistance resulting in under 200ps propagation delay through the switch. The switches can be turned ON under the control of individual LVTTL-compatible active LOW Output Enable signals for bidirectional data flow with no added delay or ground-bounce. In the OFF state, the switches are 5V-tolerant and offer very high impedance at the terminals.

The combination of near-zero propagation delay, high OFF impedance, and over-voltage tolerance makes QS3VH125 ideal for hot swapping applications. The low ON resistance of QS3VH125 makes it ideal for PCI and CompactPCI hot swapping environment.

Figure 1. Functional Block Diagram

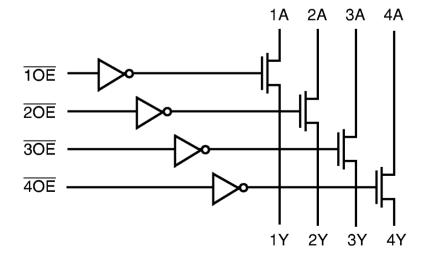


Table 1. Pin Description

Name	I/O	Description		
1A-4A	I/O	Bus A		
1Y-4Y	I/O	Bus B		
10E-40E	I	Bus Switch Enable		

Figure 2. Pin Configuration

(All Pins Top View)

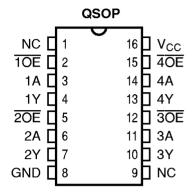


Table 2. Function Table

ŌĒ	Α	Υ	Function
L	Н	Н	Connect
L	L	L	Connect
Η	Х	Х	Disconnect

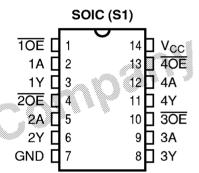


Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Supply Voltage to Ground	–0.5V to 4.6V
DC Switch Voltage V _S	0.5V to 5.5V
DC Input Voltage V _{IN}	
AC Input Voltage (for a pulse width ≤ 20ns)	
DC Output Current Max. Sink Current/Pin	120mA
Maximum Power Dissipation	0.5 watts
T _{STG} Storage Temperature	–65° to 150°C

Note: ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM CONTINUOUS RATINGS are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. Exposure to these conditions or conditions beyond those indicated may adversely affect device reliability. Functional operation under absolute-maximum conditions is not implied.

Table 4. Capacitance

 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, f = 1MHz, $V_{IN} = 0V$, $V_{OLIT} = 0V$

	SOIC, QSOP		
Pins	Тур	Max	Unit
Control Inputs	3	5	pF
QuickSwitch Channels (Switch OFF)	4	6	pF

Note: Capacitance is guaranteed, but not production tested and are typical values. For total capacitance while the switch is ON, please see Section 1 under "Input and Switch Capacitance."

Table 5. DC Electrical Characteristics Over Operating Range

 $T_A = -40^{\circ} C$ to 85°C, $V_{CC} = 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ ⁽¹⁾	Max	Unit
V _{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage	Guaranteed Logic HIGH for Control Pins	2.0	_	_	<
V _{IL}	Input LOW Voltage	Guaranteed Logic LOW for Control Pins	_	_	0.8	٧
I _{IN}	Input Leakage Current (Control Inputs)	$0V \le V_{ N} \le V_{CC}$	_	_	1	μΑ
I _{oz}	Off-State Current (Hi-Z)	$0V \le V_{OUT} \le V_{CC_i}$ Switches OFF	_	_	1	μΑ
R _{ON}	Switch On Resistance(2,3)	$V_{CC} = Min., V_{IN} = 0.0V, I_{ON} = 30mA$		4	6	Ω
		$V_{CC} = Min., V_{IN} = 2.4V, I_{ON} = 15mA$	_	5	8	

Notes:

- 1. Typical values indicate V_{CC} = 3.3V and T_{A} = 25°C.
- Contani 2. For a diagram explaining the procedure for R_{ON} measurement, please see Section 1 under "DC Electrical Characteristics."
- 3. R_{ON} guaranteed, but not production tested.

Figure 3. Typical ON Resistance vs V_{IN} at V_{CC} = 3.3V

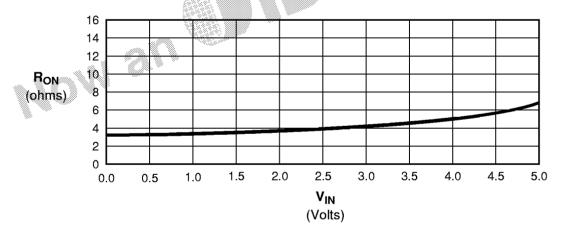


Table 6. Power Supply Characteristics Over Operating Range

 $T_A = -40$ °C to 85 °C, $V_{CC} = 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions(1)	Max	Unit
I _{ccq}	Quiescent Power Supply Current	$V_{CC} = Max., V_{IN} = GND \text{ or } V_{CC}, f = 0$	3.0	mA
Δl _{CC}	Power Supply Current(2,3) per Input HIGH	$V_{CC} = Max., V_{IN} = 3.0V, f = 0$ per control input	30	μΑ
Q _{CCD}	Dynamic Power Supply Current per MHz ⁽⁴⁾	V _{CC} = Max., A and Y Pins Open, Controls Inputs Toggling @ 50% Duty Cycle	0.25	mA/ MHz

Notes:

- 1. For conditions shown as Min. or Max., use the appropriate values specified under DC specifications.
- 2. Per LVTTL driven input. A and Y pins do not contribute to ΔI_{CC}.
- 3. This parameter is guaranteed, but not production tested.
- 4. This current applies to the control inputs only and represents the current required to switch internal capacitance at the specified frequency. The A and Y inputs generate no significant AC or DC currents as they change states. This parameter is guaranteed, but not production tested.

Table 7. Switching Characteristics Over Operating Range Commercial $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 85°C , $V_{CC} = 3.3V \pm 0.3V$ $C_{LOAD} = 50\text{pF}$, $R_{LOAD} = 500\Omega$ unless at the commercial $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 85°C , $V_{CC} = 3.3V \pm 0.3V$

Symbol	Description ⁽¹⁾	Min ⁽⁴⁾	Тур	Max	Unit
t_PLH	Data Propagation Delay(2,3)	_	_	0.25	ns
t_PHL	A to Y				
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Switch Turn-on Delay	1.5	_	9.0	ns
t _{PZL}	OE to nA/ny				
t _{PHZ}	Switch Turn-off Delay(2)	1.5	_	8.0	ns
t_PLZ	ŌĒ to nA/ny				
f _S	Operating Frequency - Data(2,5)	_	_	150	MHz
	OE = LOW				
f _{ŌĒ}	Operating Frequency - Enable(2,6)	_	_	10	MHz

Notes:

- 1. See Test Circuit and Waveforms. Minimums guaranteed but not production tested.
- 2. This parameter is guaranteed, but not production tested.
- 3. The bus switch contributes no propagation delay other than the RC delay of the ON resistance of the switch and the load capacitance. The time constant for the switch alone is of the order of 0.20ns for $C_1 = 50$ pF. Since this time constant is much smaller than the rise/fall times of typical driving signals, it adds very little propagation delay to the system. Propagation delay of the bus switch when used in a system is determined by the driving circuit on the driving side of the switch and its interaction with the load on the driven side.
- 4. Minimums guaranteed, but not production tested.
- 5. Maximum frequency for bidirectional data flow.
- 6. Maximum toggle frequency for OE control input.