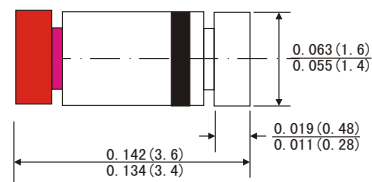


FEATURES

- For general purpose applications
- These diodes features very low turn-on voltage and fast switching.
- These devices are protected by a PN junction guard ring against excessive voltage, such as electrostatic discharges.
- These diodes are also available in the DO-35 case with the type designation BAT42 to BAT43.
- High temperature soldering guaranteed:260°C/10 seconds at terminals
- Component in accordance to RoHS 2002/95/EC and WEEE 2002/96/EC

MiniMELF



Dimensions in inches and (millimeters)

MECHANICAL DATA

- Case: MiniMELF glass case(SOD-80)
- Weight: Approx. 0.05 gram

ABSOLUTE RATINGS(LIMITING VALUES)

	Symbols	Value	Units
Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage	V _{RRM}	30	V
Forward Continuous Current at T _A =25°C	I _F	200 ¹⁾	mA
Repetitive Peak Forward Current at t _p < 1s, δ < 0.5, T _A =25°C	I _{FRM}	500 ¹⁾	mA
Surge forward current at t _p < 10ms, T _A =25°C	I _{FSM}	4 ¹⁾	A
Power Dissipation at T _A =65°C	P _{tot}	200 ¹⁾	mW
Junction Temperature	T _J	125	°C
Ambient Operating temperature Range	T _A	-65 to+125	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T _{STG}	-65 to+150	°C

1) Valid provided that electrodes are kept at ambient temperature

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

	Symbols	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unis
Reverse breakdown voltage Tested with 100μA	V(BR) _R	30			V
Forward voltage Pulse Test t _p < 300μs, δ < 2% at I _F =200mA, LL42 VF at I _F =10mA, LL42 VF at I _F =50mA, LL42 VF at I _F =2mA, LL43 VF at I _F =15mA, LL43 VF	V _F	0.26		1 0.4 0.65 0.33 0.45	V
Leakage current Pulse Test t _p < 300μs, δ < 2% at V _R =25V at V _R =25V, T _J =100°C	I _R I _R			0.5 100	μA
Junction Capacitance at V _R =1V, f=1MHz	C _J		7		pF
Reverse recovery time Form I _F =10mA, I _R =10mA, I _R =1mA	t _{rr}			5	ns
Detection efficiency at R _L =15kΩ C _L =300pF, f=45MHz, V _R =2V	η	80			%
Thermal resistance junction to ambient Air	R _{θJA}			300 ¹⁾	K/W

1) Valid provided that electrodes are kept at ambient temperature

RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES LL42/LL43

Figure 1. Forward current versus forward voltage at different temperatures (typical values)

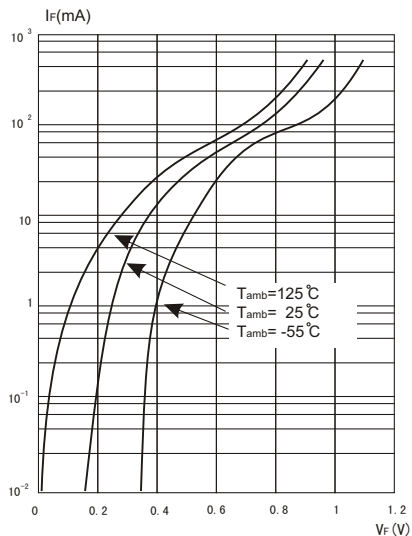


Figure 2. Forward current versus forward voltage (typical values)

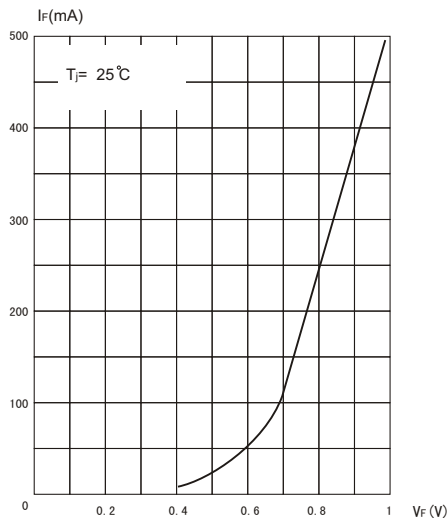
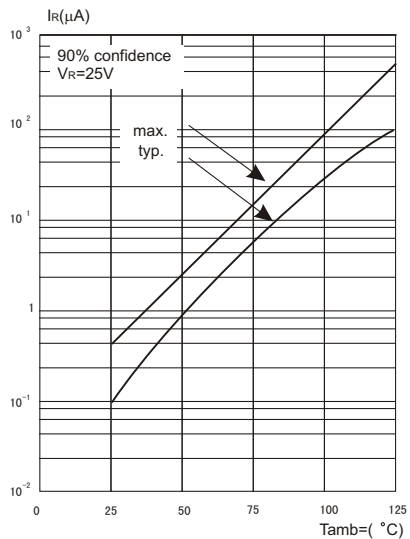


Figure 3. Reverse current versus ambient temperature (typical values)



RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES LL42/LL43

Figure 4.Reverse current versus continuous Reverse voltage(typical values)

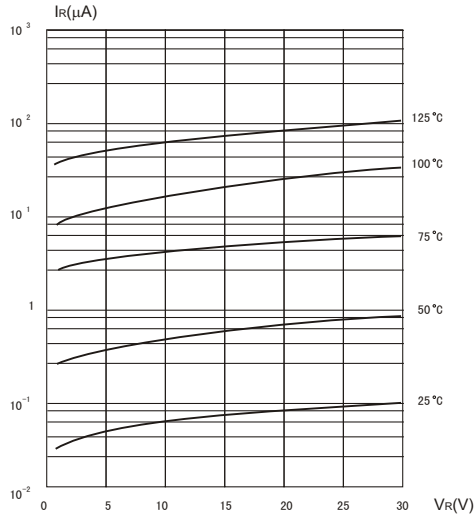


Figure 5.Capacitance C_J versus reverse applied voltage V_R (typical values)

