

# 2-Ampere Silicon P-N-P Power Transistors

Complementary to the D40K Series

**Features:**

- Operates from IC without predriver

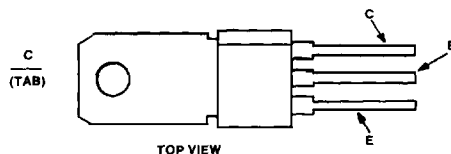
**Applications:**

- Switching regulator
- Lamp driver
- Touch switch
- Solenoid driver

The D41K-series of silicon p-n-p Darlington power transistors are designed for general-purpose amplifier and medium-speed switching circuits. The high gain of these devices makes it possible for them to be driven directly from integrated circuits. The monolithic base-to-emitter resistors have been deleted from the structure to enhance the gain characteristics. These devices feature minimum gains of 10,000.

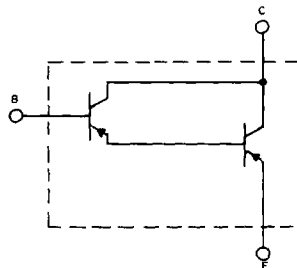
These devices are supplied in the JEDEC TO-202AB plastic package.

**TERMINAL DESIGNATIONS**



92CS-43222

**JEDEC TO-202AB**



92CS-43261

Schematic diagram for all types.

**2**  
POWER TRANSISTORS

**MAXIMUM RATINGS ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ) (unless otherwise specified)**

RATING	SYMBOL	D41K1,3	D41K2,4	UNITS
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CE0}$	-30	-50	Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CES}$	-30	-50	Volts
Emitter Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	-13	-13	Volts
Collector Current — Continuous	$I_C$	-2	-2	A
Peak <sup>(1)</sup>	$I_{CM}$	-3	-3	A
Base Current — Continuous	$I_B$	-0.2	-0.2	A
Total Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	1.67	1.67	Watts
@ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		10	10	
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to +150	-55 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$

**THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	75	75	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	12.5	12.5	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering Purposes: $\frac{1}{8}$ " from Case for 5 Seconds	$T_L$	260	260	$^\circ\text{C}$

(1) Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 300ms. Duty Cycle  $\leq$  2%.

# D41K Series

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ) (unless otherwise specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
<b>OFF CHARACTERISTICS<sup>(1)</sup></b>					
Collector-Emitter Voltage ( $I_C = -10\text{mA}$ )	D41K1,3 D41K2,4	$V_{CE0}$	-30	—	Volts
Collector Cut-off Current ( $V_{CE} = \text{Rated } V_{CES}$ )		$I_{CES}$	—	-0.5	$\mu\text{A}$
Emitter Cutoff Current ( $V_{EB} = -13\text{V}$ )		$I_{EBO}$	—	-0.1	$\mu\text{A}$

## ON CHARACTERISTICS<sup>(1)</sup>

DC Current Gain ( $I_C = -200\text{mA}$ , $V_{CE} = -5\text{V}$ )		$h_{FE}$	10K	—	—	—
( $I_C = -1.5\text{A}$ , $V_{CE} = -5\text{V}$ ) ( $I_C = -1\text{A}$ , $V_{CE} = -5\text{V}$ )	D41K1,2 D41K3,4	$h_{FE}$	1K 1K	—	—	—
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage ( $I_C = -1.5\text{A}$ , $I_B = -3\text{mA}$ ) ( $I_C = -1.0\text{A}$ , $I_B = -2\text{mA}$ )	D41K1,2 D41K3,4	$V_{CE(sat)}$	—	—	-1.5 -1.5	Volts
Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage ( $I_C = -1.5\text{A}$ , $I_B = -3\text{mA}$ ) ( $I_C = -1\text{A}$ , $I_B = -2\text{mA}$ )	D41K1,2 D41K3,4	$V_{BE(sat)}$	—	—	-2.5 -2.5	Volts

## DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

Collector Capacitance ( $V_{CB} = -10\text{V}$ , $f = 1\text{MHz}$ )		$C_{CB0}$	—	9	15	pF
Current-Gain — Bandwidth Product ( $I_C = -20\text{mA}$ , $V_{CE} = -5\text{V}$ )		$f_T$	—	100	—	MHz

(1) Pulse Test: PW  $\leq$  300ms Duty Cycle  $\leq$  2%.

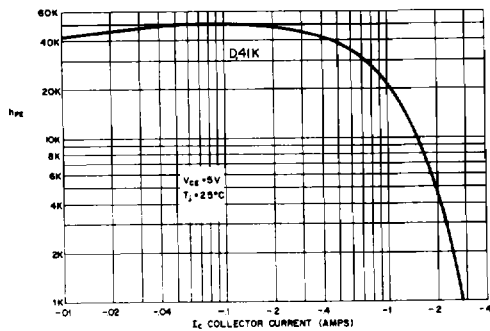


FIG. 1 TYPICAL  $h_{FE}$  vs.  $I_C$

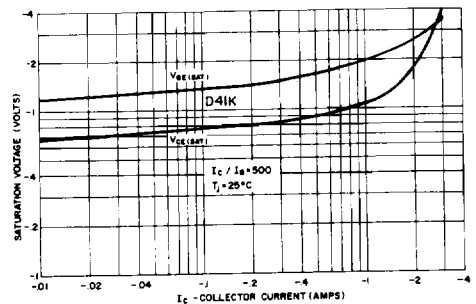


FIG. 2 TYPICAL  $C_{CB0}$  vs. VOLTAGE

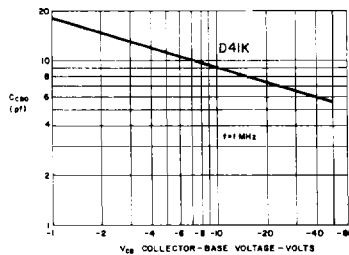


FIG. 3 TYPICAL SATURATION VOLTAGE