

SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

((?) Pre	liminary	Spec	ification
		,		Opou	

() Final Specification

TILLE TO	Title	15.4" WXGA TFT LCD
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BUYER	Asustek
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG.Philips LCD Co., Ltd.	
*MODEL	LP154W01	
Suffix	A5	

^{*}When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

SIGNATURE	DATE
1	
/	<u> </u>
/	

Please return 1 copy for your confirmation with your signature and comments.

APPROVED BY	DATE
APPROVED BY	DATE
J. H. Lee / S.Manager	
REVIEWED BY	
K.K.Jang / Manager	
PREPARED BY	
N.J. Seong / Engineer	
Product Engineering D LG. Philips LCD Co.,	•

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RECORD OF REVISIONS

Revision No	Revision Date	Page	Description	EDID ver
0.0	Jul.30. 2004	-	First Draft	V0.0
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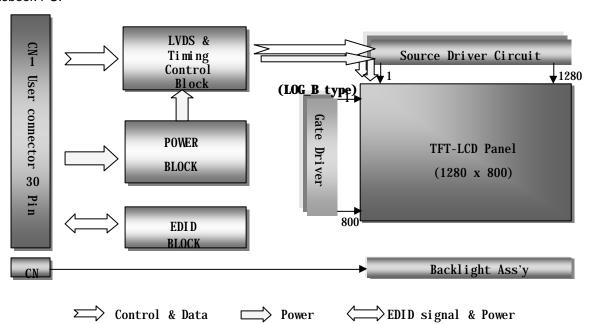


1. General Description

The LP154W01 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp (CCFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally white mode. This TFT-LCD has 15.4 inches diagonally measured active display area with WXGA resolution(1280 horizontal by 800 vertical pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 6-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 262,144 colors.

The LP154W01 has been designed to apply the interface method that enables low power, high speed, low EMI.

The LP154W01 is intended to support applications where thin thickness, low power are critical factors and graphic displays are important. In combination with the vertical arrangement of the sub-pixels, the LP154W01(A5) characteristics provide an excellent flat display for office automation products such as Notebook PC.



General Features

Active Screen Size	15.4 inches diagonal
Outline Dimension	344.0 (H) × 222.0 (V) × 6.5(D, max) mm
Pixel Pitch	0.25875 mm× 0.25875 mm
Pixel Format	1280 horiz. by 800 vert. Pixels RGB strip arrangement
Color Depth	6-bit, 262,144 colors
Luminance, White	150 cd/m ² (Typ.), 5 point
Power Consumption	Total 5.26 Watt(Typ.) @ LCM circuit 1.12 Watt(Typ.), B/L input 4.14 Watt(Typ.)
Weight	570 g (Typ.)
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, normally white
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H) Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer

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2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

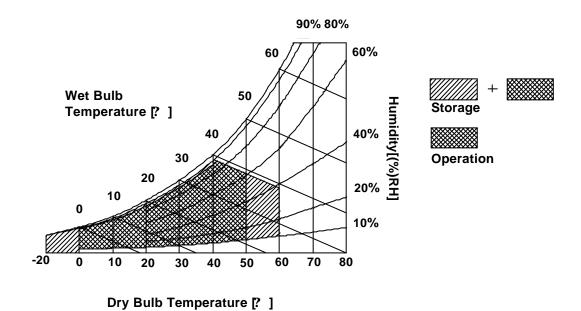
The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol		ues	Units	Notes	
Faiametei	Syllibol	Min	Max	Office	Notes	
Power Input Voltage	VCC	-0.3	4.0	Vdc	at 25 ± 5°C	
Operating Temperature	Тор	0	50	°C	1	
Storage Temperature	Нѕт	-20	60	°C	1	
Operating Ambient Humidity	Нор	10	90	%RH	1	
Storage Humidity	Нѕт	10	90	%RH	1	

Note: 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.

Wet bulb temperature should be 39°C Max, and no condensation of water.



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3. Electrical Specifications

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

The LP154W1(A3K4)requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input which powers the CCFL, is typically generated by an inverter. The inverter is an external unit to the LCD.

Values Parameter Symbol Unit Notes Min Тур Max MODULE : Power Supply Input Voltage VCC 3.0 3.3 3.6 V_{DC} Power Supply Input Current 340 390 290 mΑ l_{çç} 1.29 **Power Consumption** Pc 1.12 Watt Differential Impedance 100 Zm 90 110 Ohm 2 LAMP: 670 690 810 3 Operating Voltage V_{BL} V_{RMS} (6.5mA) (6.0mA)(3.5mA)3.5 6.0 6.5 **Operating Current** 4 I_{BL} mA_{RMS} **Power Consumption** 4.14 4.35 9 P_{BL} 45 80 7 Operating Frequency 60 f_{BĿ}. kHz Discharge Stabilization Time 3 Min 5 Ts Life Time 10,000 Hrs 6 Established Starting Voltage 8 $\rm V_{\rm RMS}$ at 25? Vs 1200 at 0? 1560 V_{RMS}

Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Note)

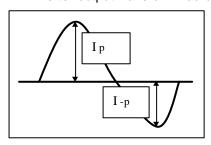
- 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the Vcc = 3.3V, 25?, fv = 60Hz condition whereas full black pattern is displayed and fv is the frame frequency.
- 2. This impedance value is needed to proper display and measured form LVDS Tx to the mating connector.
- 3. The variance of the voltage is \pm 10%.
- 4. The typical operating current $\,$ is for the typical surface luminance (L_{WH}) in optical characteristics.
- 5. Define the brightness of the lamp after being lighted for 5 minutes as 100%, Ts is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95%.
- 6. The life time is determined as the time at which brightness of lamp is 50% compare to that of initial value at the typical lamp current.
- 7. The output of the inverter must have symmetrical(negative and positive) voltage waveform and symmetrical current waveform.(Asymmetrical ratio is less than 10%) Please do not use the inverter which has asymmetrical voltage and asymmetrical current and spike wave.
 Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.
- 8. The voltage above VS should be applied to the lamps for more than 1 second for start-up. Otherwise, the lamps may not be turned on. The used lamp current is the lamp typical current.
- 9. The lamp power consumption shown above does not include loss of external inverter. The applied lamp current is a typical one.

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Note)

- 9. Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp, are following.
 - It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce leakage current.
 - a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be less than 10%.
 - b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within $v2 \pm 10\%$.
 - * Inverter output waveform had better be more similar to ideal sine wave.



? Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire.

If the lamp wire attach to a conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module has a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action. Because leakage current is occurred between lamp wire and conducting tape.

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3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD employs two interface connections, a 30 pin connector is used for the module electronics interface and the other connector is used for the integral backlight system.

The electronics interface connector is a model GT101-30S-HR11 manufactured by LGC.

Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (CN1)

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	GND	Ground	
2	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	
3	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	
4	V EEDID	DDC 3.3V power	1, Interface chips
5	NC	Reserved for supplier test point	1.1 LCD: KZ4E010G12CFP(LCD Controller)
6	Clk EEDID	DDC Clock	including LVDS Receiver
7	DATA EEDID	DDC Data	(THINE, THC63LVD64A) 1.2 System : THC63LVD63A or equivalent
8	R _{IN} 0-	Negative LVDS differential data input	* Pin to Pin compatible with THINE LVDS
9	R _{IN} 0+	Positive LVDS differential data input	· ·
10	GND	Ground	2. Connector 2.1 LCD : GT101-30S-HR11,LGC or
11	R _{IN} 1-	Negative LVDS differential data input	its compatibles
12	R _{IN} 1+	Positive LVDS differential data input	2.2 Mating : FI-X30M or equivalent.
13	GND	Ground	2.3 Connector pin arrangement
14	R _{IN} 2-	Negative LVDS differential data input	30 1
15	R _{IN} 2+	Positive LVDS differential data input	
16	GND	Ground	
17	CLKI N-	Negative LVDS differential clock input	[LCD Module Rear View]
18	CLKI N+	Negative LVDS differential clock input	
19	GND	Ground	
20	NC	No connect	
21	NC	No connect	
22	NC	No connect	
23	NC	No connect	
24	NC	No connect	
25	NC	No connect	
26	NC	No connect	
27	NC	No connect	
28	NC	No connect	
29	NC	No connect	
30	NC	No connect	

The backlight interface connector is a model BHSR-02VS-1, manufactured by JST or Compatible. The mating connector part number is SM02B-BHSS-1 or equivalent.

Table 5. BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (J3)

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes			
1	HV	Power supply for lamp (High voltage side)	1			
2	LV	Power supply for lamp (Low voltage side)	1			

Notes: 1. The high voltage side terminal is colored pink and the low voltage side terminal is White.

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3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications and specifications of LVDS Tx/Rx for its proper operation.

Table 6. TIMING TABLE

ITEM	Symbol		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
DCLK	Frequency	fclk	66.9	71.25	75.4	MHz	
Hsync	Period	tHP	1380	1440	1496		
	Width	twн	16	32	40	tCLK	
	Active		1280	1280	1280		
Vsync	Period	t∨P	808	823	840		
	Width	tw∨	2	6	6	tHP	
	Active	tw∨a	800	800	800		
Data	Horizontal back porch	tHBP	68	80	120	tour	
Enable	Horizontal front porch	tHFP	16	48	56	tclk	
	Vertical back porch	tvbp	5	15	32	4	
	Vertical front porch	t∨FP	1	2	2	tHP	

3-4. Signal Timing Waveforms

Condition: VCC =3.3V High: 0.7VCC Data Enable, Hsync, Vsync Low: 0.3VCC 0.5 Vcc **DCLK** t_{HP} Hsync **t**wha t_{HBP} t_{HFP} Data Enable Vsync t_{VFP} t_{VBP} twva Data Enable

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3-5. Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red,green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 7. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

									Inp	ut Co	lor D	ata							
	Color			RI	ΞD					GRE	EN					BL	UE		
		MSE					LSB							MSE					LSB
		R 5	R 4	R 3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G 5	G 4	G 3	G 2	G 1		B 5	B 4	В3	B 2	B 1	B 0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	.	0	0	0	0		0	<u>.</u>	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1				1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	. 1 	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (01)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED					.							· · · · • · ·			· · · · · ·			· · • · ·	• · · • ·
	RED (62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN					.							· · · · · · ·			.		 		• · · · · ·
	GREEN (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	.	0	0	0	0		0	<u>.</u>	0	0	0	 1
BLUE		- ···-··						··· · ··	- · · · - ·	· - · · · ·	.	· · · • · ·			· · · · · ·		. .	· · • · ·	
	BLUE (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	. 1	1	1	.	0
	BLUE (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	· · • · ·	0	0	0	<u>.</u>		1	<u>.</u> 1	. . 1	1	 1	 1

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3-6. Power Sequence

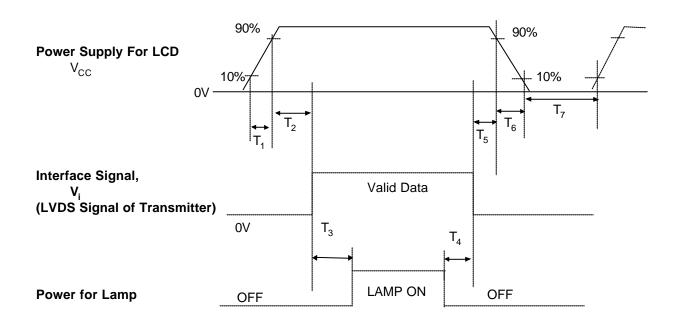


Table 8. POWER SEQUENCE TABLE

Parameter		Value		Units
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
T ₁	-	-	10	(ms)
T ₂	0	-	50	(ms)
T ₃	200	-	-	(ms)
T ₄	200	-	-	(ms)
T ₅	0	-	50	(ms)
T ₆	0	-	10	(ms)
T ₇	400	-	-	(ms)

Note)

- 1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
- 2. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD VCC to 0V.
- 3. Lamp power must be turn on after power supply for LCD and interface signal are valid.

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4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and Θ equal to 0° .

FIG. 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

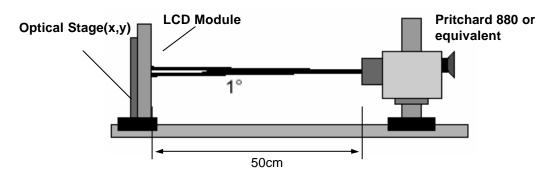


Table 9. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $Ta=25^{\circ}C$, VCC=3.3V, $f_{V}=60Hz$, $f_{CLK}=68.9MHz$, $f_{CLK}=68.9MHz$

Devemeter	Currente est		Values		Llaita	Natas
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	MAx	Units	Notes
Contrast Ratio	CR	250	300	-		1
Surface Luminance, white	L _{WH}	125	150		cd/m ²	2
Luminance Variation	δ _{γνηιτε}	-	-	1.6		3
Response Time						4
Rise Time+Decay Time	$Tr_{R+}Tr_{D}$	-	30	45	ms	
Color Coordinates						± 0.03
RED	RX	TBD	TBD	TBD		
	RY	TBD	TBD	TBD		
GREEN	GX	TBD	TBD	TBD]	
	GY	TBD	TBD	TBD]]	
BLUE	ВХ	TBD	TBD	TBD]	
	BY	TBD	TBD	TBD		
WHITE	WX	0.283	0.313	0.343		
	WY	0.299	0.329	0.359		
Viewing Angle						5
x axis, right(Φ=0°)	Θr		45	-	degree	
x axis, left (Φ =180°)	Θl		45	-	degree	
y axis, up (Φ =90 $^{\circ}$)	Θu		15	-	degree	
y axis, down (Φ=270°)	Θd		35	-	degree	
Gray Scale						6

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Note)

1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as

Surface Luminance with all white pixels

Contrast Ratio =

Surface Luminance with all black pixels

- 2. Surface luminance is the 5point (1~5)average across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 2. When I_{BL} = 6.0mA, L_{WH} =185cd/m²(typ.)
- 3. Luminance % uniformity is measured for 13 point For more information see FIG 2. d WHITE = Maximum(LN1,LN2, LN13) ÷ Minimum(LN1,LN2, LN13)
- Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black (rise time, Tr_R) and from black to white(Decay Time, Tr_D). For additional information see FIG 3.
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 4.
- 6. Gray scale specification

* f_{\/}=60Hz

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)					
LO	TBD					
L7	TRD					
1 15	TBD					
	TBD					
L31	TBD					
130	TBD					
1.47	TBD					
L55	TBD					
L63	TBD					

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FIG. 2 Luminance

<measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation>

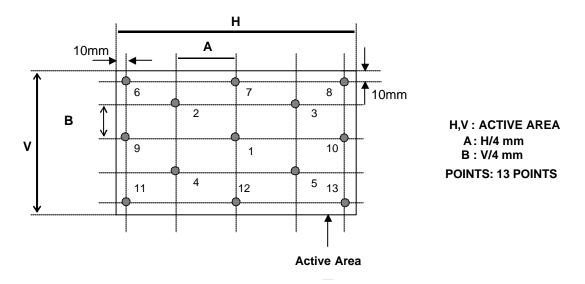
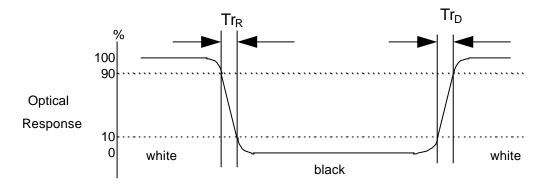


FIG. 3 Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".

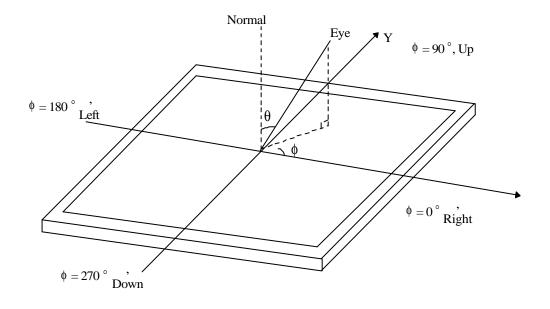


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FIG. 4 Viewing angle

<Dimension of viewing angle range>



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5. Mechanical Characteristics

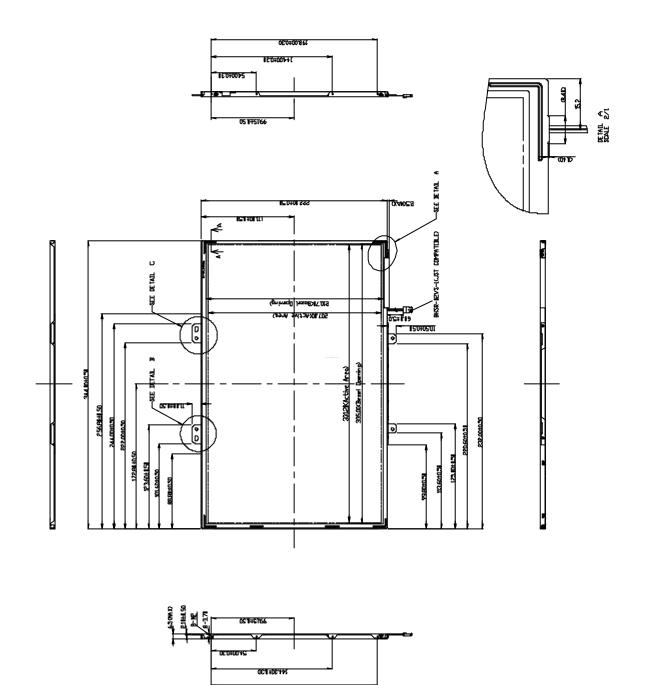
The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model LP154W01(A3K4). In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	344.0 ± 0.5mm					
Outline Dimension	Vertical	222.0 ± 0.5mm					
	Depth	6.2 ± 0.3mm					
Bezel Area	Horizontal	335.0 ± 0.5mm					
bezei Alea	Vertical	210.7 ± 0.5mm					
Active Display Area	Horizontal	331.2 mm					
Active Display Area	Vertical	207.0 mm					
Weight	585g (MAX)						
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H) Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer						



<FRONT VIEW>

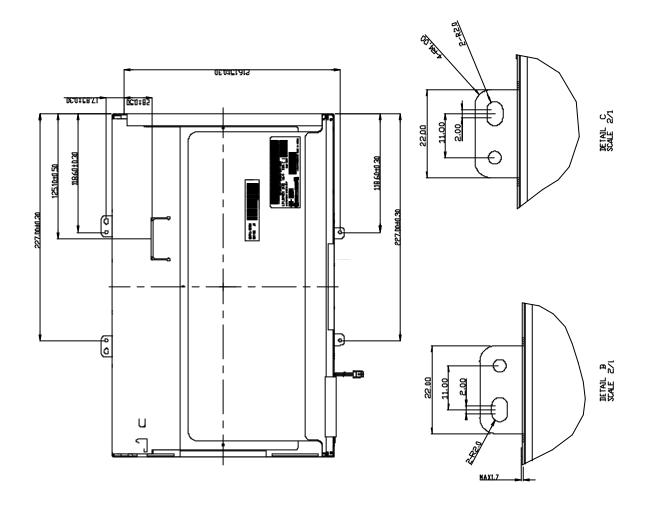
Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance: \pm 0.5mm





<REAR VIEW>

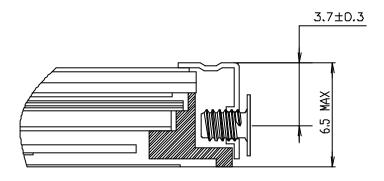
Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance: \pm 0.5mm





[DETAIL DESCRIPTION OF SIDE MOUNTING SCREW]

*Screw Torque (8 point): Max. 2Kgf.Cm



Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance: ± 0.5mm

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6. Reliability

Environment test condition

No.	Test Item	Conditions					
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C, 240h					
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C, 240h					
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C, 50%RH, 240h					
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C, 240h					
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Sine wave, 5 ~ 150Hz, 1.5G, 0.37oct/min 3 axis, 30min/axis					
6	Shock test (non-operating)	- No functional or cosmetic defects following a shock to all 6 sides delivering at least 200 G in a half sine pulse no longer than 2 ms to the display module - No functional defects following a shock delivering at least 260 g in a half sine pulse no longer than 2 ms to each of 6 sides. Each of the 6 sides will be shock tested with one each display, for a total of 6 displays					
7	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 ~ 10,000 feet (3,048m) 24Hr 0 ~ 40,000 feet (12,192m) 24Hr					

[{] Result Evaluation Criteria }

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.

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7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

a) UL 1950 Third Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. Jan. 28, 1995.

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

b) CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 950-95 Third Edition, Canadian Standards Association, Jan. 28, 1995.

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

c) EN 60950: 1992+A1: 1993+A2: 1993+A3: 1995+A1: 1997+A11: 1997

IEC 950: 1991+A1: 1992+A2: 1993+A3: 1995+A1: 1996

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC)

EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1998



8. Packing

8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark

A B C D E F G H I J K L	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L	М
--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

A,B,C : SIZE(INCH) D : YEAR

E: MONTH F: FACTORY CODE

G : ASSEMBLY CODE H, I, J, K, L, M : SERIAL NO.

Note

1. YEAR

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0

2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С

3. FACTORY CODE

Factory Code	LPL Gumi	LPL Nanjing	HEESUNG
Mark	K	С	D

4. SERIAL NO.

Mark	100001~199999, 200001~299999, 300001~399999,, A00001~A99999,, Z0000	1~Z99999
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b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box: 20 pcs

b) Box Size: 437mm × 369mm × 339mm

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9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.
 Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=± 200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.

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9-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) The protection film is attached to the polarizer with a small amount of glue. If some stress is applied to rub the protection film against the polarizer during the time you peel off the film, the glue is apt to remain on the polarizer.
 - Please carefully peel off the protection film without rubbing it against the polarizer.
- (3) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the polarizer after the protection film is peeled off.
- (4) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the polarizer surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

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APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 1/3

Byte#	Byte#	Field Name and Comments	Va	lue	Value	
(decimal)	(HEX)	rieid Name and Comments	(HI	EX)	(binary)	
0	00	Header	0	0	0000 0000	
1	01	Header	F	F	1111 1111	
2	02	Header	F	F	1111 1111	
3	03	Header	F	F	1111 1111	Header
4	04	Header	F	F	1111 1111	
5	05	Header	F	F	1111 1111	
6		Header	F	F	1111 1111	
7 8	07 08	Header	3	2	0000 0000 0011 0010	
9	09	EISA manufacturer code(3 Character ID) = LPL Compressed ASCII	0	C	0000 1100	
10	09 0A	Panel Supplier Reserved - Product code	0	0	0000 0000	
		·	0	0	0000 0000	
11	0B	(Hex, LSB first)				
12	<u> </u>	LCD Module Serial No. = 0 (If not used)	0	0	0000 0000	Vender/
13	<u> </u>	LCD Module Serial No. = 0 (If not used)	0	0	0000 0000	Product ID
14	<u>Œ</u>	LCD Module Serial No. = 0 (If not used)	0	0	0000 0000	
15	0F	LCD Module Serial No. = 0 (If not used)	0	0	0000 0000	
16	10	Week of Manufacture = 00	0	0	0000 0000	
17	11	Year of Manufacture = 2004	0	Ε	0000 1110	
18	12	EDID Structure version # = 1	0	1	0000 0001	EDID Version/
19	13	EDID Revision # = 2	0	2	0000 0010	Revision
20	14	Video Input Definition = Digital I/P,non TMDS CRGB	8	0	1000 0000	D: 1
21	15	Max H image size(?) = 33.12?(33)	2	1 5	0010 0001	Display
<u>22</u> 23	16 17	Max V image size(?) = 20.70?(21) Display gamma =2.2	<u>1</u> 7	8	0001 0101 0111 1000	Parameter
24	18	Feature support(DPMS) = Active off, RGB Color	0	 A	0000 1010	
25	19	Red/Green low Bits	0	0	0000 0000	
26	1A	Blue/White Low Bits	0	0	0000 0000	
27	1B	Red X = TBD	0	0	0000 0000	
28	1C	Red Y = TBD	0	0	0000 0000	
29	1D	Green X = TBD	0	0	0000 0000	Color
30	1E	Green Y = TBD	0	0	0000 0000	Characteristic
31	1F	Blue X = TBD	0	0	0000 0000	
32	20	Blue Y = TBD	0	0	0000 0000	
33	21	White X = TBD	0	0	0000 0000	
34	22	White Y = TBD	0	0	0000 0000	
35	23	Established Timing I = 00h(lf not used)	0	0	0000 0000	Established
36	24	Established Timing II = 00h(If not used)	0	0	0000 0000	Timings
37		Manufacturer's Timings = 00h(If not used)	0	0	0000 0000	
38	26	Standard Timing Identification 1 was not used	0	1_	0000 0001	
39	27	Standard Timing Identification 1 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
40	28	Standard Timing Identification 2 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
41	29	Standard Timing Identification 2 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
42	2A	Standard Timing Identification 3 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
43	2B	Standard Timing Identification 3 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
44	2C	Standard Timing Identification 4 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	Standard
45	20	Standard Timing Identification 4 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	Timing ID
46	Œ	Standard Timing Identification 5 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
47	2F	Standard Timing Identification 5 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
48	30	Standard Timing Identification 6 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
49	31	Standard Timing Identification 6 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
50	32	Standard Timing Identification 7 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
51	33	Standard Timing Identification 7 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
52	34	Standard Timing Identification 8 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
53	35	Standard Timing Identification 8 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	



APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 2/3

Byte#	Byte#	Field Name and Comments	Value	Value	
(decimal)	(HEX)		(HEX)	(binary)	
54	36	Pixel Clock/10,000 (LSB) => main clock = 122MHz	D 5	1101 0101	
55	37	Pixel Clock/10,000 (MSB) / 1280 x 800 @ 60? pixel clock = 71.25?	1 B	0001 1011	
56	38	Horizontal Active = 1280 pixels	0 0	_0000 0000	
57	39	Horizontal Blanking = 160 pixels	A 0	1010 0000	
58	3A	Horizontal Active: Horizontal Blanking	5 0	0101 0000	
59	3B	Vertical Avtive = 800 lines	2 0	0010 0000	
60	3C	Vertical Blanking = 23 lines	1 7	0001 0111	
61	3D	Vertical Active: Vertical Blanking	3 0	0011 0000	Timing
62	3E	Horizontal Sync. Offset = 48 pixels	3 0	0011 0000	Descriptor
63	3F	Horizontal Sync Pulse Width = 32 pixels	2 0	0010 0000	#1
64	40	Vertical Sync Offset = 4 lines : Sync Width = 6 lines	2 6	0010 0110	
65	41	Horizontal Vertical Sync Offset/Width upper 2bits = 0	0 0	0000 0000	
66	42	Horizontal Image Size = 33.12cm(33)	2 1	0010 0001	
67	43	Vertical Image Size = 20.70cm(21)	1 5	0001 0101	
68	44	Horizontal & Vertical Image Size	1 0	0001 0000	
69	45	Horizontal Border = 0	0 0	0000 0000	
70	46	Vertical Border = 0	0 0	0000 0000	
71	47	Non-interlaced, Normal display, no stereo, Digital separate sync, H/V pol negatives	1 9	0001 1001	
72	48	Detailed Timing Descriptor #2	0 0	0000 0000	
73	49		0 0	0000 0000	
74	4A		0 0	0000 0000	
7 5	4B		0 0	0000 0000	
76	4C		0 0	0000 0000	
77	4D		0 0	0000 0000	
78	4E		0 0	0000 0000	
79	4F		0 0	0000 0000	Timing
80	50		0 0	0000 0000	Description
81	51		0 0	0000 0000	#2
82	52		0 0	0000 0000	
83	53		0 0	0000 0000	
84	54		0 0	0000 0000	
85	55		0 0	0000 0000	
86	56		0 0		
87	57		0 0	0000 0000	
- 88	58		0 0	0000 0000	
89	59		0 0	0000 0000	
90	5A	Detailed Timing Descriptor #3	0 0	0000 0000	
91	5B		0 0	0000 0000	
92	5C		0 0	0000 0000	
93	5D		F E	1111 1110	
94	5E		0 0	0000 0000	
95	5F	L	4 C	0100 1100	
96	60	G	4 7	0100 0111	
97	61	Р	5 0		Timing
98	62	<u>h</u>	6 8	0110 1000	Dosonphon
99	63	İ	6 9	0110 1001	#3
100	64		6 C	0110 1100	
101	65	i	6 9	0110 1001	
102	66	p	7 0	0111 0000	
103	67	S	7 3	0111 0011	
104	68	L	4 C	0100 1100	
105	69	C	4 3	0100 0011	
106	6A	D	4 4	0100 0100	
107	6B	LF	0 A	0000 1010	



APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 3/3

Byte#	Byte#	Field Name and Comments	Va	lue	Value	
(decimal)	(HEX)	rieu Name and Comments	$(\exists$	EX)	(binary)	
108	6C	Detailed Timing Descriptor #4	0	0	0000 0000	
109	6D		0	0	0000 0000	
110	Æ		0	0	0000 0000	
111	6F		F	Ε	1111 1110	
112	70		0	0	0000 0000	
113	71	L	4	С	0100 1100	
114	72	Р	5	0	0101 0000	
115	73	1	3	1	0011 0001	Timing
116	74	5	3	5	0011 0101	Description
117	75	4	3	4	0011 0100	#4
118	76	W	5	7	0101 0111	
119	77	0	3	0	0011 0000	
120	78	1	3	1	0011 0001	
121	79	-	2	D	0010 1101	
122	7A	A	4	1	0100 0001	
123	7B	5	3	5	0011 0101	
124	7C	LF(Line Feed)	0	Α	0000 1010	
125	7D	SP (Space)	2	0	0020 0000	
126	7E	Extension flag = 00	0	0	0000 0000	Extension Flag
127	7F	Checksum	5	3	0101 0011	Checksum

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