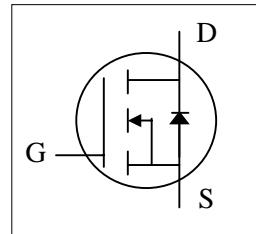




- ▼ Simple Drive Requirement
- ▼ Low Gate Charge
- ▼ Fast Switching Characteristic
- ▼ RoHS Compliant & Halogen-Free

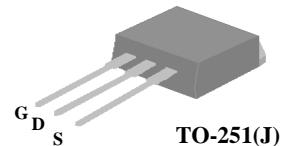
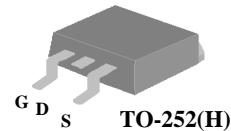


$BV_{DSS}$	30V
$R_{DS(ON)}$	12mΩ
$I_D$	45A

## Description

Advanced Power MOSFETs from APEC provide the designer with the best combination of fast switching, ruggedized device design, low on-resistance and cost-effectiveness.

The TO-252 package is widely preferred for all commercial-industrial surface mount applications and suited for low voltage applications such as DC/DC converters. The through-hole version (AP60T03GJ) are available for low-profile applications.



## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Units
$V_{DS}$	Drain-Source Voltage	30	V
$V_{GS}$	Gate-Source Voltage	+20	V
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$	45	A
$I_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$	32	A
$I_{DM}$	Pulsed Drain Current <sup>1</sup>	120	A
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Total Power Dissipation	44	W
	Linear Derating Factor	0.3	W/°C
$P_D @ T_A = 25^\circ C$	Total Power Dissipation <sup>3</sup>	2.4	W
$T_{STG}$	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 175	°C
$T_J$	Operating Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 175	°C

## Thermal Data

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Units
$R_{thj-c}$	Maximum Thermal Resistance, Junction-case	3.4	°C/W
$R_{thj-a}$	Maximum Thermal Resistance, Junction-ambient (PCB mount) <sup>3</sup>	62.5	°C/W
$R_{thj-a}$	Maximum Thermal Resistance, Junction-ambient	110	°C/W



# AP60T03GH/J-HF

## Electrical Characteristics @ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=250\mu\text{A}$	30	-	-	V
$\Delta \text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}/\Delta T_j$	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_{\text{D}}=1\text{mA}$	-	0.03	-	$\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
$R_{\text{DS}(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance <sup>2</sup>	$V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=20\text{A}$	-	-	12	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{\text{GS}}=4.5\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=15\text{A}$	-	-	25	$\text{m}\Omega$
$V_{\text{GS}(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{\text{DS}}=V_{\text{GS}}, I_{\text{D}}=250\mu\text{A}$	1	-	3	V
$g_{\text{fs}}$	Forward Transconductance <sup>2</sup>	$V_{\text{DS}}=10\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=10\text{A}$	-	25	-	S
$I_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-Source Leakage Current	$V_{\text{DS}}=30\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	-	-	1	$\mu\text{A}$
	Drain-Source Leakage Current ( $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$ )	$V_{\text{DS}}=24\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	-	-	250	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{\text{GSS}}$	Gate-Source Leakage	$V_{\text{GS}}= \pm 20\text{V}, V_{\text{DS}}=0\text{V}$	-	-	$\pm 100$	nA
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge <sup>2</sup>	$I_{\text{D}}=20\text{A}$	-	12	20	nC
$Q_{\text{gs}}$	Gate-Source Charge	$V_{\text{DS}}=20\text{V}$	-	4	-	nC
$Q_{\text{gd}}$	Gate-Drain ("Miller") Charge	$V_{\text{GS}}=4.5\text{V}$	-	7	-	nC
$Q_{\text{oss}}$	Output Charge	$V_{\text{DD}}=15\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	-	10	16	nC
$t_{\text{d}(\text{on})}$	Turn-on Delay Time <sup>2</sup>	$V_{\text{DS}}=15\text{V}$	-	9	-	ns
$t_r$	Rise Time	$I_{\text{D}}=20\text{A}$	-	58	-	ns
$t_{\text{d}(\text{off})}$	Turn-off Delay Time	$R_G=3.3\Omega, V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}$	-	18	-	ns
$t_f$	Fall Time	$R_D=0.75\Omega$	-	6	-	ns
$C_{\text{iss}}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	-	1135	1820	pF
$C_{\text{oss}}$	Output Capacitance	$V_{\text{DS}}=25\text{V}$	-	200	-	pF
$C_{\text{rss}}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	f=1.0MHz	-	135	-	pF
$R_g$	Gate Resistance	f=1.0MHz	-	1.4	2.1	$\Omega$

## Source-Drain Diode

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$V_{\text{SD}}$	Forward On Voltage <sup>2</sup>	$I_s=45\text{A}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	-	-	1.3	V
$t_{\text{rr}}$	Reverse Recovery Time <sup>2</sup>	$I_s=20\text{A}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V},$ $dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	24	-	ns
$Q_{\text{rr}}$	Reverse Recovery Charge		-	16	-	nC

## Notes:

1. Pulse width limited by Max. junction temperature.
2. Pulse test
3. Surface mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> copper pad of FR4 board

THIS PRODUCT IS SENSITIVE TO ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE, PLEASE HANDLE WITH CAUTION.

USE OF THIS PRODUCT AS A CRITICAL COMPONENT IN LIFE SUPPORT OR OTHER SIMILAR SYSTEMS IS NOT AUTHORIZED.

APEC DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ANY PRODUCT OR CIRCUIT DESCRIBED HEREIN; NEITHER DOES IT CONVEY ANY LICENSE UNDER ITS PATENT RIGHTS, NOR THE RIGHTS OF OTHERS.

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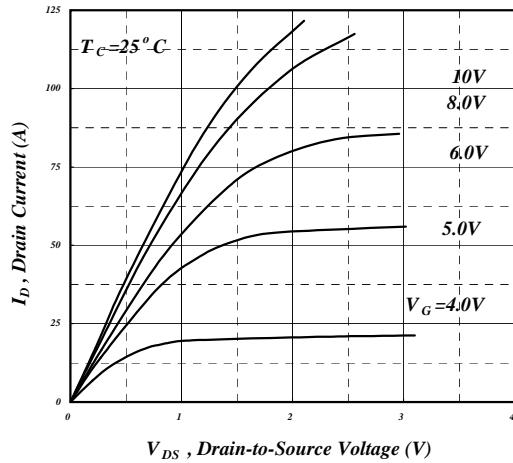


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics

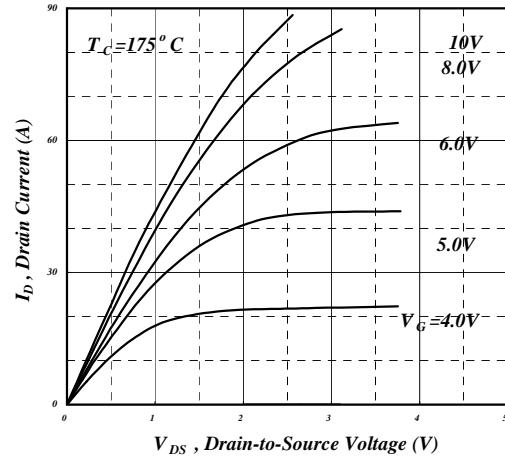


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics

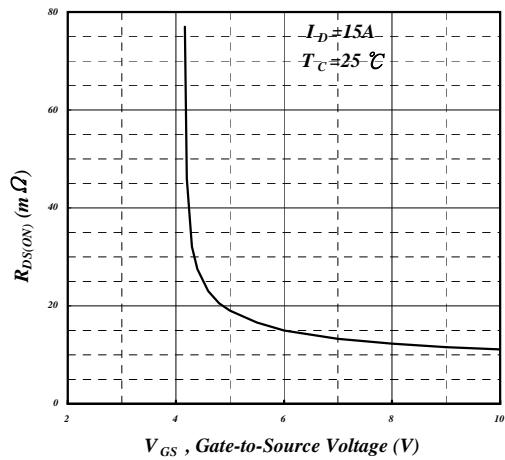


Fig 3. On-Resistance v.s. Gate Voltage

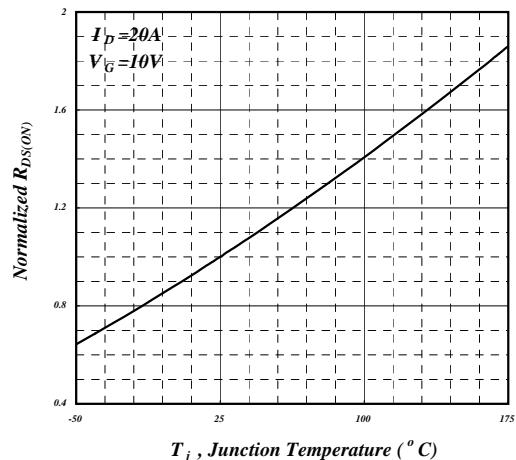


Fig 4. Normalized On-Resistance v.s. Junction Temperature

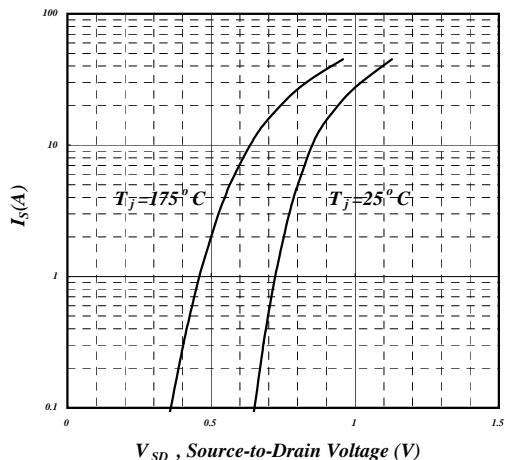


Fig 5. Forward Characteristic of Reverse Diode

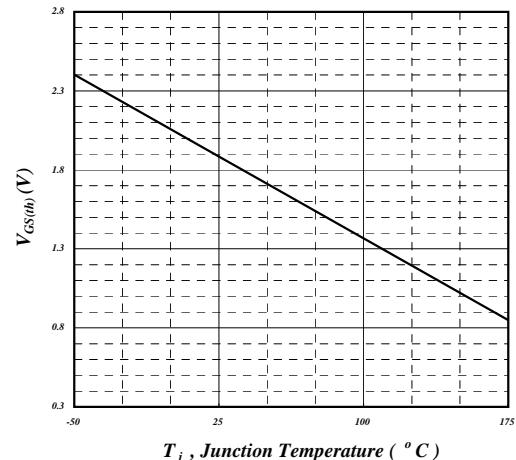
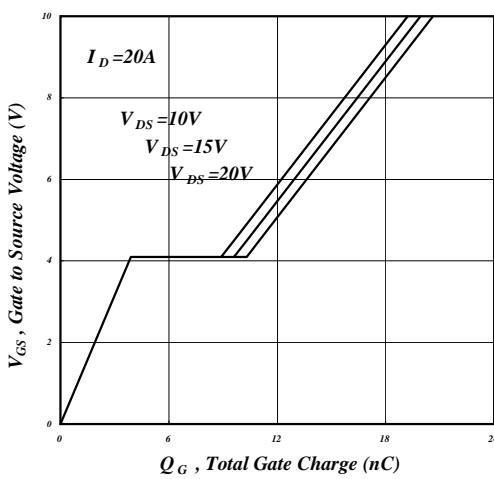
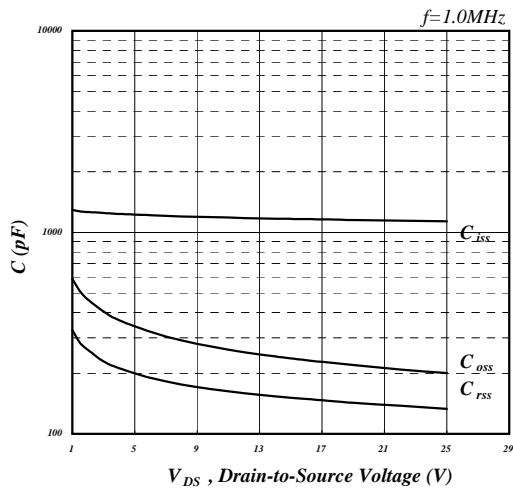


Fig 6. Gate Threshold Voltage v.s. Junction Temperature

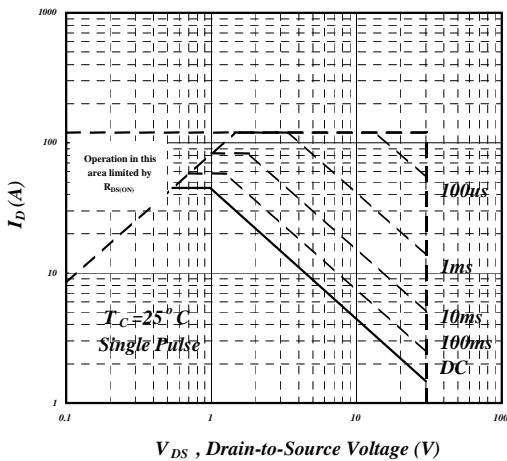
# AP60T03GH/J-HF



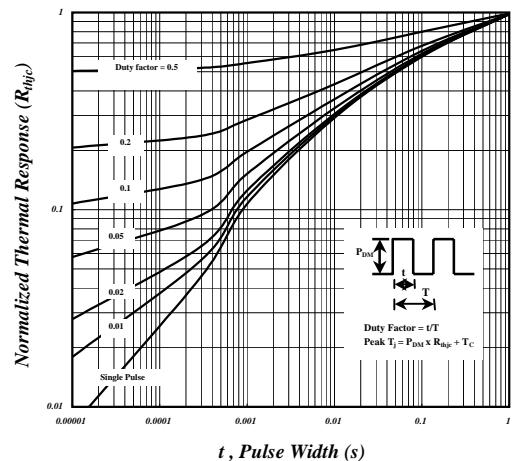
**Fig 7. Gate Charge Characteristics**



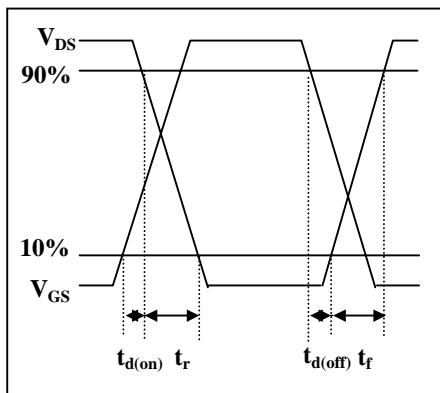
**Fig 8. Typical Capacitance Characteristics**



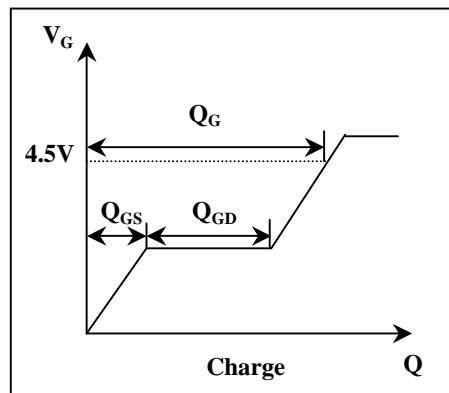
**Fig 9. Maximum Safe Operating Area**



**Fig 10. Effective Transient Thermal Impedance**



**Fig 11. Switching Time Waveform**



**Fig 12. Gate Charge Waveform**