

Maximum Ratings / Höchstzulässige Werte

Parameter	Condition	Symbol	Datasheet values max.	Unit
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Input Rectifier Bridge

Gleichrichter

Repetitive peak reverse voltage Periodische Rückw. Spitzensperrspannung		V_{RRM}	1600	V
Forward current per diode Dauergrenzstrom	DC current $T_h=80^\circ\text{C};$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	I_{FAV}	30	A
Surge forward current Stoßstrom Grenzwert	$t_p=10\text{ms}$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	I_{FSM}	200	A
I^2t -value Grenzlastintegral	$t_p=10\text{ms}$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	I^2t	200	A2s
Power dissipation per Diode Verlustleistung pro Diode	$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	40 60	W
max. Chip temperature max. Chiptemperatur		T_{jmax}	150	$^\circ\text{C}$

Transistor Inverter

Transistor Wechselrichter

Collector-emitter break down voltage Kollektor-Emitter-Sperrspannung		V_{CE}	600	V
DC collector current Kollektor-Dauergleichstrom	$T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C},$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	I_C	19 20	A
Repetitive peak collector current Periodischer Kollektorspitzenstrom	tp limited by Tj max	I_{cpuls}	45	A
Power dissipation per IGBT Verlustleistung pro IGBT	$T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	40 60	W
Gate-emitter peak voltage Gate-Emitter-Spitzenspannung		V_{GE}	± 20	V
SC withstand time* Kurzschlußverhalten*	$T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{CC}=360\text{V}$	$V_{GE}=15\text{V}$ t_{SC}	6	us
max. Chip temperature max. Chiptemperatur		T_{jmax}		

Diode Inverter

Diode Wechselrichter

DC forward current Dauergleichstrom	$T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C},$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	I_F	18 20	A
Repetitive peak forward current Periodischer Spitzenstrom	tp limited by Tj max	I_{FRM}	45	A
Power dissipation per Diode Verlustleistung pro Diode	$T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	32 49	W
max. Chip temperature max. Chiptemperatur		T_{jmax}	175	$^\circ\text{C}$

Maximum Ratings / Höchstzulässige Werte

Parameter	Condition	Symbol	Datasheet values max.	Unit
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Transistor BRC

Transistor Wechselrichter

Collector-emitter break down voltage Kollektor-Emitter-Sperrspannung		V_{CE}	600	V
DC collector current Kollektor-Dauergleichstrom	$T_j=150^{\circ}C$ $T_h=80^{\circ}C$	I_C	10	A
Repetitive peak collector current Periodischer Kollektorspitzenstrom	$t_b=1ms$ $T_h=80^{\circ}C$	I_{cpuls}	30	A
Power dissipation per IGBT Verlustleistung pro IGBT	$T_j=150^{\circ}C$ $T_h=80^{\circ}C$	P_{tot}	35 42	W
Gate-emitter peak voltage Gate-Emitter-Spitzenspannung		V_{GE}	± 20	V
SC withstand time Kurzschlußverhalten	$T_j \leq 150^{\circ}C$ $V_{CE}=600/1200 V$	t_{SC}	6	us
max. Chip temperature max. Chiptemperatur		T_{jmax}	175	$^{\circ}C$

Diode BRC

Diode BRC

DC forward current Dauergleichstrom	$T_j=150^{\circ}C$ $T_h=80^{\circ}C$	I_F	10	A
Repetitive peak forward current Periodischer Spitzenstrom	$t_b=1ms$ $T_h=80^{\circ}C$	I_{FRM}	30	A
Power dissipation per Diode Verlustleistung pro Diode	$T_j=150^{\circ}C$ $T_h=80^{\circ}C$	P_{tot}	31 36	W
max. Chip temperature max. Chiptemperatur		T_{jmax}	175	$^{\circ}C$

Thermal properties

Thermische Eigenschaften

Storage temperature Lagertemperatur		T_{stg}	-40...+125	$^{\circ}C$
Operation temperature Betriebstemperatur		T_{op}	-40...+125	$^{\circ}C$

Insulation properties

Modulisololation

Insulation voltage Isolationsspannung	$t=1min$	V_{is}	4000	Vdc
Creepage distance Kriechstrecke			min 12,7	mm
Clearance Luftstrecke			min 12,7	mm

Additional notes and remarks:

* Allowed number of short circuits must be less than 1000 times, and time duration between short circuits should be more than 1 second!

Characteristic values/ Charakteristische Werte

Description	Symbol	Conditions					Datasheet values			Unit
		T(C°)	Other conditions (Rgon-Rgoff)	VGE(V) VGS(V)	VCE(V) VDS(V)	IC(A) IF(A) Id(A)	Min	Typ	Max	

Input Rectifier Bridge

Gleichrichter

Forward voltage Durchlaßspannung	V_F	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C				30		1,22 1,18	1,5	V
Threshold voltage (for power loss calc. only) Schleusenspannung	V_{to}	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C				30		0,91 0,81		V
Slope resistance (for power loss calc. only) Ersatzwiderstand	r_t	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C				30		0,011 0,012		Ohm
Reverse current Sperrstrom	I_r	T _J =25°C T _J =150°C				1500			0,01	mA
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip Wärmewiderstand Chip-Kühlkörper pro Chip	R_{thJH}		Thermal grease thickness≤50um					1,75		K/W
Thermal resistance chip to case per chip Wärmewiderstand Chip-Gehäuse pro Chip	R_{thJC}		Warmeleitpaste Dicke≤50um λ = 0,61 W/mK					1,155		K/W

Transistor Inverter

Transistor Wechselrichter

Gate emitter threshold voltage Gate-Schwellenspannung	$V_{GE(th)}$	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C	VCE=VGE					0,00021	4,5	5,8	7	
Collector-emitter saturation voltage Kollektor-Emitter Sättigungsspannung	$V_{CE(sat)}$	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C			15			15	1,52 1,7	2,1		V
Collector-emitter cut-off Kollektor-Emitter Reststrom	I_{CES}	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C			0	600				0,11		mA
Gate-emitter leakage current Gate-Emitter Reststrom	I_{GES}	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C			20	0				350		nA
Integrated Gate resistor Integrierter Gate Widerstand	R_{gint}								none			Ohm
Turn-on delay time Einschaltverzögerungszeit	$t_{d(on)}$	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C	Rgoff=8 Ω Rgon=16 Ω		15	300	15		15			ns
Rise time Anstiegszeit	t_r	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C	Rgoff=8 Ω Rgon=16 Ω		15	300	15		15			ns
Turn-off delay time Abschaltverzögerungszeit	$t_{d(off)}$	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C	Rgoff=8 Ω Rgon=16 Ω		15	300	15		156			ns
Fall time Fallzeit	t_f	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C	Rgoff=8 Ω Rgon=16 Ω		15	300	15		91			ns
Turn-on energy loss per pulse Einschaltverlustenergie pro Puls	E_{on}	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C	Rgoff=8 Ω Rgon=16 Ω		15	300	15		0,318			mWs
Turn-off energy loss per pulse Abschaltverlustenergie pro Puls	E_{off}	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C	Rgoff=8 Ω Rgon=16 Ω		15	300	15		0,41			mWs
SC withstand time Kurzschlußverhalten	t_{SC}											us
Input capacitance Eingangskapazität	C_{ies}	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C	f=1MHz		0	25			0,86			nF
Output capacitance Ausgangskapazität	C_{oss}	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C	f=1MHz		0	25			0,055			nF
Reverse transfer capacitance Rückwirkungskapazität	C_{rss}	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C	f=1MHz		0	25			0,024			nF
Gate charge Gate Ladung	Q_{Gate}	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C							tbid			nC
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip Wärmewiderstand Chip-Kühlkörper pro Chip	R_{thJH}		Thermal grease thickness≤50um						2,4			K/W
Thermal resistance chip to case per chip Wärmewiderstand Chip-Gehäuse pro Chip	R_{thJC}		Warmeleitpaste Dicke≤50um λ = 0,61 W/mK						0,63			K/W

Diode Inverter

Diode Wechselrichter

Diode forward voltage Durchlaßspannung	V_F	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C						10		1,79 1,68	2,1	V
Peak reverse recovery current Rückstromspitze	I_{RM}	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C	diF/dt = 436 A/us		0	300	10		13,25			A
Reverse recovery time Sperrverzögerungszeit	t_{rr}	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C	diF/dt = 436 A/us		0	300	10		231			ns
Reverse recovered charge Sperrverzögerungsladung	Q_{rr}	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C	diF/dt = 436 A/us		0	300	10		1,05			uC
Reverse recovered energy Sperrverzögerungsenergie	E_{rec}	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C	diF/dt = 436 A/us		0	300	10		0,222			mWs
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip Wärmewiderstand Chip-Kühlkörper pro Chip	R_{thJH}		Thermal grease thickness≤50um						2,94			K/W
Thermal resistance chip to case per chip Wärmewiderstand Chip-Gehäuse pro Chip	R_{thJC}		Warmeleitpaste Dicke≤50um λ = 0,61 W/mK						1,03			K/W

Characteristic values/ Charakteristische Werte

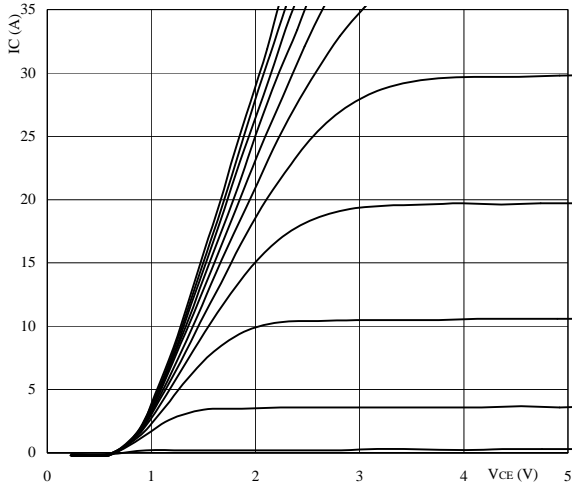
Description	Symbol	Conditions					Datasheet values			Unit
		T(°C)	Other conditions (Rgon-Rgoff)	VGE(V) VGS(V)	VCE(V) VDS(V)	IC(A) IF(A) Id(A)	Min	Typ	Max	
Transistor BRC										
Transistor BRC										
Gate emitter threshold voltage Gate-Schwellenspannung	$V_{GE(th)}$	Tj=25°C Tj=125°C	VCE=VGE			0,00015	4,5	5,8	7	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage Kollektor-Emitter Sättigungsspannung	$V_{CE(sat)}$	Tj=25°C Tj=125°C		15		10		1,52 1,7	2,1	V
Collector-emitter cut-off Kollektor-Emitter Reststrom	I_{CES}	Tj=25°C Tj=125°C		0	600				0,03	mA
Gate-emitter leakage current Gate-Emitter Reststrom	I_{GES}	Tj=25°C Tj=125°C		20	0				350	nA
Integrated Gate resistor Integrierter Gate Widerstand	R_{gint}									Ohm
Turn-on delay time Einschaltverzögerungszeit	$t_{d(on)}$	Tj=25°C Tj=125°C	Rgon=32Ω Rgoff=16Ω	15	300	10			16,3	ns
Rise time Anstiegszeit	t_r	Tj=25°C Tj=125°C	Rgon=32Ω Rgoff=16Ω	15	300	10			16,7	ns
Turn-off delay time Abschaltverzögerungszeit	$t_{d(off)}$	Tj=25°C Tj=125°C	Rgon=32Ω Rgoff=16Ω	15	300	10			172,5	ns
Fall time Fallzeit	t_f	Tj=25°C Tj=125°C	Rgon=32Ω Rgoff=16Ω	15	300	10			115,2	ns
Turn-on energy loss per pulse Einschaltverlustenergie pro Puls	E_{on}	Tj=25°C Tj=125°C	Rgon=32Ω Rgoff=16Ω	15	300	10			0,25	uWs
Turn-off energy loss per pulse Abschaltverlustenergie pro Puls	E_{off}	Tj=25°C Tj=125°C	Rgon=32Ω Rgoff=16Ω	15	300	10			0,3	uWs
SC withstand time Kurzschlußverhalten	t_{sc}									us
Input capacitance Eingangskapazität	C_{iss}	Tj=25°C Tj=125°C	f=1MHz	0	25				0,551	nF
Output capacitance Ausgangskapazität	C_{oss}	Tj=25°C Tj=125°C	f=1MHz	0	25				0,04	nF
Reverse transfer capacitance Rückwirkungskapazität	C_{ies}	Tj=25°C Tj=125°C	f=1MHz	0	25				0,017	nF
Gate charge Gate Ladung	Q_{gate}	Tj=25°C Tj=125°C							tbid	nC
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip Wärmewiderstand Chip-Kühlkörper pro Chip	$R_{th,HS}$		Thermal grease thickness≤50um Wärmeleitpaste Dicke≤50um λ = 0,61 W/mK						2,74 1,8084	K/W
Diode BRC										
Diode BRC										
Diode forward voltage Durchlaßspannung	V_f	Tj=25°C Tj=125°C				10		1,61 1,53	2,2	V
Reverse current Sperrstrom	I_r	Tj=25°C Tj=125°C	Rgon=32Ω	15	600	10			0,06	uA
Reverse recovery time Sperrverzögerungszeit	t_{rr}	Tj=25°C Tj=125°C	Rgon=32Ω	15	300	10			265,8	ns
Reverse recovered charge Sperrverzögerungsladung	Q_{rr}	Tj=25°C Tj=125°C	Rgon=32Ω	15	300	10			0,8	uC
Reverse recovery energy Sperrverzögerungsenergie	E_{rec}	Tj=25°C Tj=125°C	Rgon=32Ω	15	300	10				uWs
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip Wärmewiderstand Chip-Kühlkörper pro Chip	$R_{th,HS}$		Thermal grease thickness≤50um Wärmeleitpaste Dicke≤50um λ = 0,61 W/mK						3,07	K/W
NTC-Thermistor										
NTC-Widerstand										
Rated resistance Nennwiderstand	R_{25}	Tj=25°C	Tol. ±5%				20,9	22	23,1	kOhm
Deviation of R100 Abweichung von R100	$D_{R/R}$	Tc=100°C	R100=1503Ω					2,9		%/K
Power dissipation given Epcos-Typ Verlustleistung Epcos-Typ angeben	P	Tj=25°C						210		mW
B-value B-Wert	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tj=25°C	Tol. ±3%					3980		K

Output inverter

Figure 1. Typical output characteristics

Output inverter IGBT

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

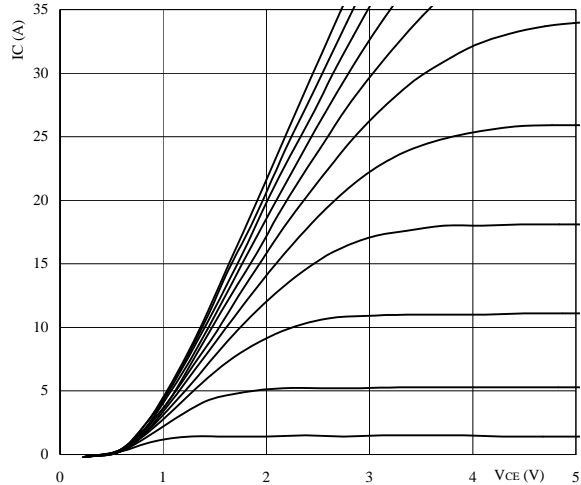


parameter: $t_p = 250 \mu s$ $T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 V_{GE} parameter: from: 7 V to 17 V
in 1 V steps

Figure 2. Typical output characteristics

Output inverter IGBT

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

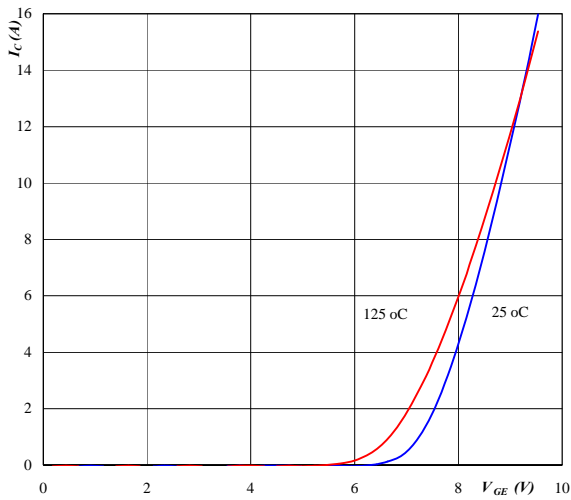


parameter: $t_p = 250 \mu s$ $T_j = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 V_{GE} parameter: from: 7 V to 17 V
in 1 V steps

Figure 3. Typical transfer characteristics

Output inverter IGBT

$I_C = f(V_{GE})$

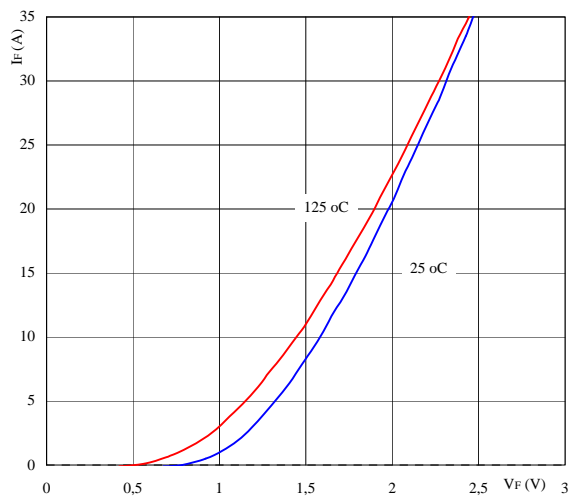


parameter: $t_p = 250 \mu s$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$

Figure 4. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

Output inverter FRED

$I_F = f(V_F)$

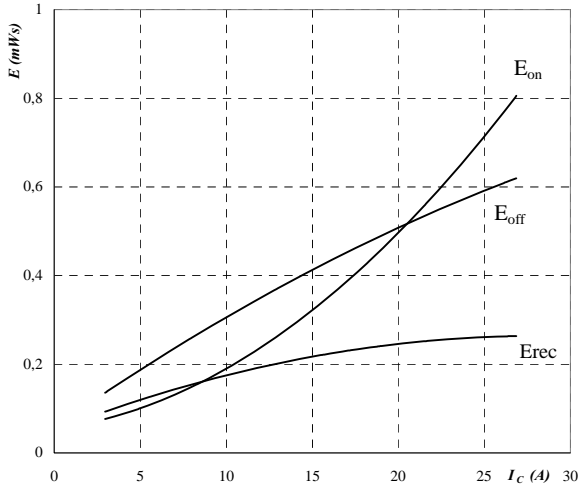


parameter: $t_p = 250 \mu s$

Output inverter

Figure 5. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

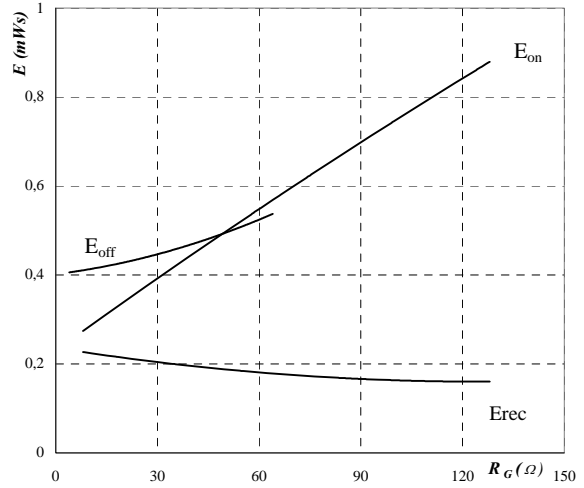
Output inverter IGBT
 $E = f(I_c)$



inductive load, $T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 300\text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 16\text{ }\Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 8\text{ }\Omega$

Figure 6. Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

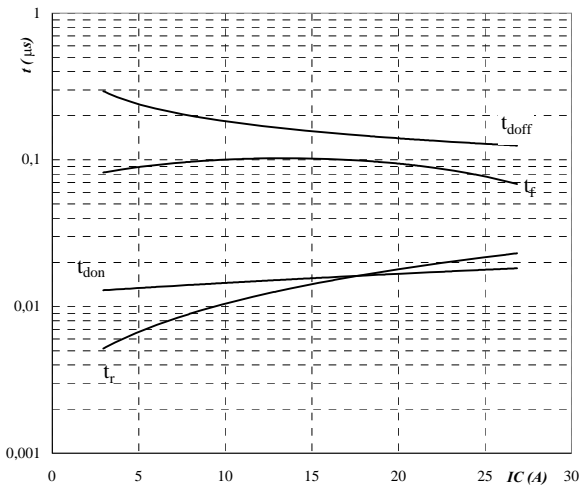
Output inverter IGBT
 $E = f(R_G)$



inductive load, $T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 300\text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$
 $I_c = 15\text{ A}$

Figure 7. Typical switching times as a function of collector current

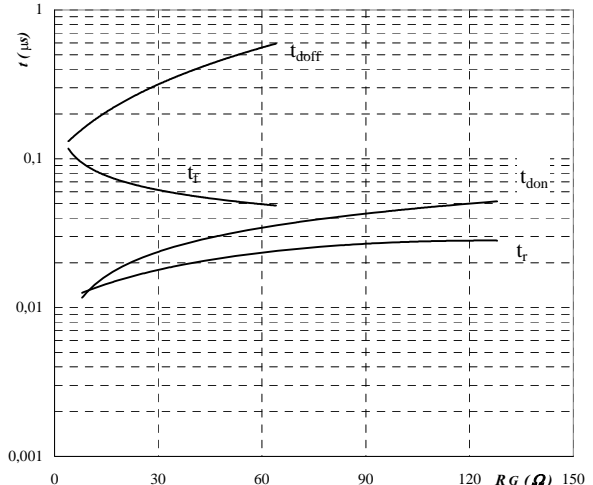
Output inverter IGBT
 $t = f(I_c)$



inductive load, $T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 300\text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 16\text{ }\Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 8\text{ }\Omega$

Figure 8. Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

Output inverter IGBT
 $t = f(R_G)$

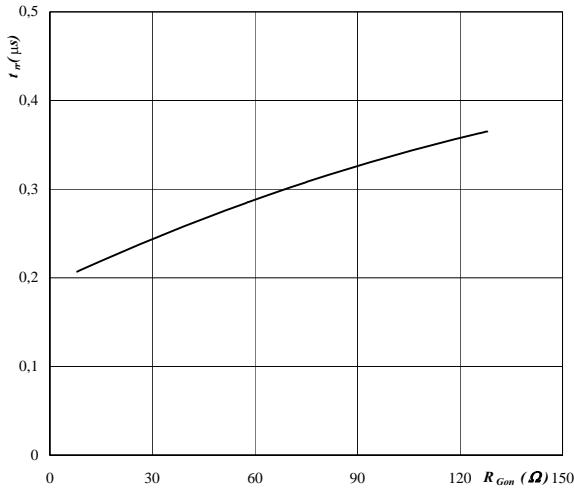


inductive load, $T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 300\text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$
 $I_c = 15\text{ A}$

Output inverter

Figure 9. Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

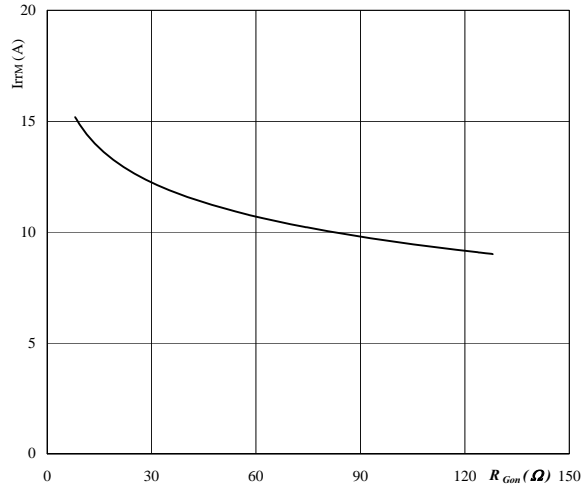
Output inverter FRED diode
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



$T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 300\text{ V}$
 $I_F = 15\text{ A}$
 $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$

Figure 10. Typical reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

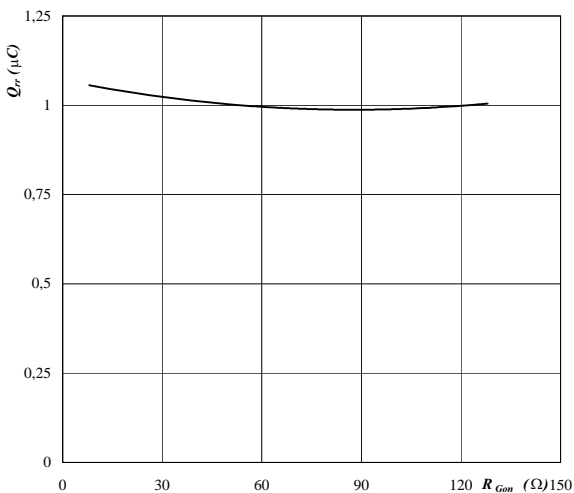
Output inverter FRED diode
 $I_{RRM} = f(R_{gon})$



$T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 300\text{ V}$
 $I_F = 15\text{ A}$
 $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$

Figure 11. Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

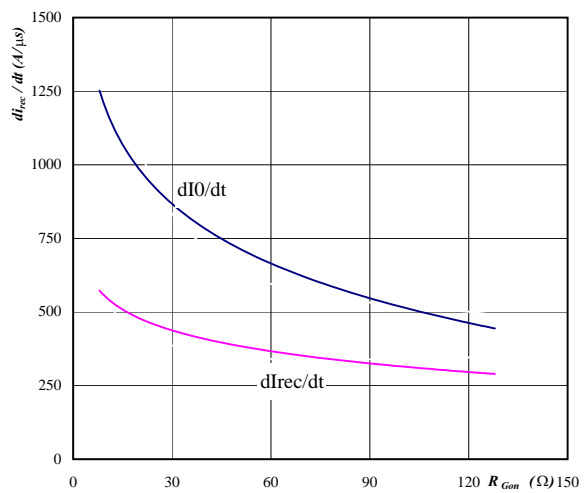
Output inverter FRED diode
 $Q_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



$T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 300\text{ V}$
 $I_F = 15\text{ A}$
 $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$

Figure 12. Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

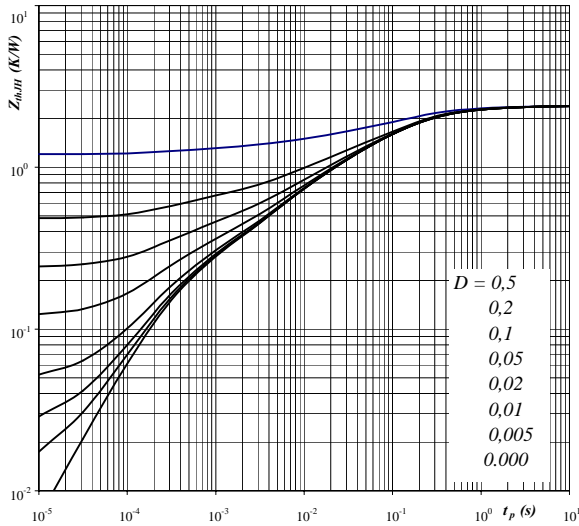
Output inverter FRED diode
 $dI_O/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(R_{gon})$



$T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 300\text{ V}$
 $I_F = 15\text{ A}$
 $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$

Output inverter

Figure 13. IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width
 $Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$

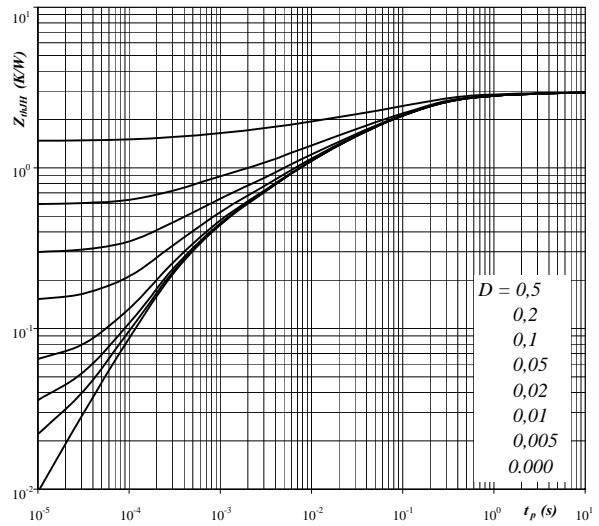


Parameter: $D = t_p / T$ $R_{thJH} = 2,40 \text{ K/W}$

IGBT thermal model values

R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0,10	5,1E+00
0,36	5,4E-01
0,97	1,2E-01
0,53	1,9E-02
0,26	3,4E-03
0,19	3,2E-04

Figure 14. FRED transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width
 $Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$



Parameter: $D = t_p / T$ $R_{thJH} = 2,94 \text{ K/W}$

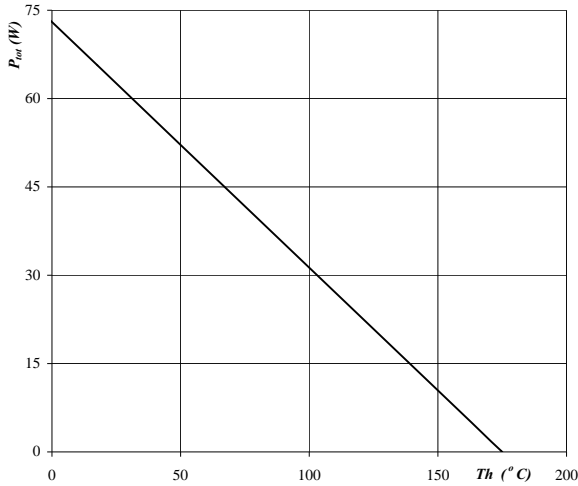
FRED thermal model values

R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0,10	5,5E+00
0,38	5,4E-01
1,04	1,1E-01
0,69	1,9E-02
0,45	3,3E-03
0,30	3,8E-04

Output inverter

Figure 15. Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

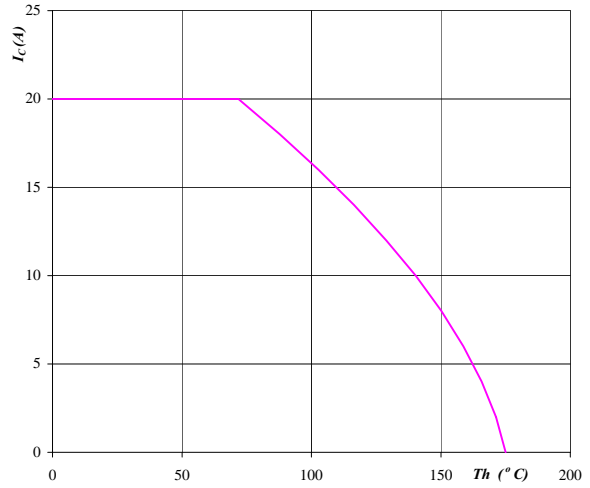
Output inverter IGBT
 $P_{tot} = f(T_h)$



parameter: $T_j = 175$ °C

Figure 16. Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature

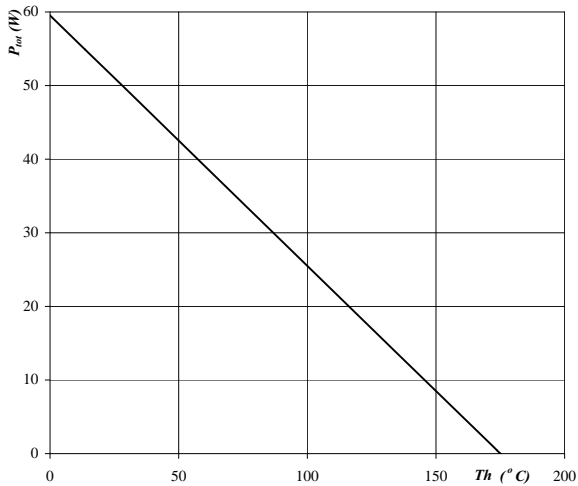
Output inverter IGBT
 $I_c = f(T_h)$



parameter: $T_j = 175$ °C
 $V_{GE} = 15$ V

Figure 17. Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

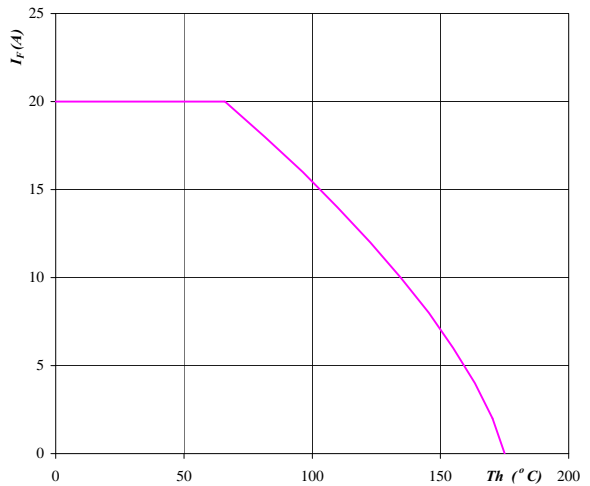
Output inverter FRED
 $P_{tot} = f(T_h)$



parameter: $T_j = 175$ °C

Figure 18. Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

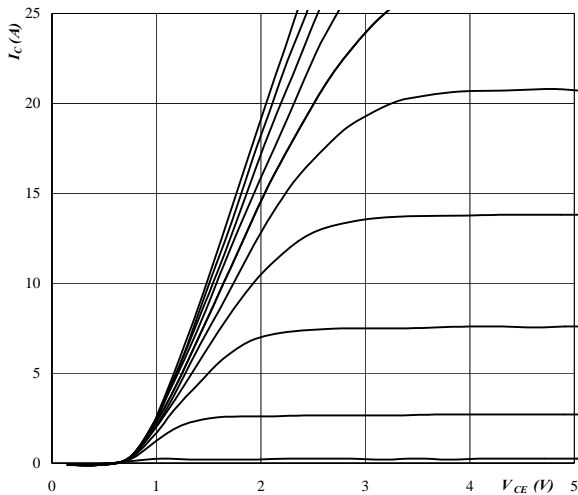
Output inverter FRED
 $I_F = f(T_h)$



parameter: $T_j = 175$ °C

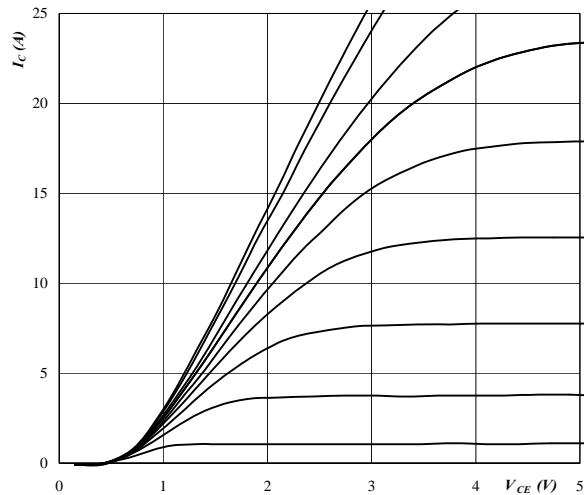
Brake

Figure 1. Typical output characteristics
Brake IGBT
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



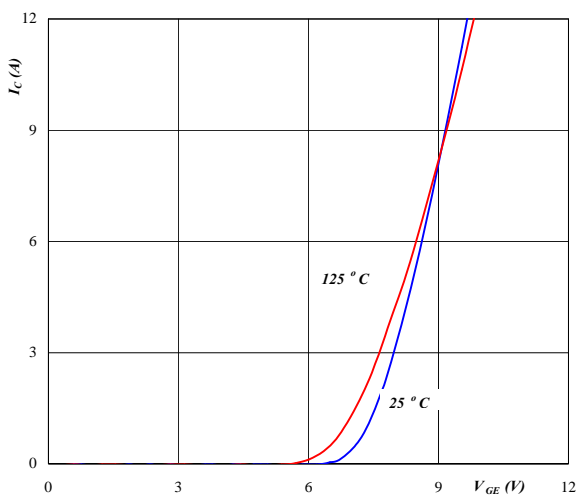
parameter: $t_p = 250 \mu s$ $T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ C$
 V_{GE} parameter: from: 7 V to 17 V
in 1 V steps

Figure 2. Typical output characteristics
Brake IGBT
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



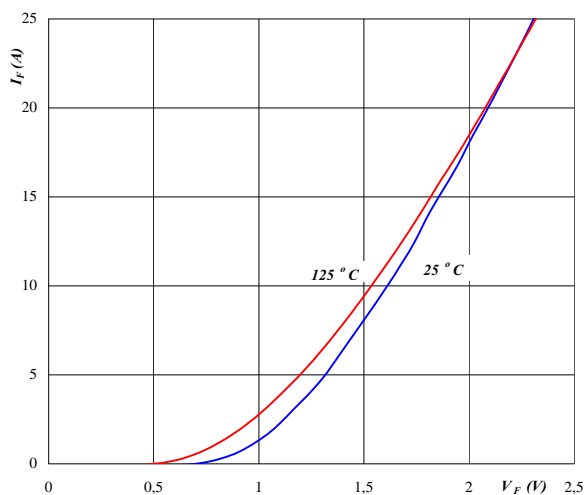
parameter: $t_p = 250 \mu s$ $T_j = 125 \text{ }^\circ C$
 V_{GE} parameter: from: 7 V to 17 V
in 1 V steps

Figure 3. Typical transfer characteristics
Brake IGBT
 $I_C = f(V_{GE})$



parameter: $t_p = 250 \mu s$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$

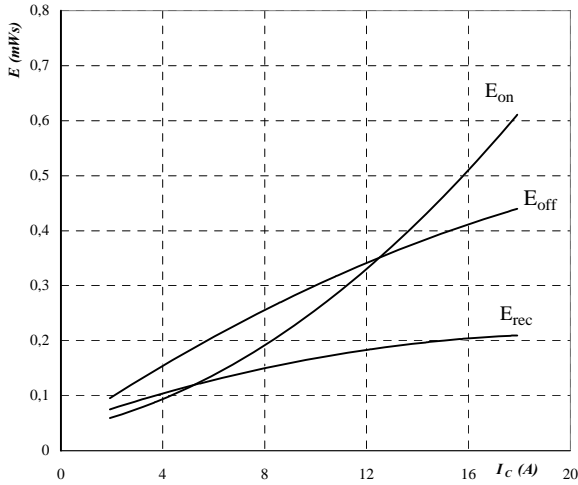
Figure 4. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage
Brake FRED $I_F = f(V_F)$



parameter: $t_p = 250 \mu s$

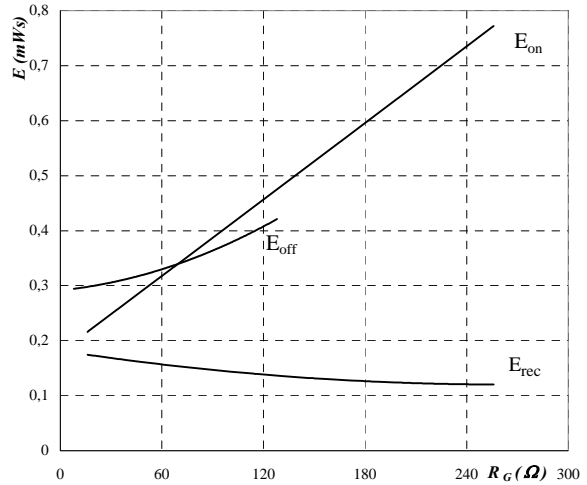
Brake

Figure 5. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current
Brake IGBT
 $E = f(I_c)$



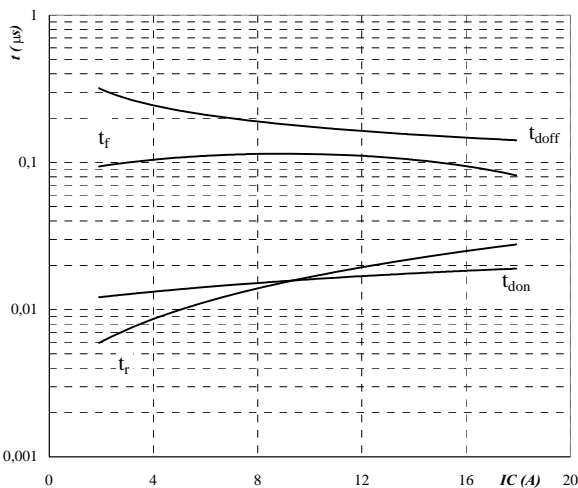
inductive load, $T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 300\text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 32\ \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 16\ \Omega$

Figure 6. Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor
Brake IGBT
 $E = f(R_G)$



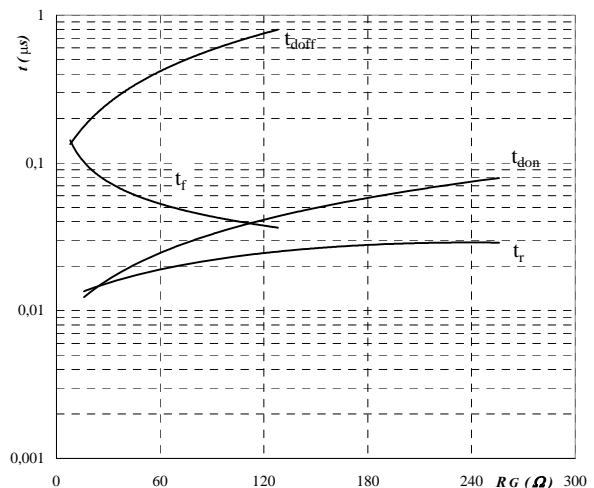
inductive load, $T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 300\text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$
 $I_c = 10\text{ A}$

Figure 7. Typical switching times as a function of collector current
Brake IGBT
 $t = f(I_c)$



inductive load, $T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 300\text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 32\ \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 16\ \Omega$

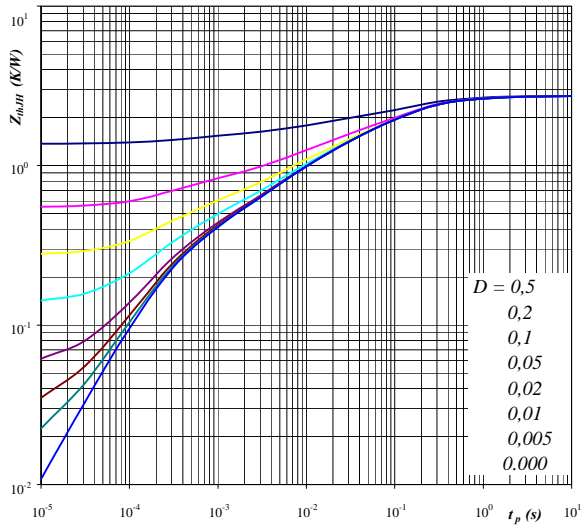
Figure 8. Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor
Brake IGBT
 $t = f(R_G)$



inductive load, $T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 300\text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$
 $I_c = 10\text{ A}$

Brake

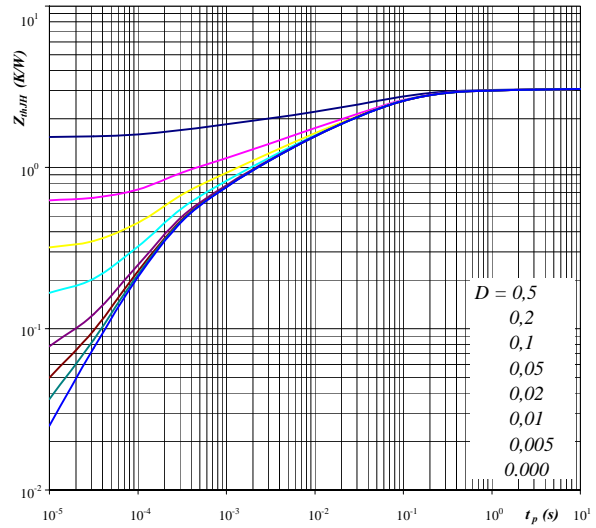
Figure9. IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width
 $Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$



Parameter: $D = t_p / T$

$R_{thJH} = 2,74 \text{ K/W}$

Figure 10. FRED transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width
 $Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$



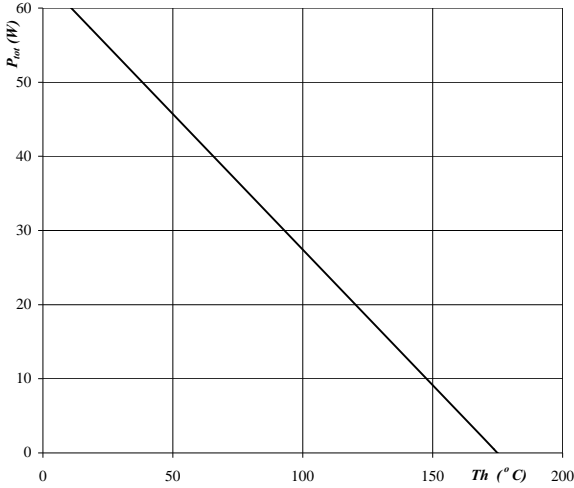
Parameter: $D = t_p / T$

$R_{thJH} = 3,07 \text{ K/W}$

Brake

Figure 11. Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

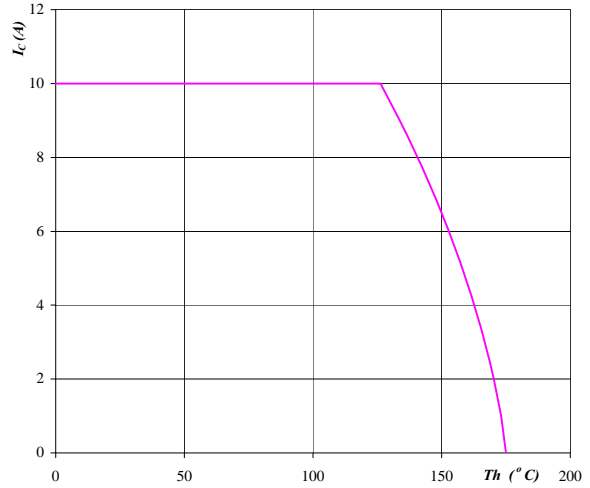
Brake IGBT
 $P_{tot} = f(T_h)$



parameter: $T_j = 175$ °C

Figure 12. Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature

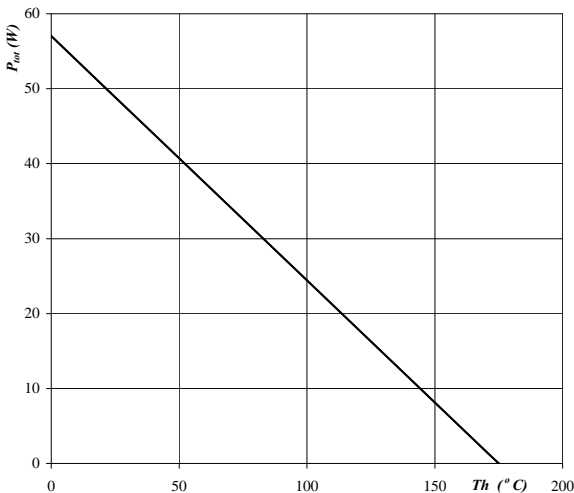
Brake IGBT
 $I_c = f(T_h)$



parameter: $T_j = 175$ °C
 $V_{GE} = 15$ V

Figure 13. Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

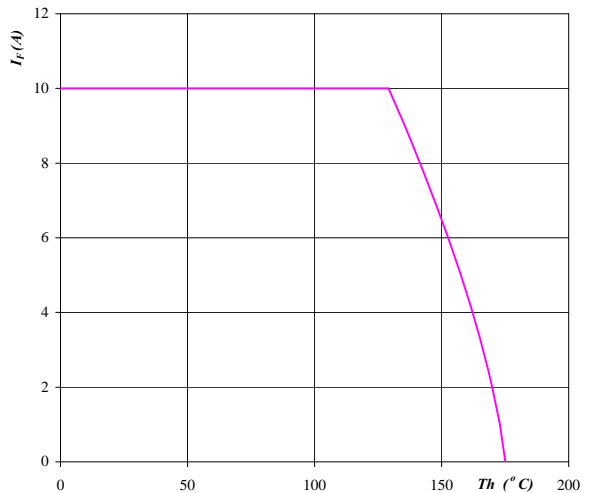
Brake FRED
 $P_{tot} = f(T_h)$



parameter: $T_j = 175$ °C

Figure 14. Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

Brake FRED
 $I_F = f(T_h)$



parameter: $T_j = 175$ °C

Input rectifier bridge

Figure 1. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage
Rectifier diode
 $I_F = f(V_F)$

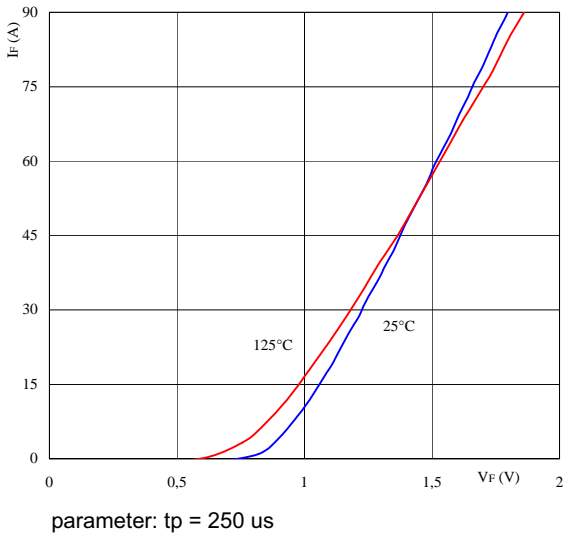


Figure 2. Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width
Rectifier diode
 $Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$

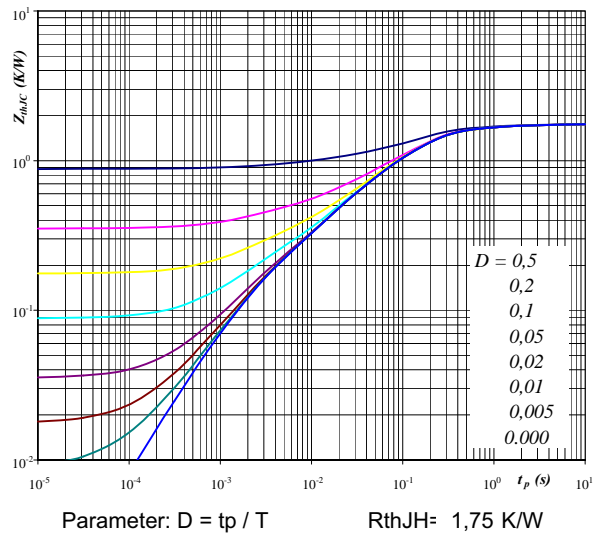


Figure 3. Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature
Rectifier diode
 $P_{tot} = f(Th)$

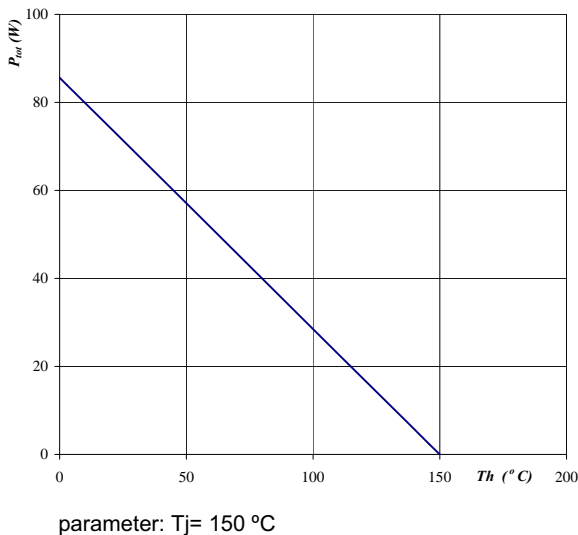
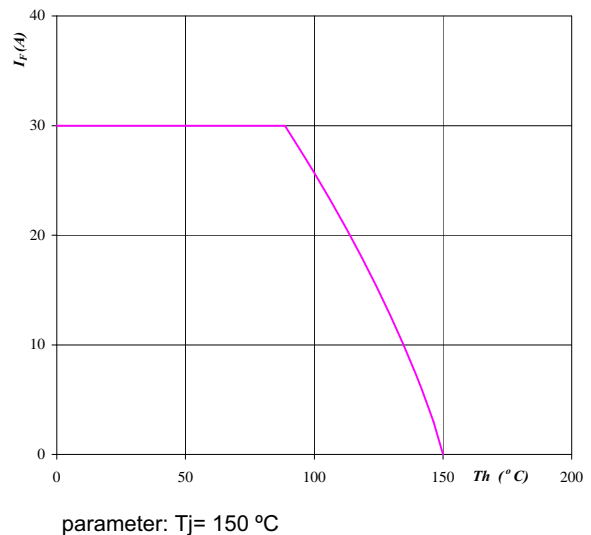


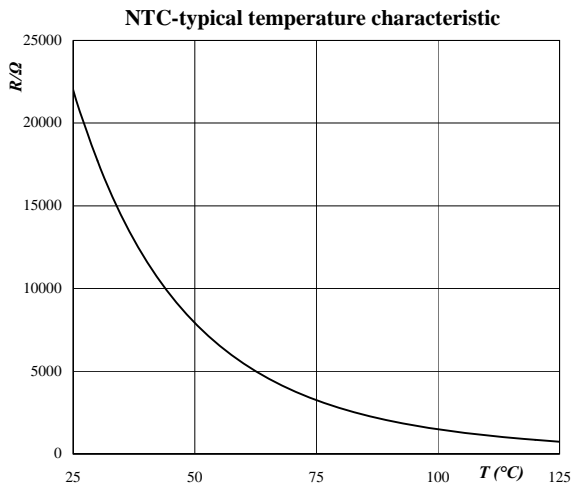
Figure 4. Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature
Rectifier diode
 $I_F = f(Th)$



Thermistor

Figure 1. Typical NTC characteristic as a function of temperature

$$R_T = f(T)$$

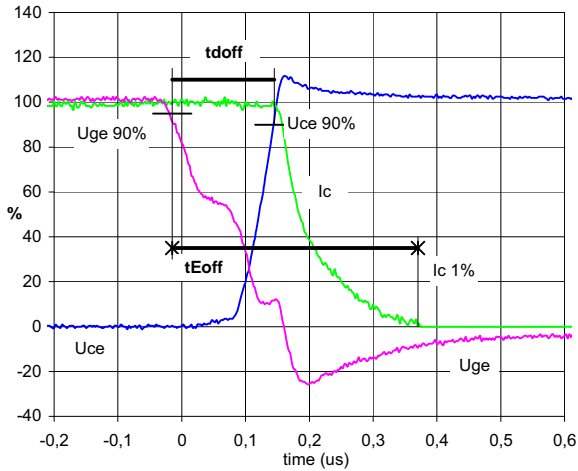


Switching definitions

General conditions: $T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

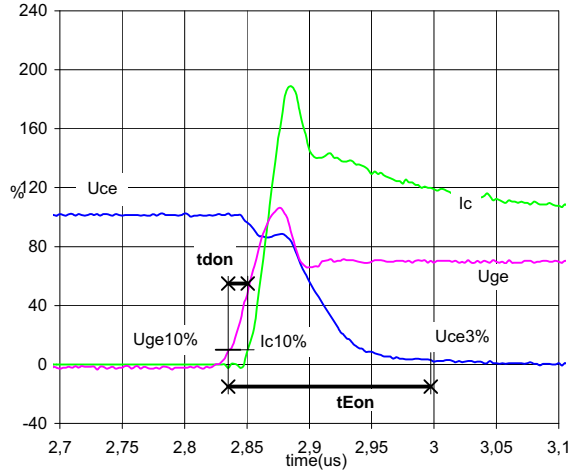
$R_{gon} = 16\ \Omega$ $R_{goff} = 8,0\ \Omega$

Figure 1. Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} , t_{Eoff}
 (t_{Eoff} = integrating time for E_{off})
 Output inverter IGBT



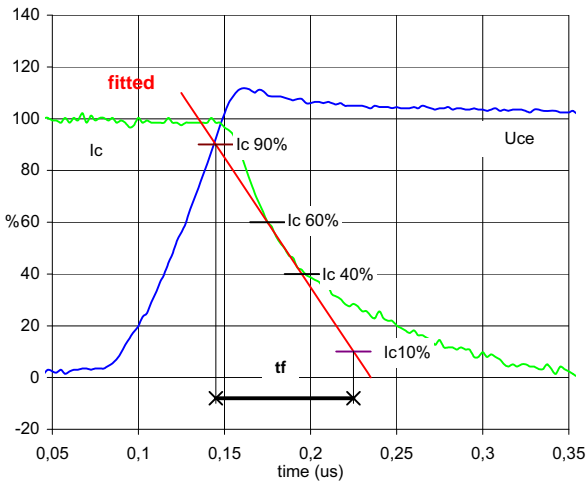
Uge(0%)= 0 V
 Uge(100%)= 15 V
 Uc(100%)= 300 V
 Ic(100%)= 15 A
 $t_{doff} = 0,16\ \mu\text{s}$
 $t_{Eoff} = 0,39\ \mu\text{s}$

Figure 2. Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{don} , t_{Eon}
 (t_{Eon} = integrating time for E_{on})
 Output inverter IGBT



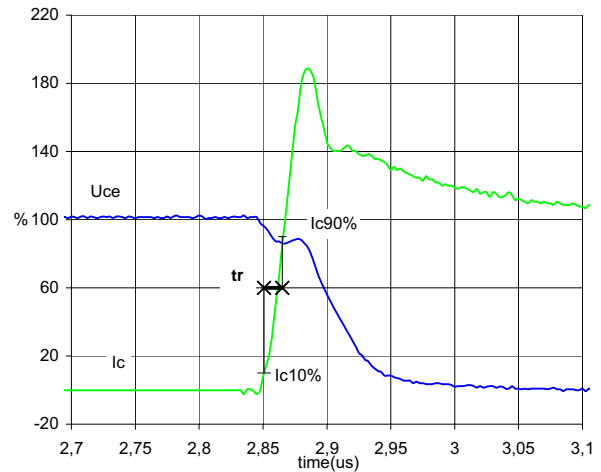
Uge(0%)= 0 V
 Uge(100%)= 15 V
 Uc(100%)= 300 V
 Ic(100%)= 14,9 A
 $t_{don} = 0,01\ \mu\text{s}$
 $t_{Eon} = 0,16\ \mu\text{s}$

Figure 3. Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_f
 Output inverter IGBT



Uc(100%)= 300 V
 Ic(100%)= 15 A
 $t_f = 0,091\ \mu\text{s}$

Figure 4. Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r
 Output inverter IGBT



Uc(100%)= 300 V
 Ic(100%)= 14,9 A
 $t_r = 0,015\ \mu\text{s}$

Switching definitions

Figure 5. Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Eoff}
Output inverter IGBT

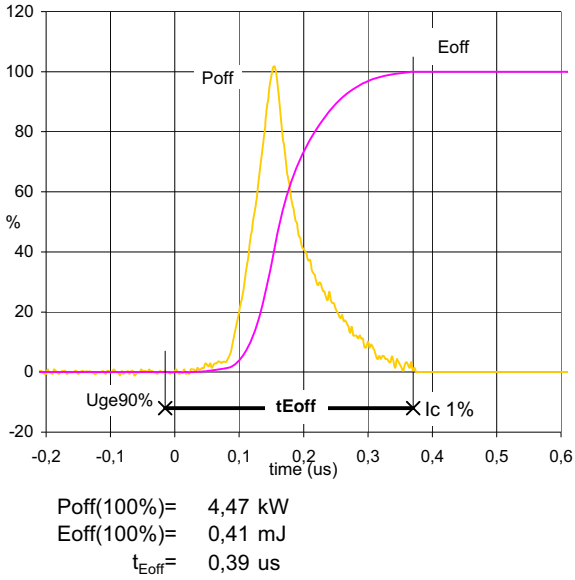


Figure 6. Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Eon}
Output inverter IGBT

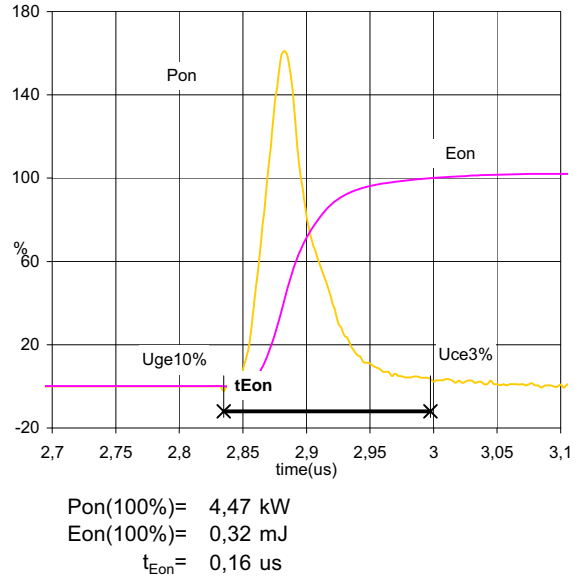


Figure 7. Gate voltage vs Gate charge
Output inverter IGBT

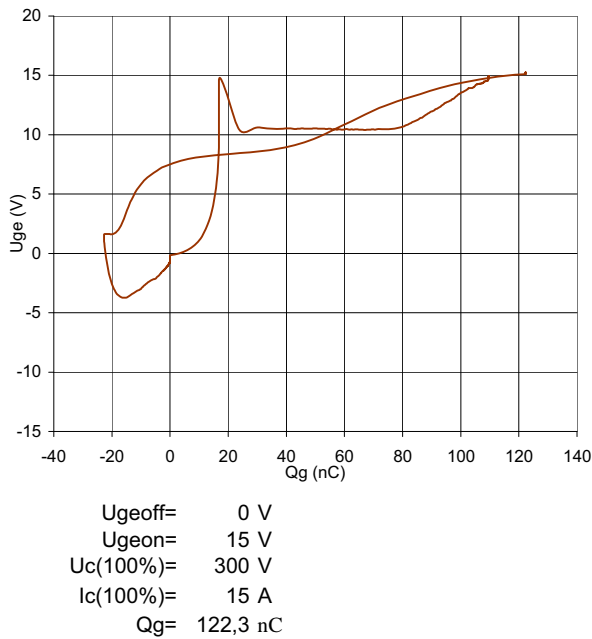
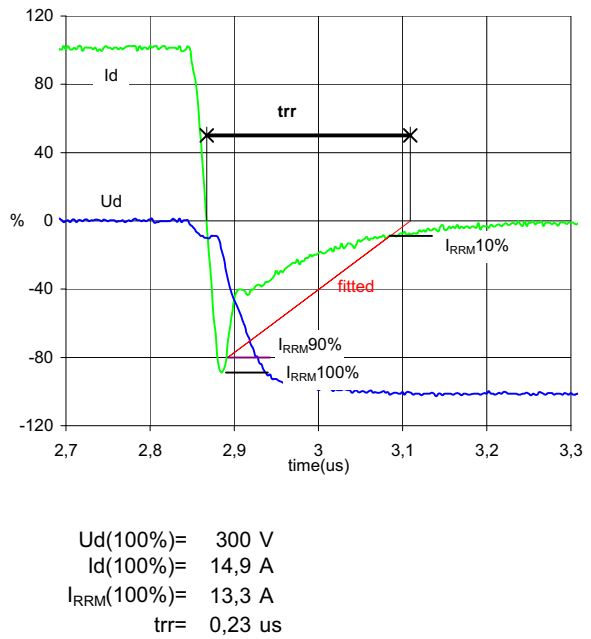
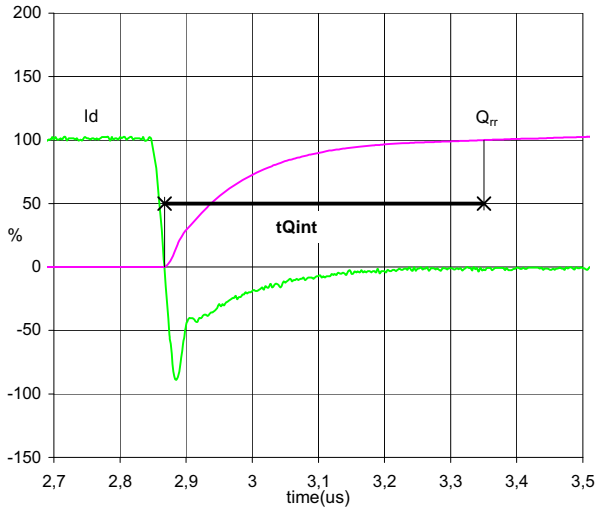


Figure 8. Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{rr}
Output inverter FRED



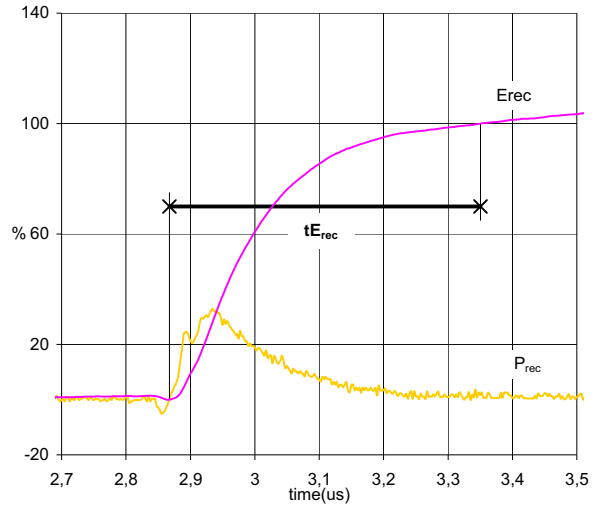
Switching definitions

Figure 9. Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Qrr}
(t_{Qrr} = integrating time for Q_{rr})
Output inverter FRED



Id(100%)= 15 A
 Qrr(100%)= 1,055 uC
 tQint= 0,48 us

Figure 10. Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Erec}
(t_{Erec} = integrating time for E_{rec})
Output inverter FRED



Prec(100%)= 4,47 kW
 Erec(100%)= 0,22 mJ
 tErec= 0,48 us